Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wore a Seat Belt,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
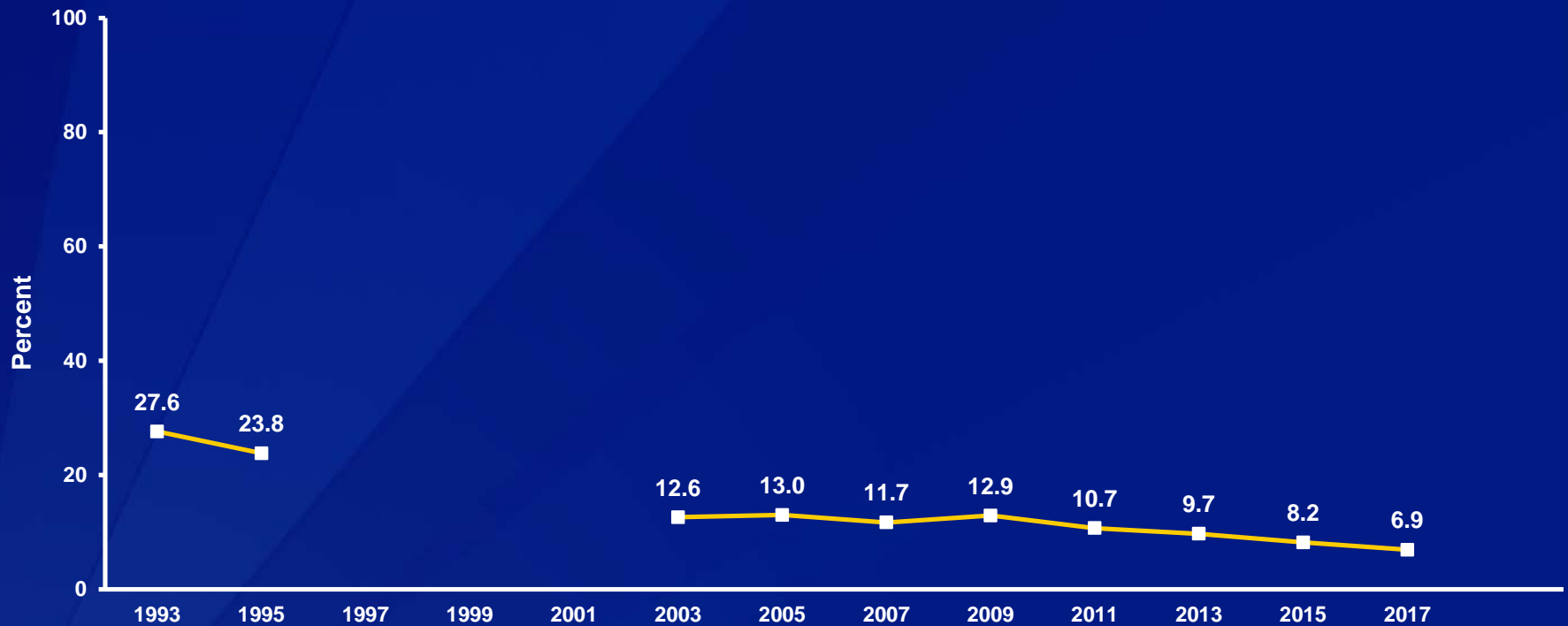
*When riding in a car driven by someone else
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; B > W, H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN8

Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wore a Seat Belt,* 1993-2017[†]
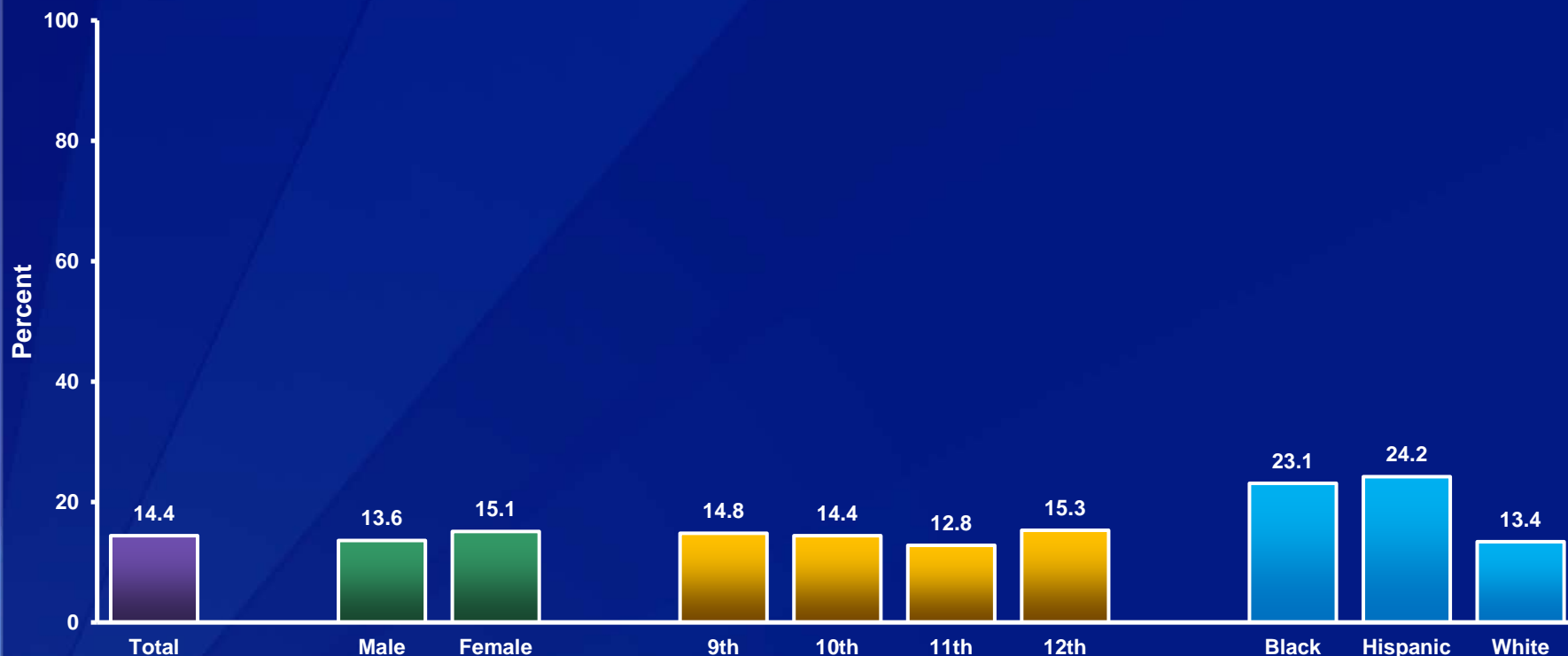

*When riding in a car driven by someone else
[†]Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN8

Percentage of High School Students Who Rode with a Driver Who Had Been Drinking Alcohol,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
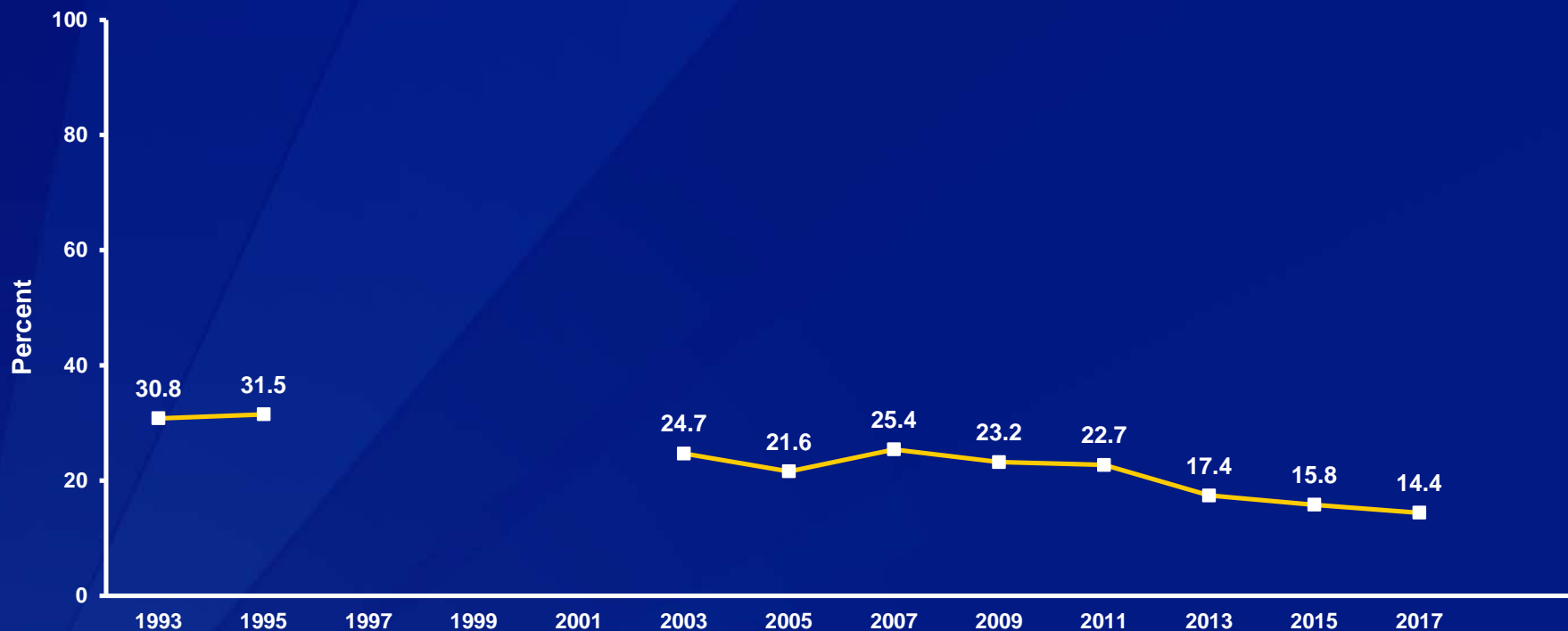
*In a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey
†12th > 11th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN9

Percentage of High School Students Who Rode with a Driver Who Had Been Drinking Alcohol,* 1993-2017[†]

*In a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey
[†]Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN9

Percentage of High School Students Who Drove a Car or Other Vehicle When They Had Been Drinking Alcohol,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	5.8
Male	6.8
Female	4.5
9th	4.9
10th	3.0
11th	6.1
12th	7.5
Black	12.4
Hispanic	17.8
White	4.9

