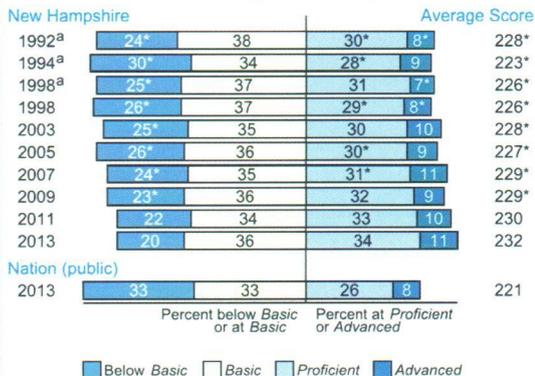


Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in New Hampshire was 232. This was higher than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in New Hampshire in 2013 (232) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (230) and was higher than their average score in 1992 (228).
- The score gap between higher performing students in New Hampshire (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 39 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (39 points).
- The percentage of students in New Hampshire who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 45 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (43 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (38 percent).
- The percentage of students in New Hampshire who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 80 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (78 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (76 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

^a Accommodations not permitted. For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx>.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2013 to Other States/Jurisdictions

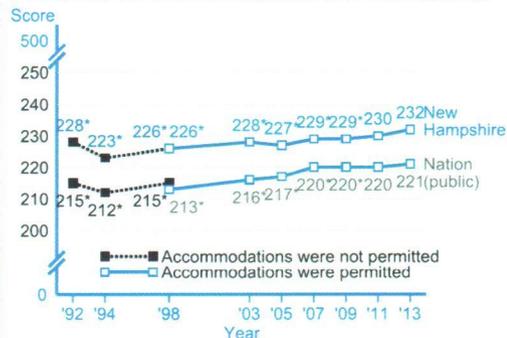


¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

In 2013, the average score in **New Hampshire** (232) was

- lower than those in 0 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 46 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 5 states/jurisdictions

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx>.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

| Reporting Groups | Percent of students | Avg. score | Percentages at or above | | Percent at Advanced |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| | | | Basic | Proficient | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | | |
| White | 89 | 233 | 82 | 46 | 11 |
| Black | 2 | 215 | 62 | 27 | 3 |
| Hispanic | 4 | 209 | 54 | 18 | 3 |
| Asian | 4 | 237 | 78 | 50 | 19 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Two or more races | 1 | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Male | 51 | 229 | 77 | 40 | 9 |
| Female | 49 | 235 | 84 | 49 | 12 |
| National School Lunch Program | | | | | |
| Eligible | 28 | 216 | 64 | 24 | 3 |
| Not eligible | 72 | 238 | 87 | 53 | 14 |

Rounds to zero. ‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 18 points lower than White students. Data are not reported for Black students in 1992, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1992, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2013, female students in New Hampshire had an average score that was higher than male students by 7 points.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 22 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (19 points).

NOTE: Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2013 Reading Assessments.