*One or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey

†M > F; 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN10

Percentage of High School Students Who Drove a Car or Other Vehicle When They Had Been Drinking Alcohol,* 2013-2017[†]
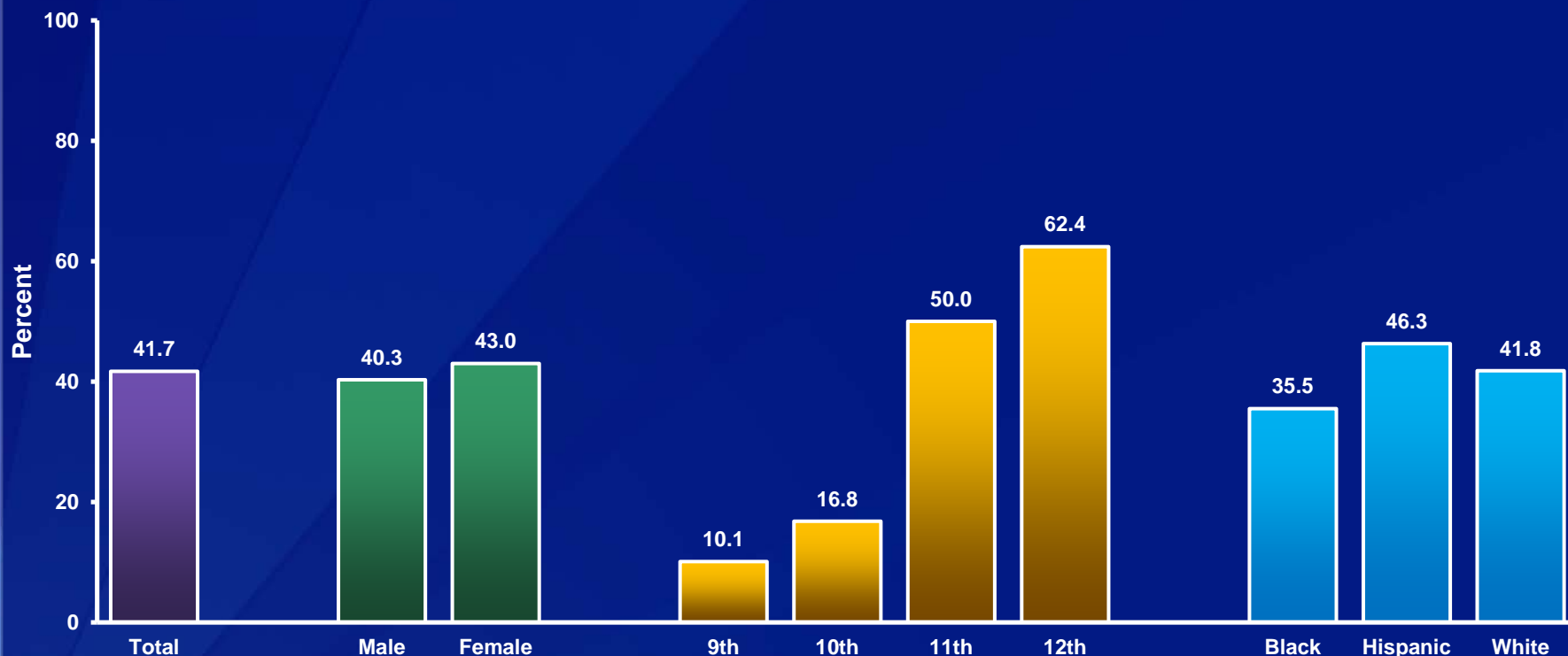
*One or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey
[†]Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN10

Percentage of High School Students Who Texted or E-Mailed While Driving a Car or Other Vehicle,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Category	Percent
Total	41.7
Male	40.3
Female	43.0
9th	10.1
10th	16.8
11th	50.0
12th	62.4
Black	35.5
Hispanic	46.3
White	41.8

*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey

†10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN11

Percentage of High School Students Who Texted or E-Mailed While Driving a Car or Other Vehicle,* 2013-2017[†]
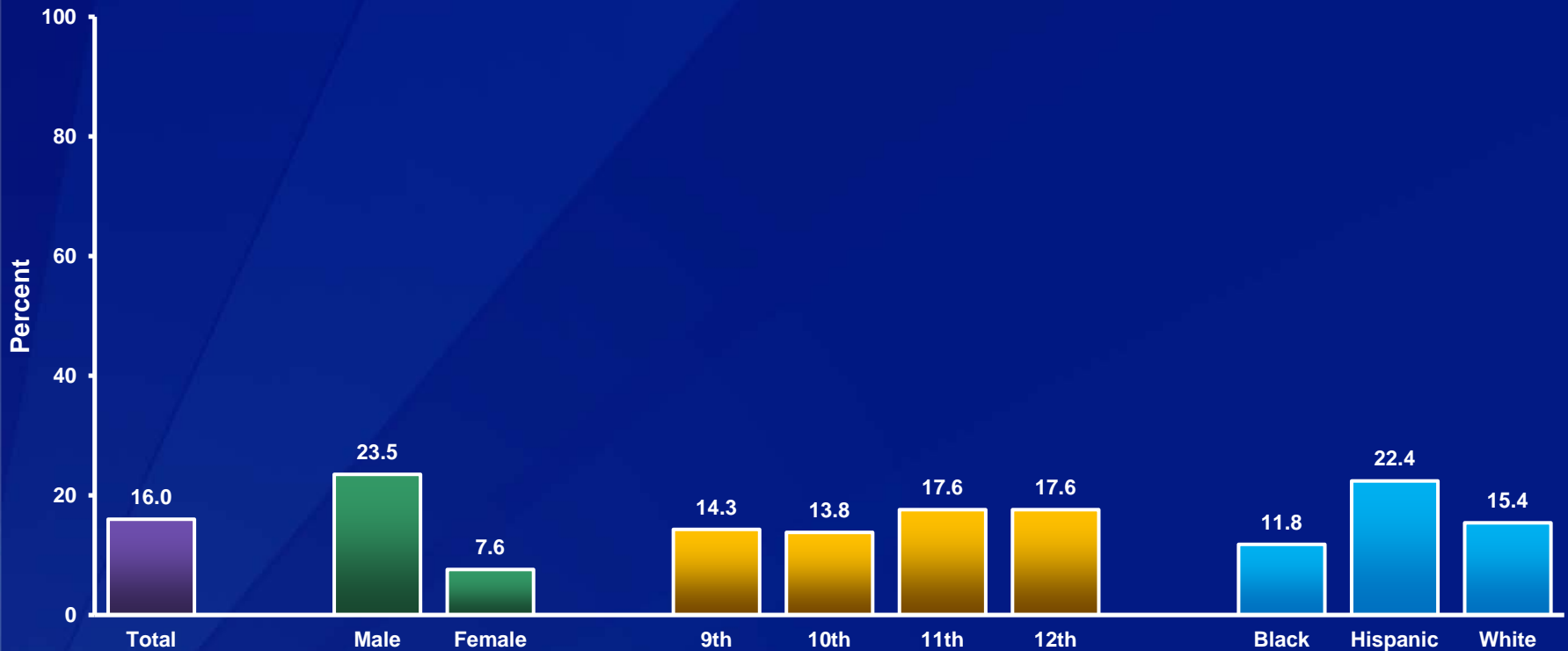

*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey

[†]Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN11

Percentage of High School Students Who Carried a Weapon,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN12

Percentage of High School Students Who Carried a Weapon on School Property,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	3.6
Male	5.1
Female	1.7
9th	2.3
10th	2.5
11th	4.6
12th	4.5
Black	5.1
Hispanic	8.1
White	3.1

*Such as a gun, knife, or club, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN13

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Go to School Because They Felt Unsafe at School or on Their Way to or from School,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
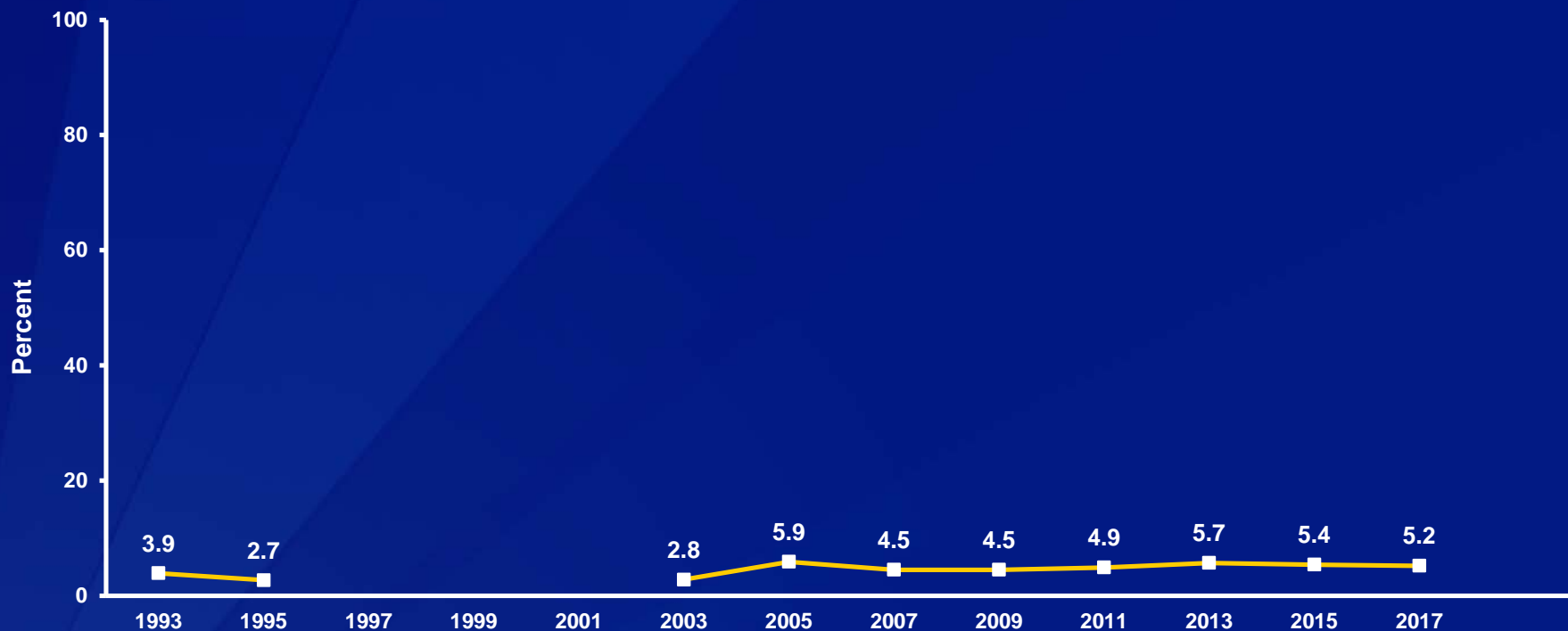
*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 11th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN15

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Go to School Because They Felt Unsafe at School or on Their Way to or from School,* 1993-2017†


*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†Increased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN15

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Threatened or Injured with a Weapon on School Property,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
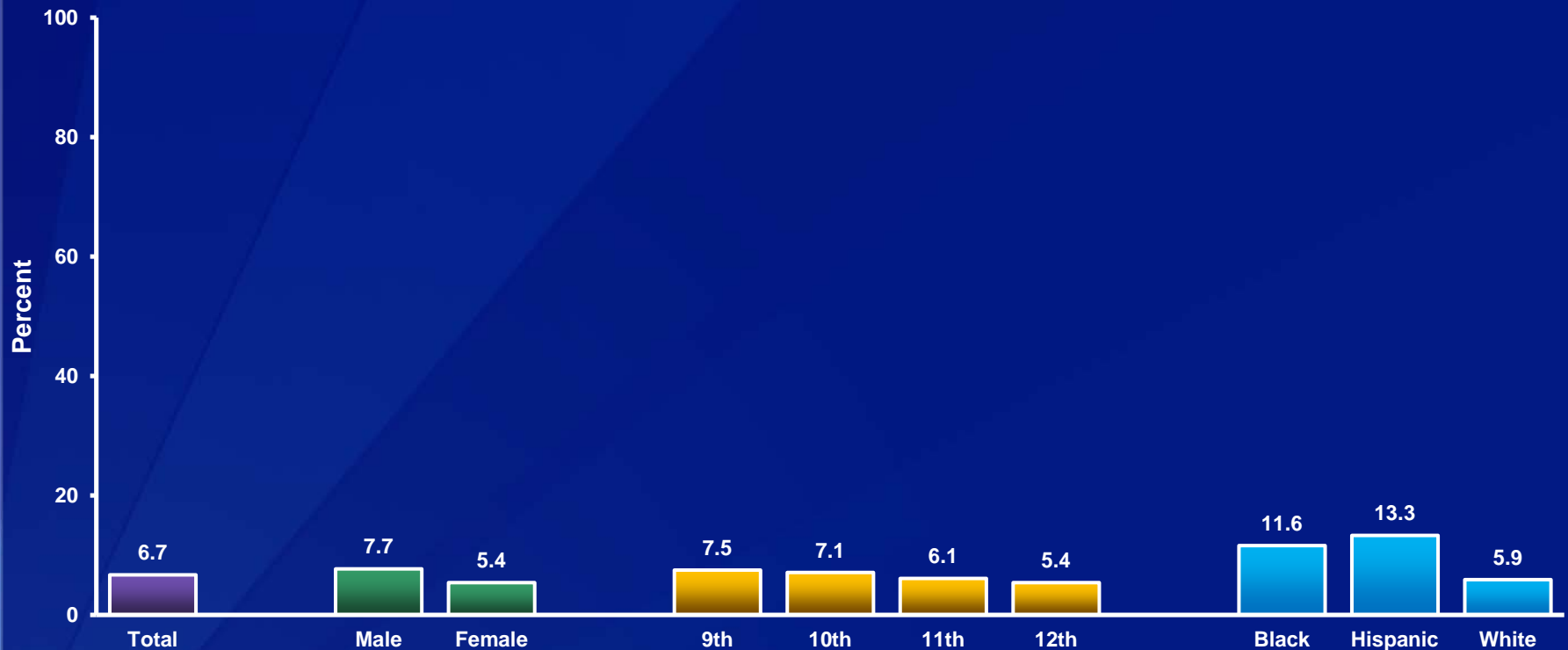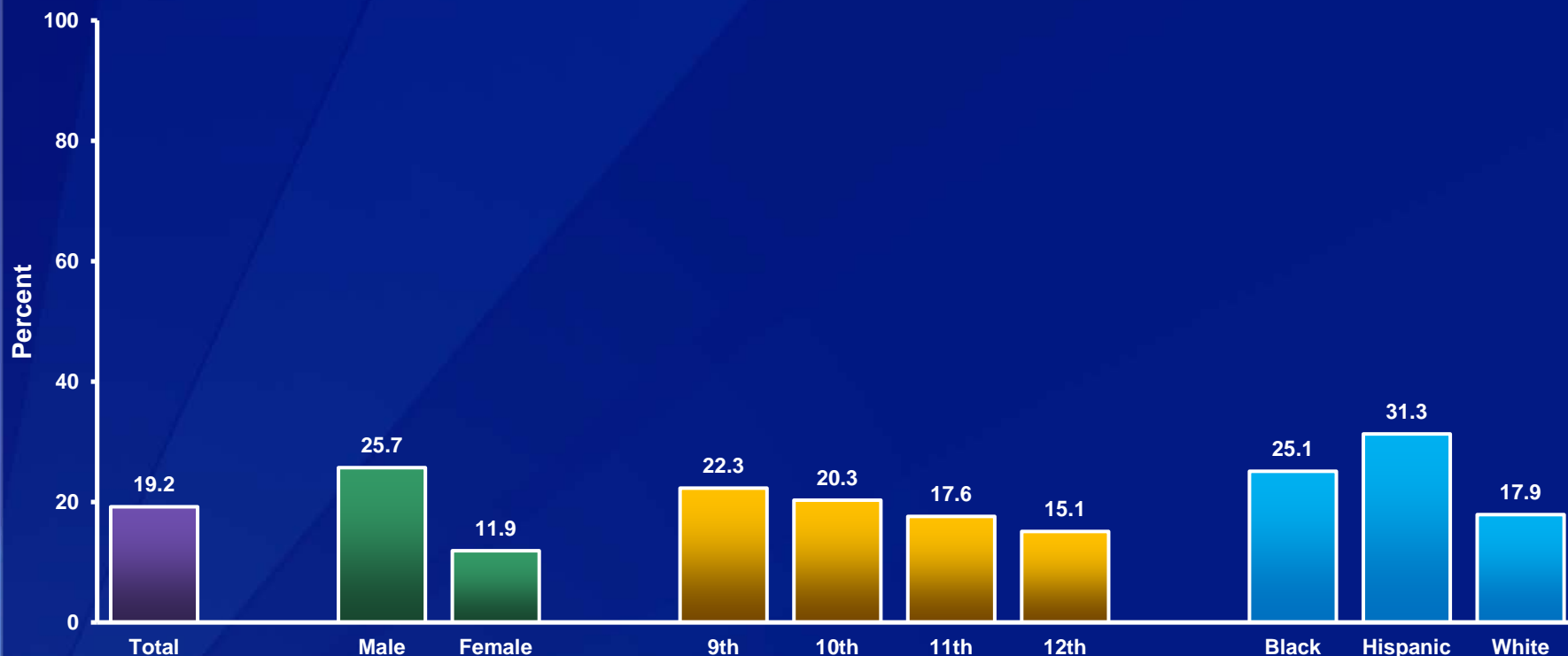

*Such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

Percentage of High School Students Who Were in a Physical Fight,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

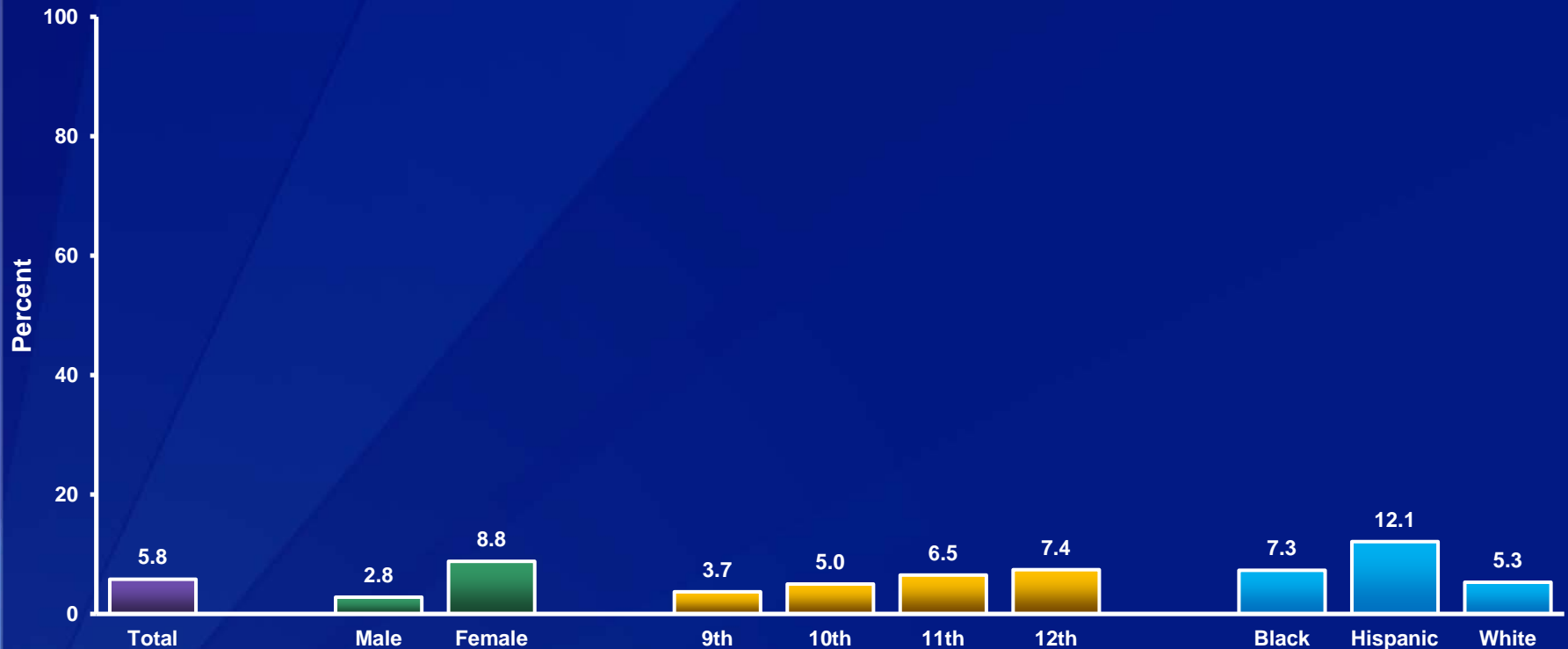| Category	Percent
Total	19.2
Male	25.7
Female	11.9
9th	22.3
10th	20.3
11th	17.6
12th	15.1
Black	25.1
Hispanic	31.3
White	17.9

*One or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN17

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Ever Physically Forced to Have Sexual Intercourse,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
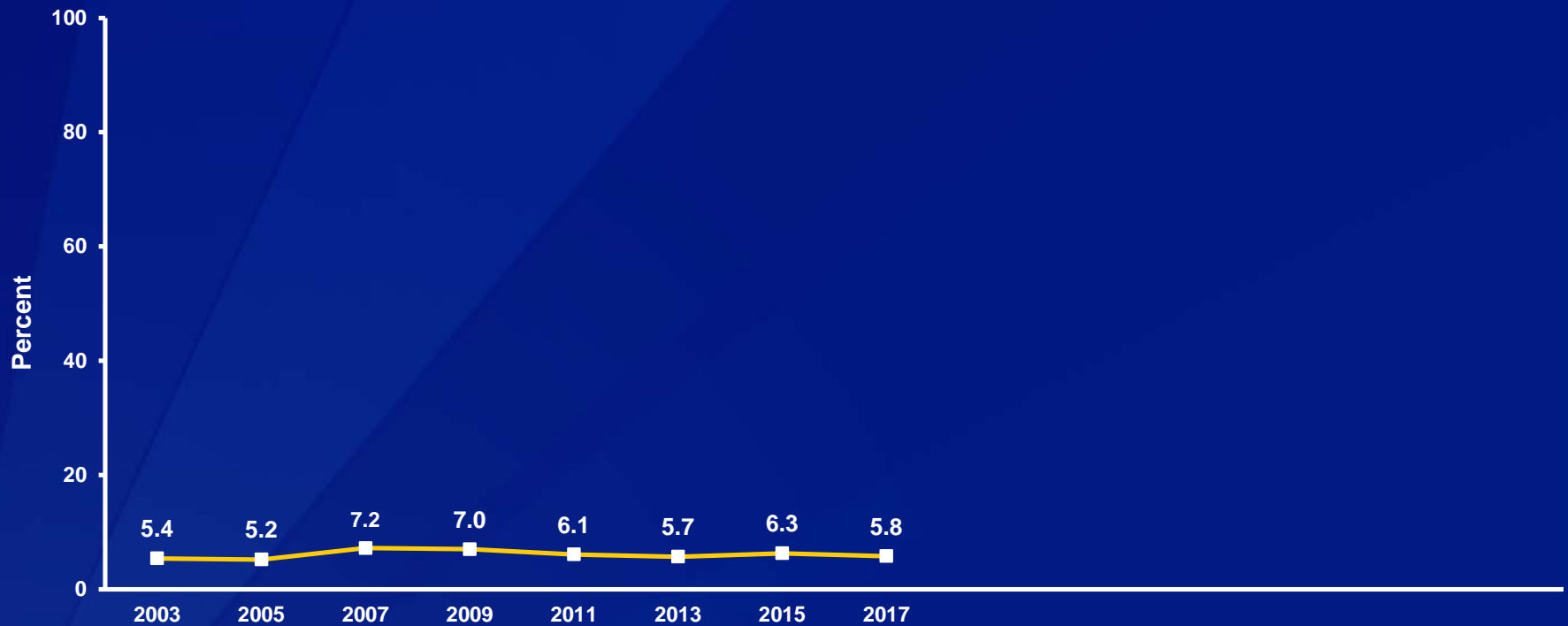
*When they did not want to
†F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN19

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Ever Physically Forced to Have Sexual Intercourse,* 2003-2017†
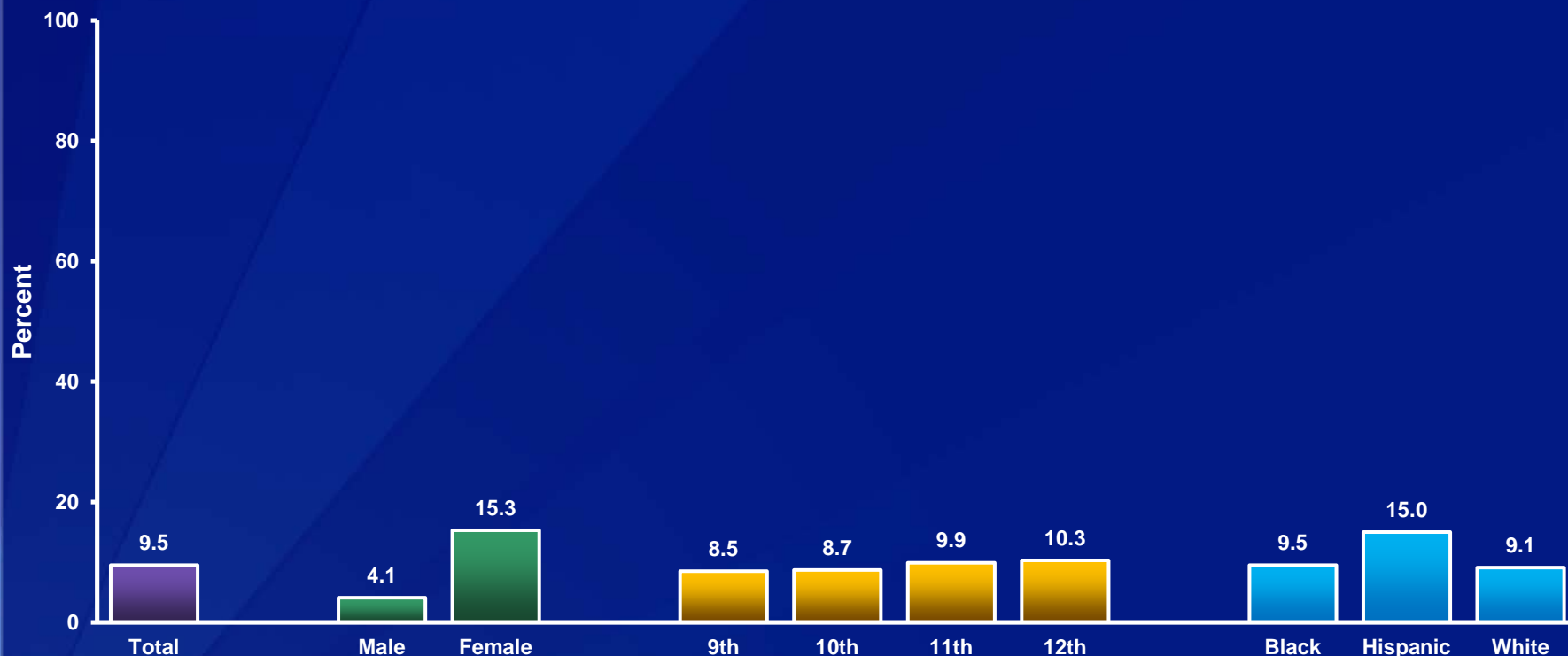

*When they did not want to

†No change 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

Percentage of High School Students Who Experienced Sexual Violence,* by Sex,[†] Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,[†] 2017
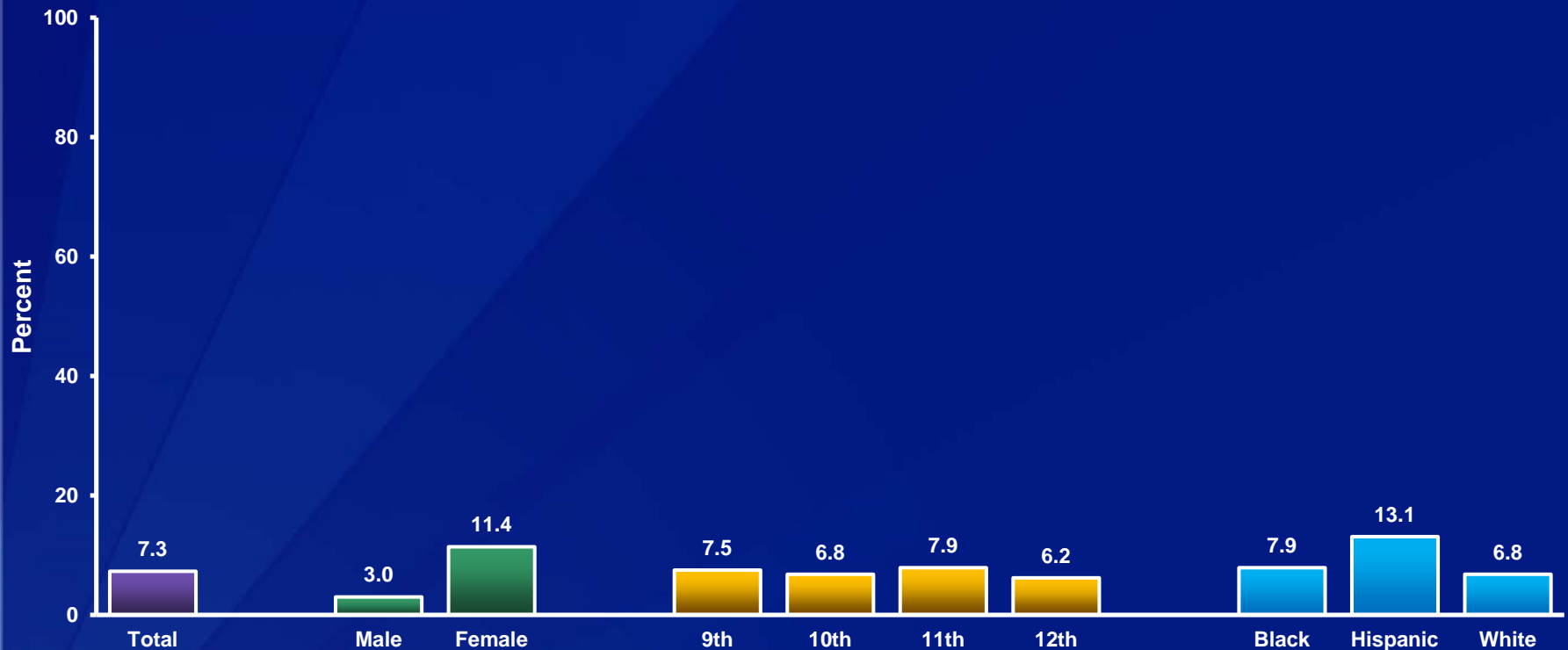

*Being forced by anyone to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey
[†]F > M; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN20

Percentage of High School Students Who Experienced Sexual Dating Violence,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	7.3
Male	3.0
Female	11.4
9th	7.5
10th	6.8
11th	7.9
12th	6.2
Black	7.9
Hispanic	13.1
White	6.8

*Being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN21

Percentage of High School Students Who Experienced Sexual Dating Violence,* 2013-2017†
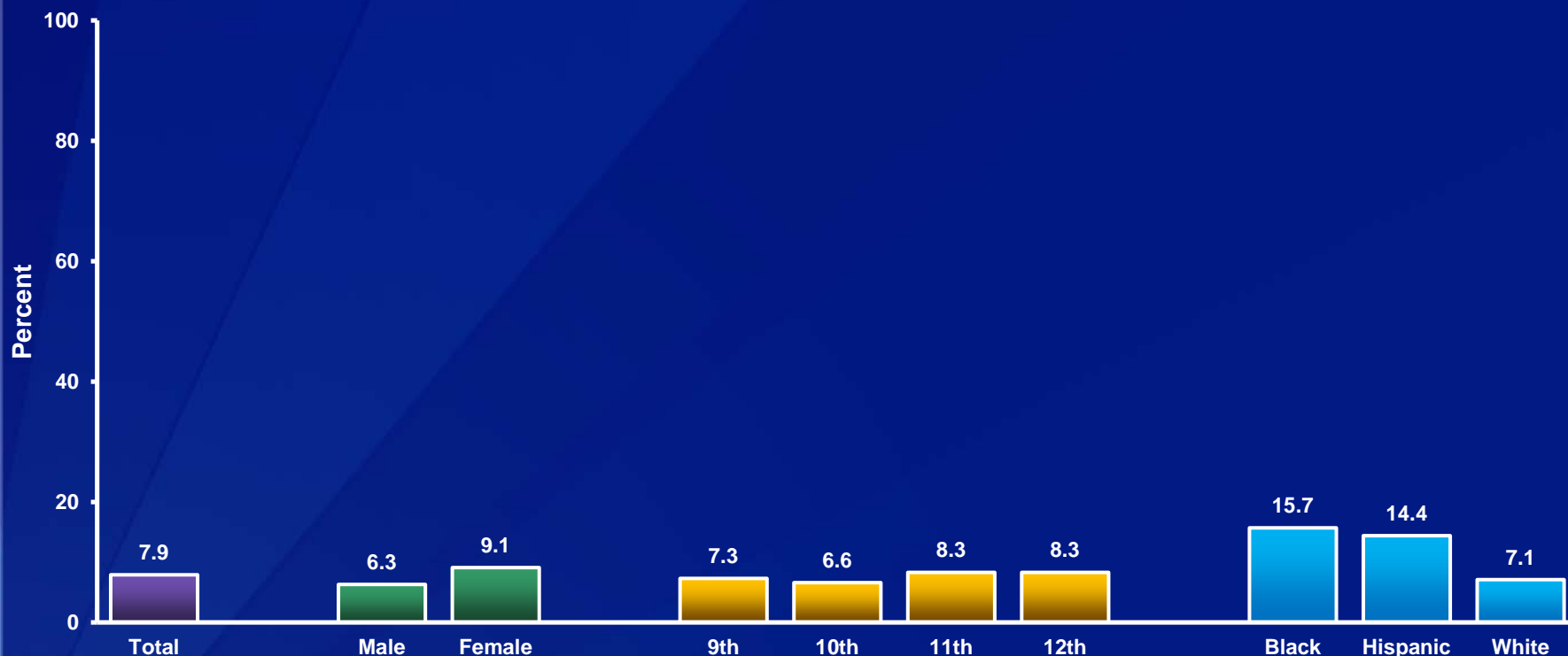

*Being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

Percentage of High School Students Who Experienced Physical Dating Violence,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	7.9
Male	6.3
Female	9.1
9th	7.3
10th	6.6
11th	8.3
12th	8.3
Black	15.7
Hispanic	14.4
White	7.1

*Being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN22

Percentage of High School Students Who Experienced Physical Dating Violence,* 2013-2017[†]

Percent

- 100
- 80
- 60
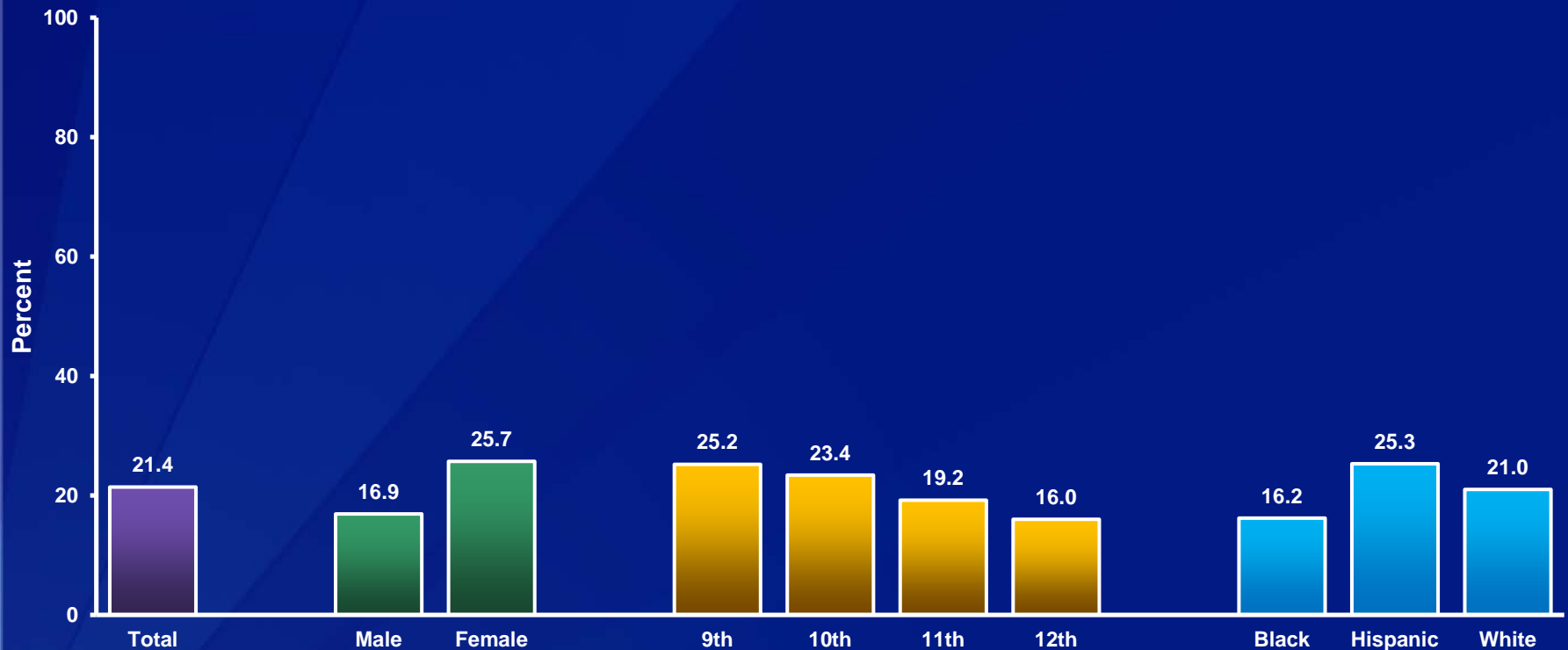- 40
- 20
- 0

7.4   7.8   7.9

2013   2015   2017

*Being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN22

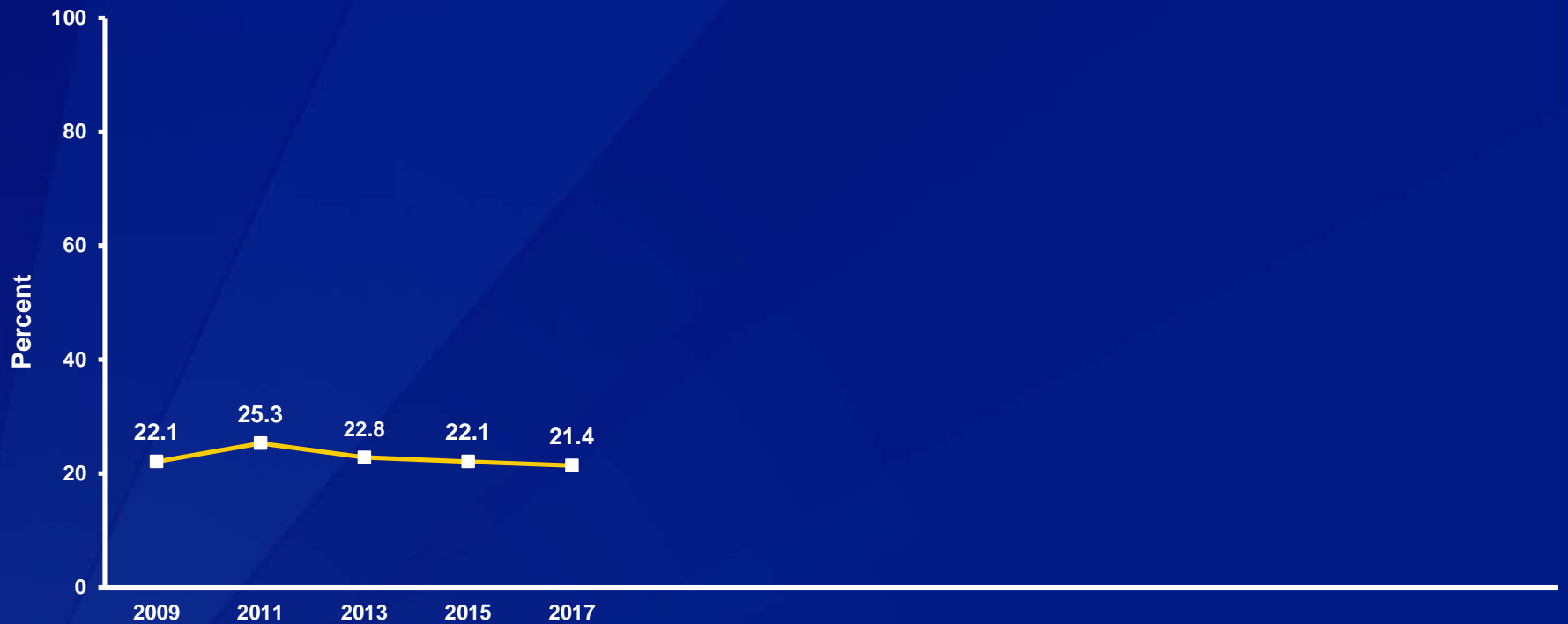Percentage of High School Students Who Were Bullied on School Property,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Ever during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN23

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Bullied on School Property,* 2009-2017[†]
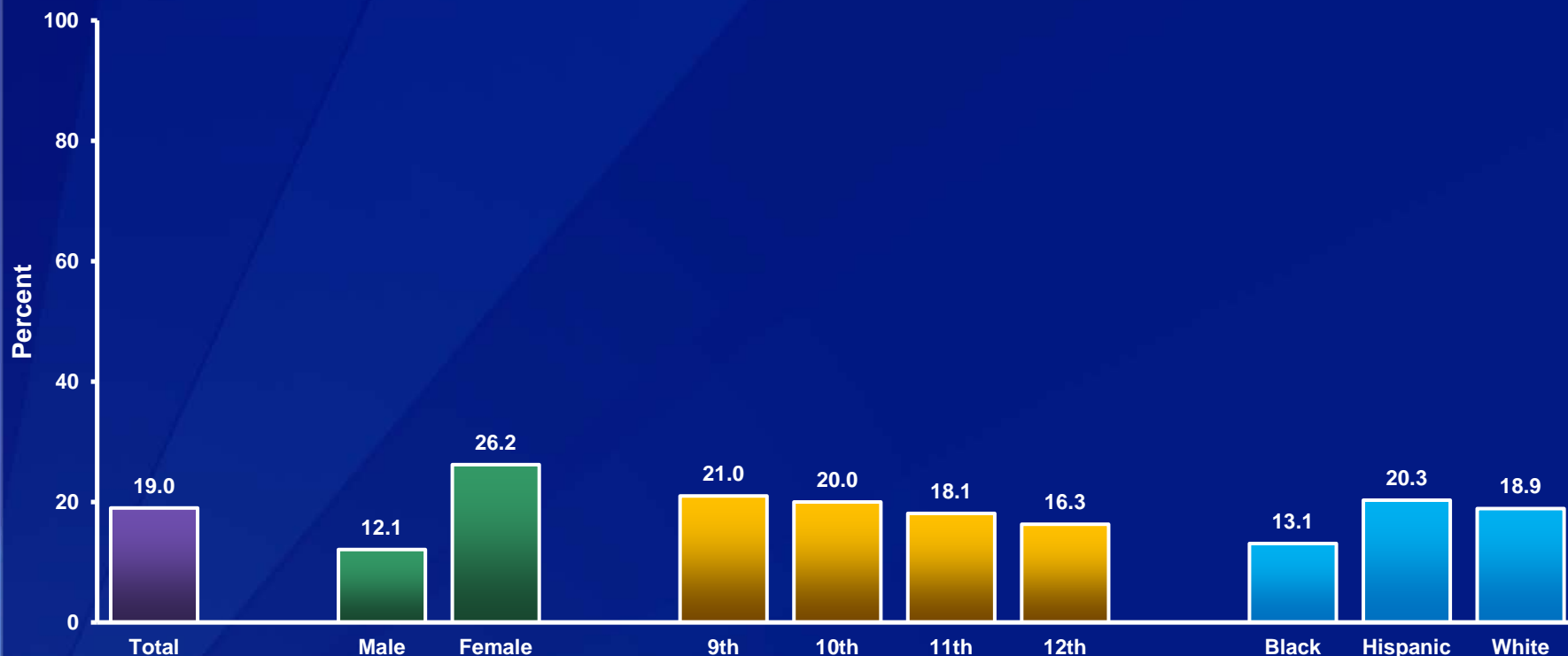
*Ever during the 12 months before the survey
[†]No change 2009-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2009-2017 - QN23

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Electronically Bullied,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Percent

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
19.0	12.1	26.2	21.0	20.0	18.1	16.3	13.1	20.3	18.9

*Counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN24

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Electronically Bullied,* 2011-2017†

Percent

- 2011: 21.6
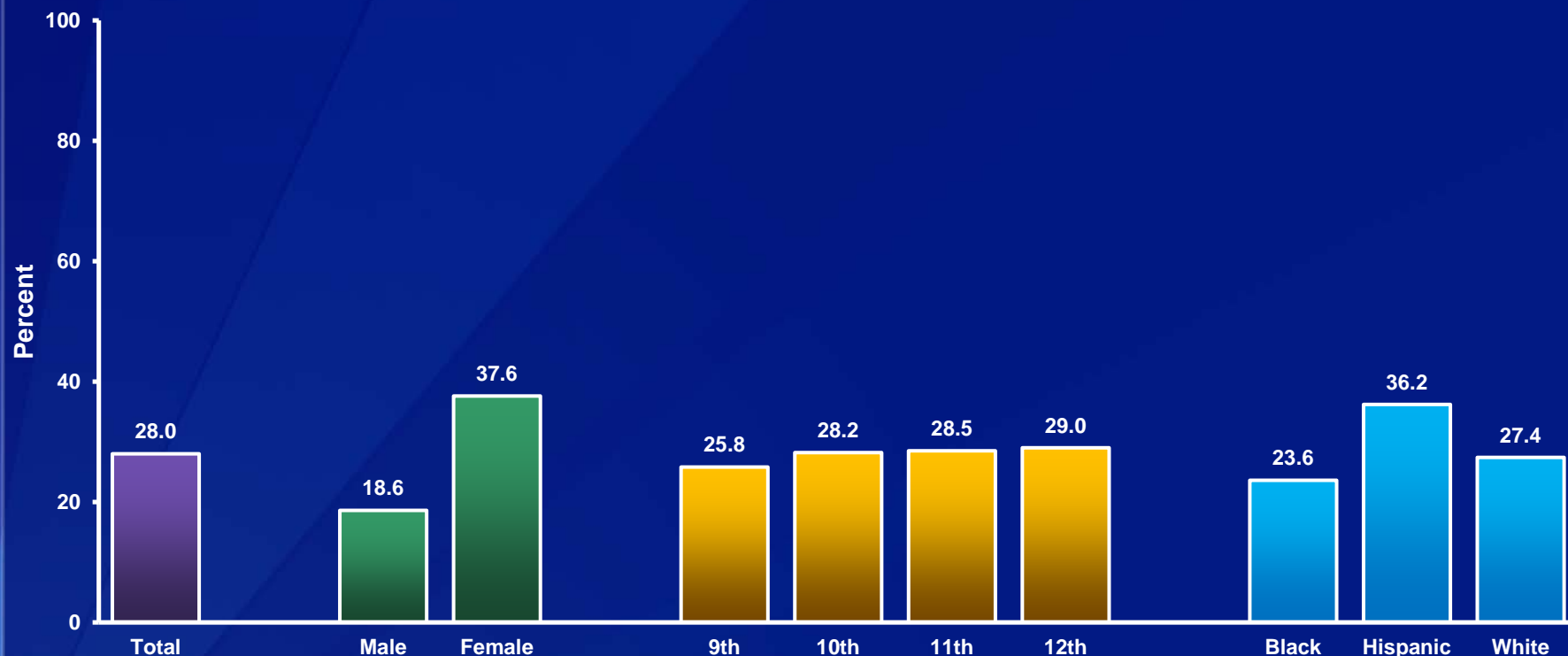- 2013: 18.1
- 2015: 18.6
- 2017: 19.0

*Counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2011-2017 - QN24

Percentage of High School Students Who Felt Sad or Hopeless,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Total: 28.0
Male: 18.6
Female: 37.6
9th: 25.8
10th: 28.2
11th: 28.5
12th: 29.0
Black: 23.6
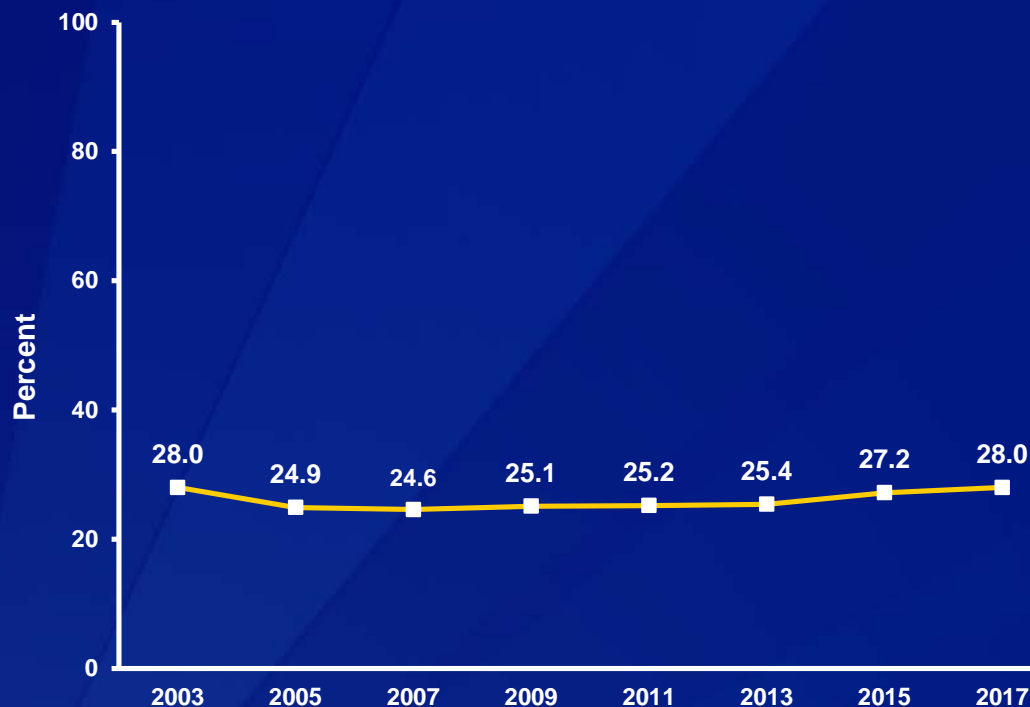Hispanic: 36.2
White: 27.4

*Almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 12th > 9th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN25

Percentage of High School Students Who Felt Sad or Hopeless,* 2003-2017†

Percent

| Year	Percent
2003	28.0
2005	24.9
2007	24.6
2009	25.1
2011	25.2
2013	25.4
2015	27.2
2017	28.0

*Almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey

†No change, 2003-2007, increased, 2007-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QN25

Percentage of High School Students Who Seriously Considered Attempting Suicide,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
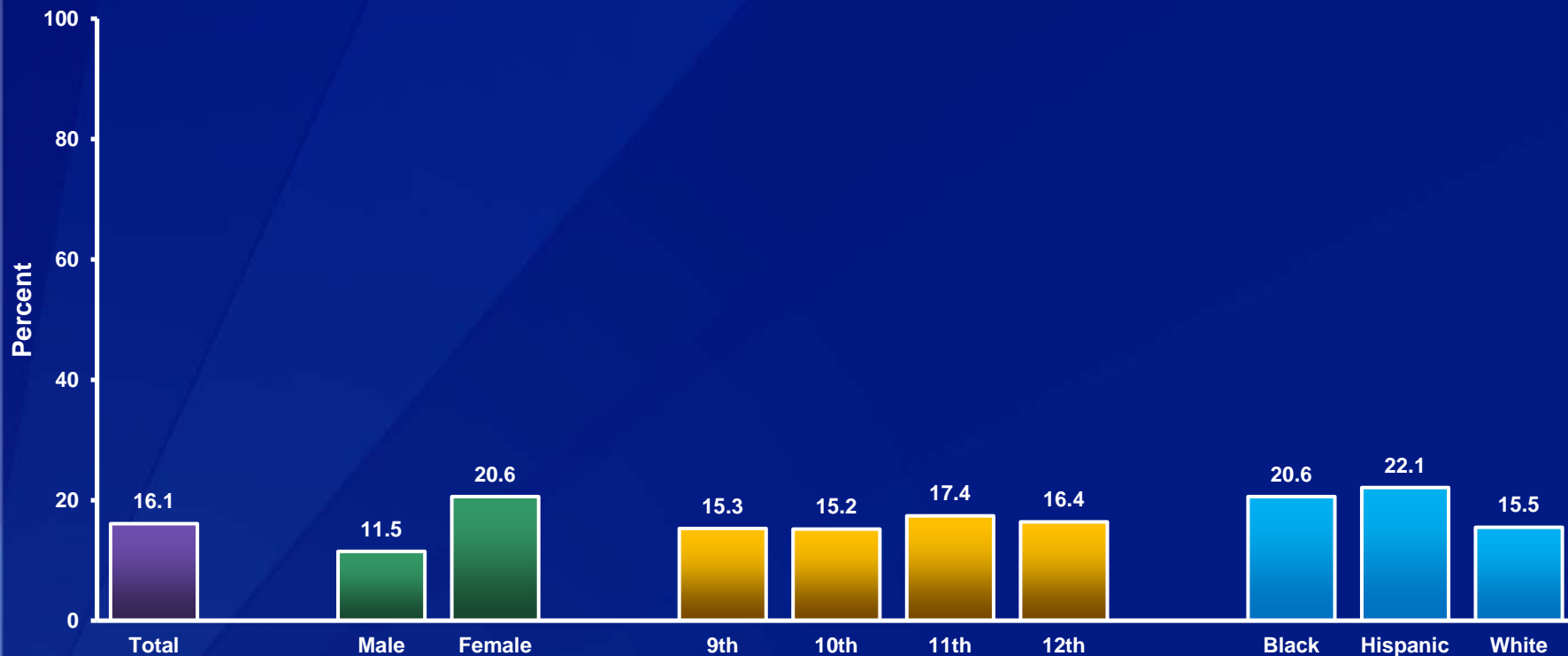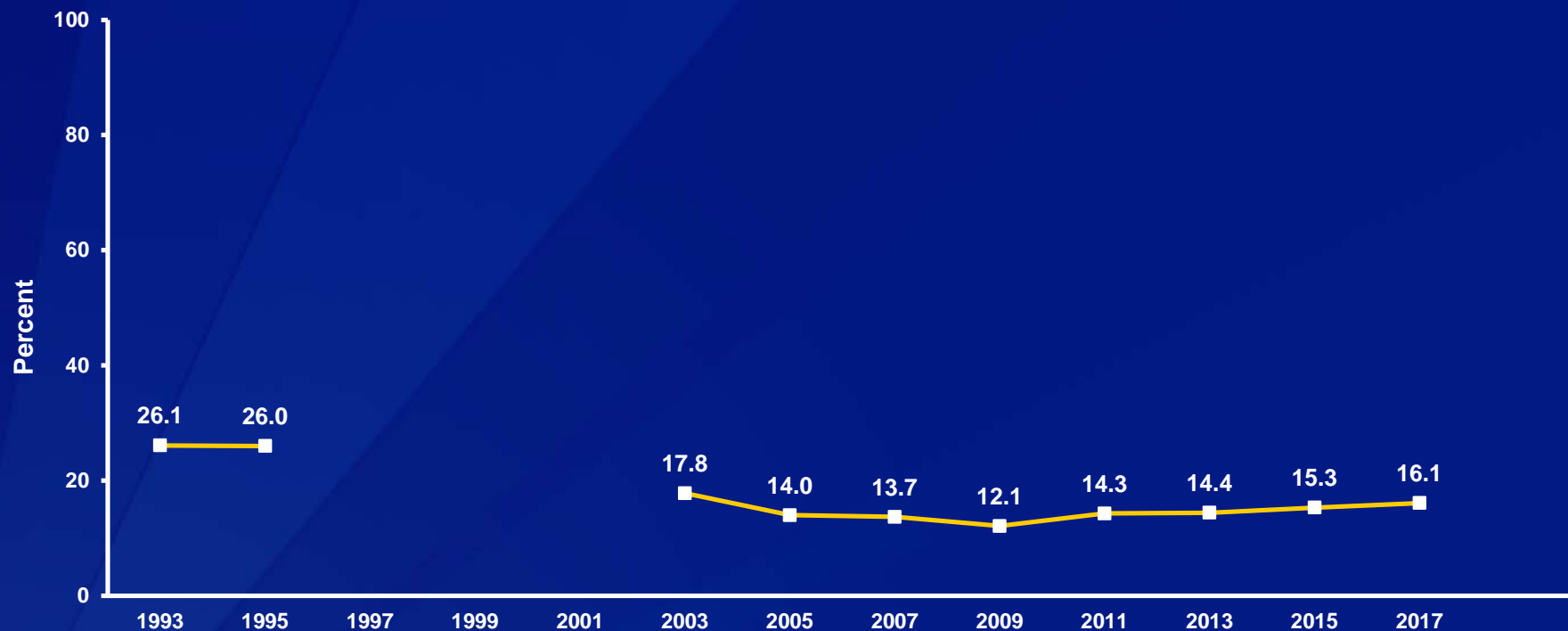
*Ever during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN26

Percentage of High School Students Who Seriously Considered Attempting Suicide,* 1993-2017†

*Ever during the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2009, increased 2009-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN26

Percentage of High School Students Who Attempted Suicide,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

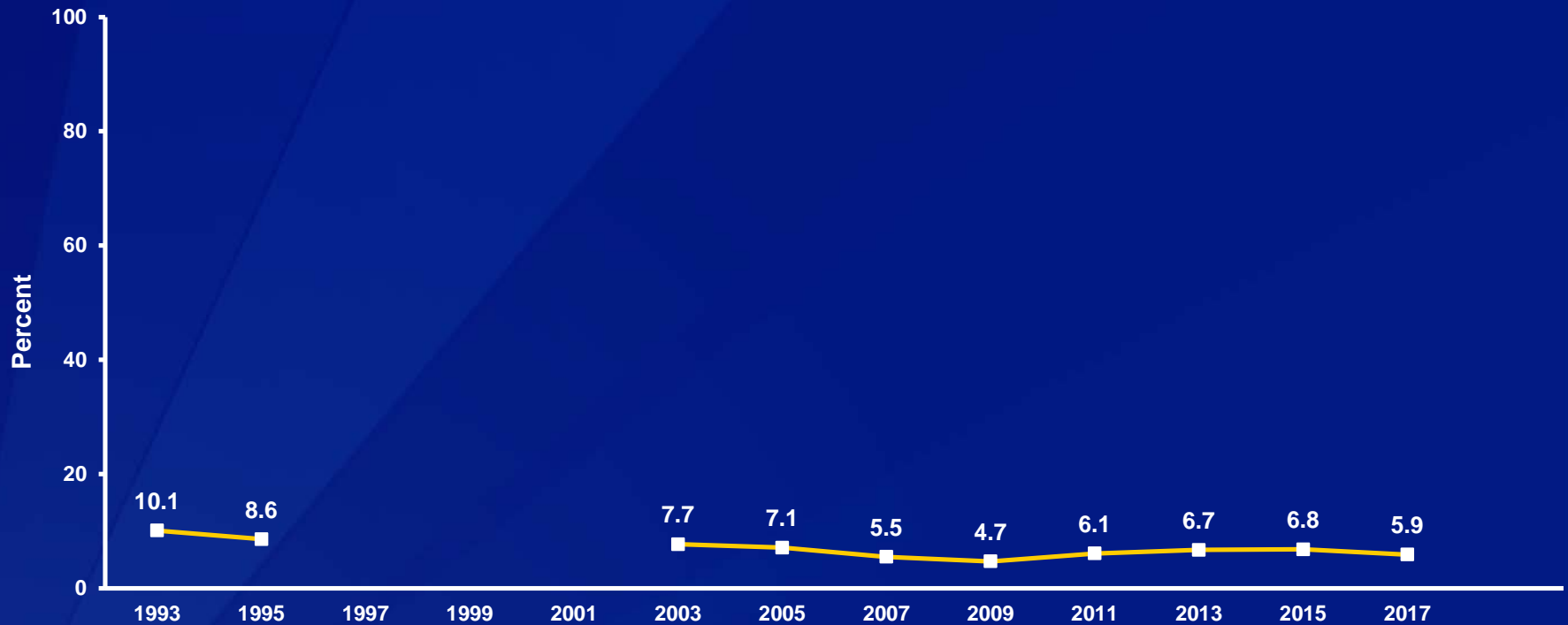| Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
5.9	4.0	7.7	6.7	5.4	6.5	4.6	10.7	12.9	5.1

*One or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 11th > 12th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN28

Percentage of High School Students Who Attempted Suicide,* 1993-2017†

Percent values by year:
- 1993: 10.1
- 1995: 8.6
- 2003: 7.7
- 2005: 7.1
- 2007: 5.5
- 2009: 4.7
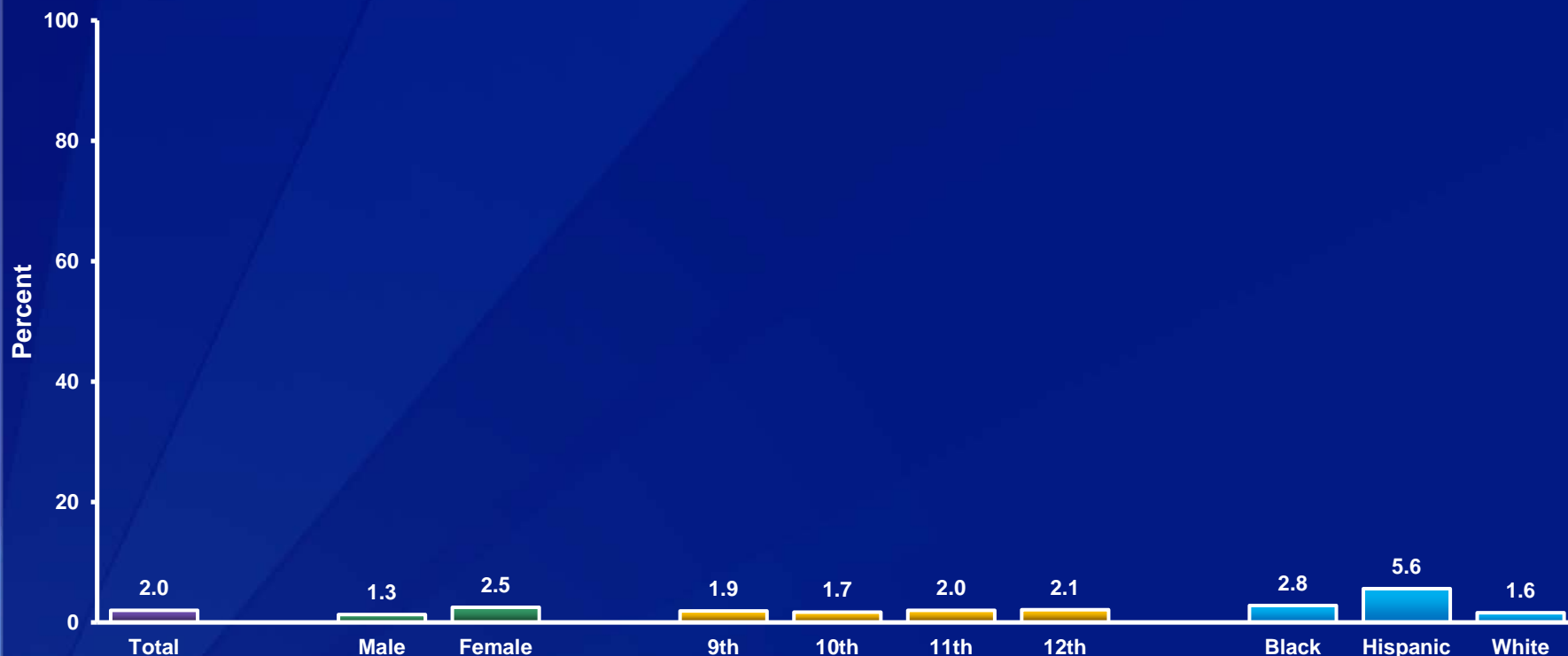- 2011: 6.1
- 2013: 6.7
- 2015: 6.8
- 2017: 5.9

*One or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2007, no change 2007-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN28

Percentage of High School Students Who Had a Suicide Attempt That Resulted in an Injury, Poisoning, or Overdose That Had to Be Treated by a Doctor or Nurse,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
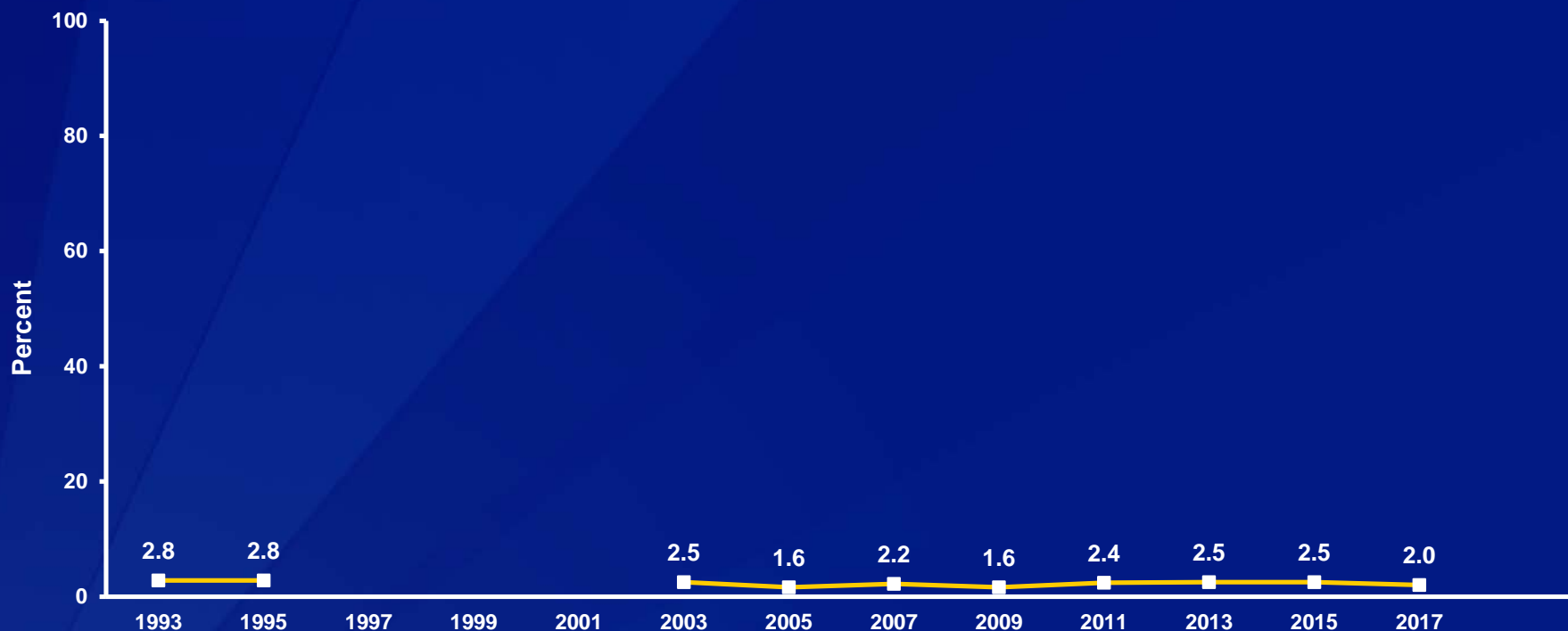
*During the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN29

Percentage of High School Students Who Had a Suicide Attempt That Resulted in an Injury, Poisoning, or Overdose That Had to Be Treated by a Doctor or Nurse,* 1993-2017†

Percent

2.8 2.8   2.5 1.6 2.2 1.6 2.4 2.5 2.5 2.0

1993 1995 1997 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017

*During the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN29

Percentage of High School Students Who First Tried Cigarette Smoking Before Age 13 Years,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

|	Value
Total	6.6
Male	7.7
Female	5.2
9th	6.4
10th	5.5
11th	6.8
12th	6.7
Black	9.8
Hispanic	15.7
White	5.7

*Even one or two puffs
†M > F; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN31

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
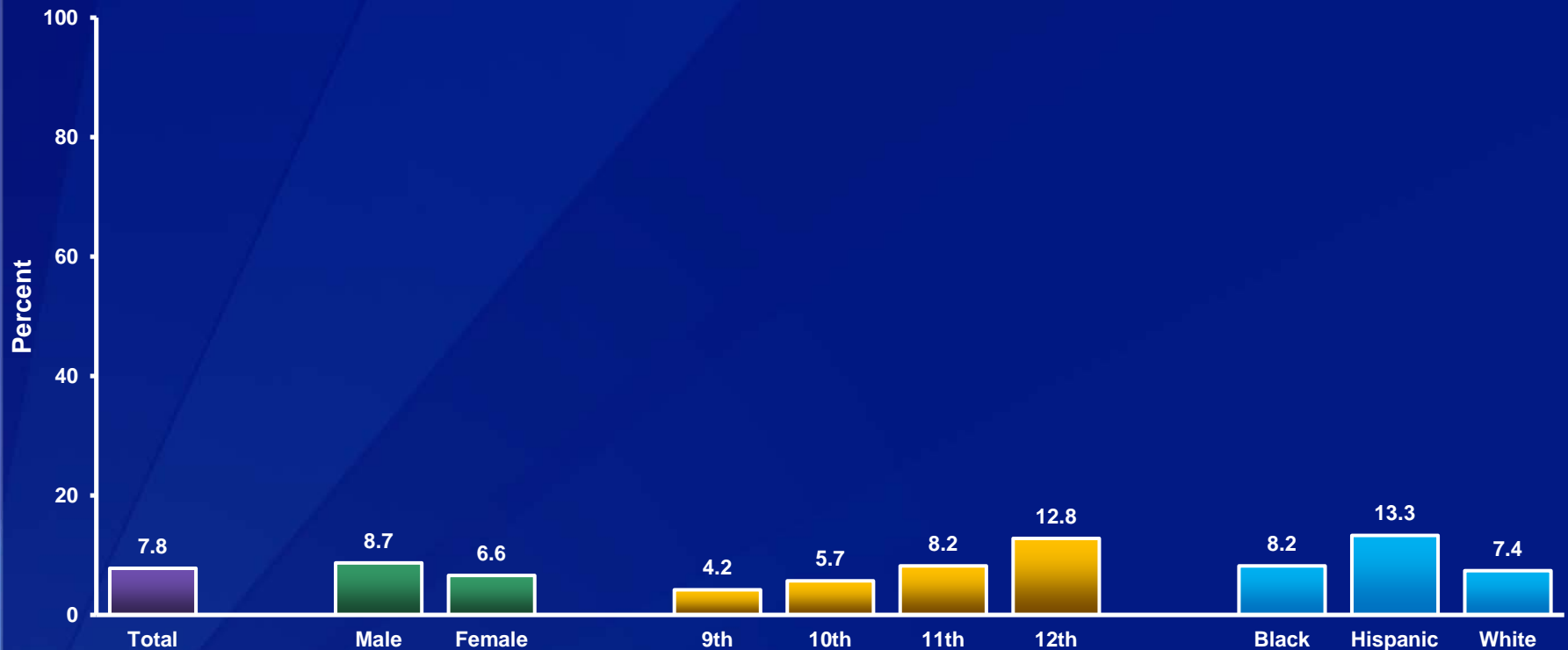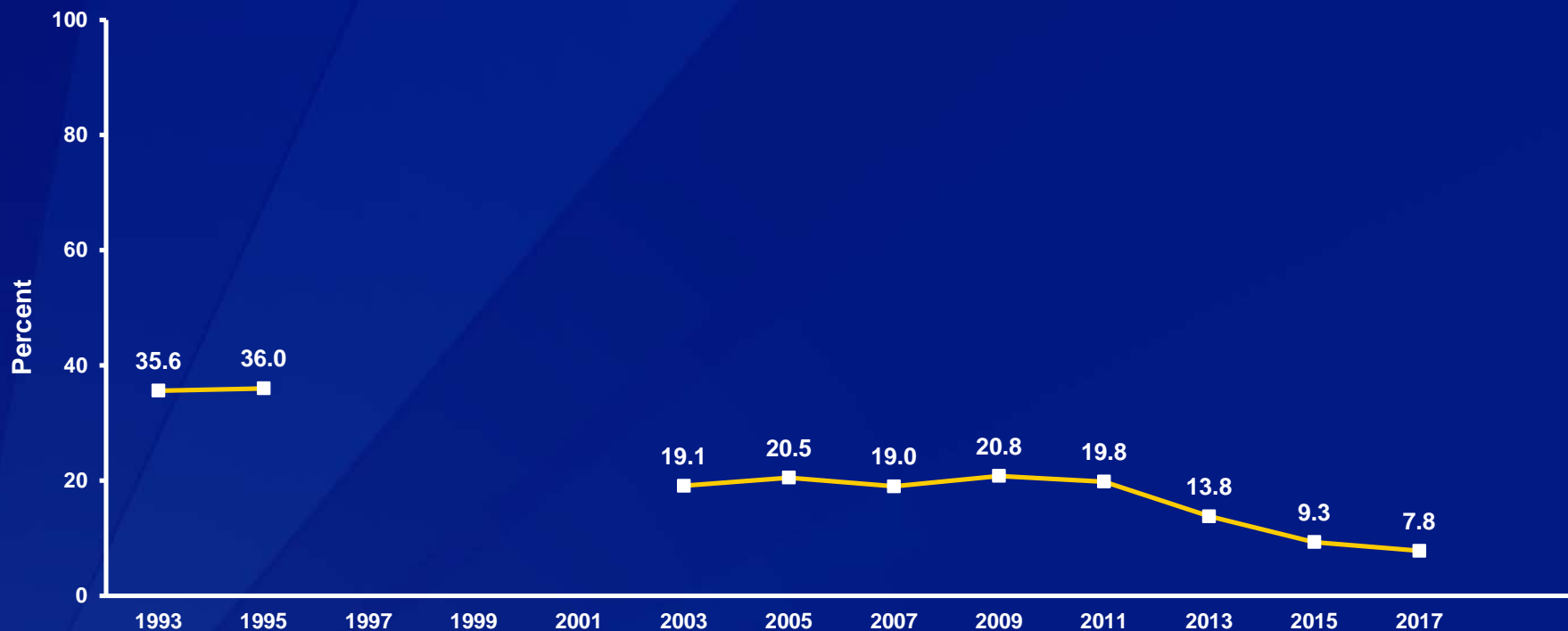
*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN32

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes,* 1993-2017†

Percent

100 — 80 — 60 — 40 — 20 — 0

35.6   36.0

19.1   20.5   19.0   20.8   19.8   13.8   9.3   7.8

1993 1995 1997 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017

*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN32

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes Frequently,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
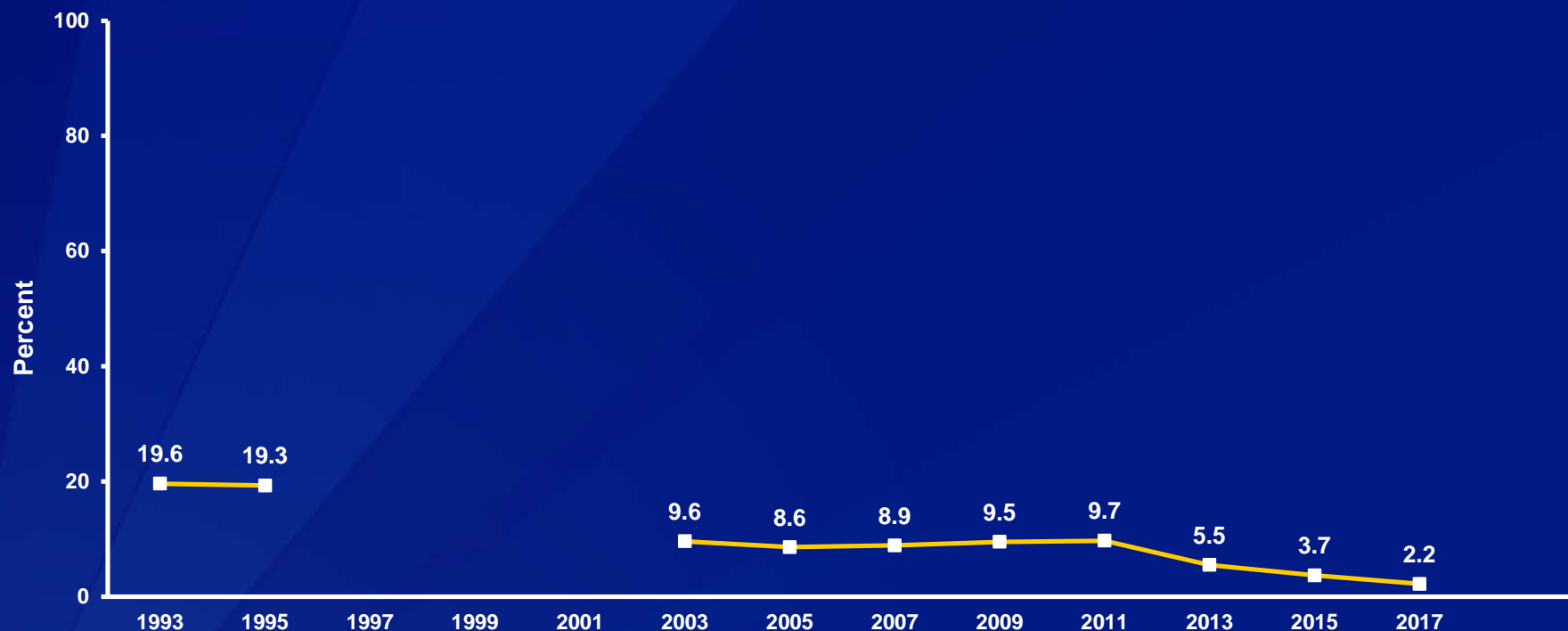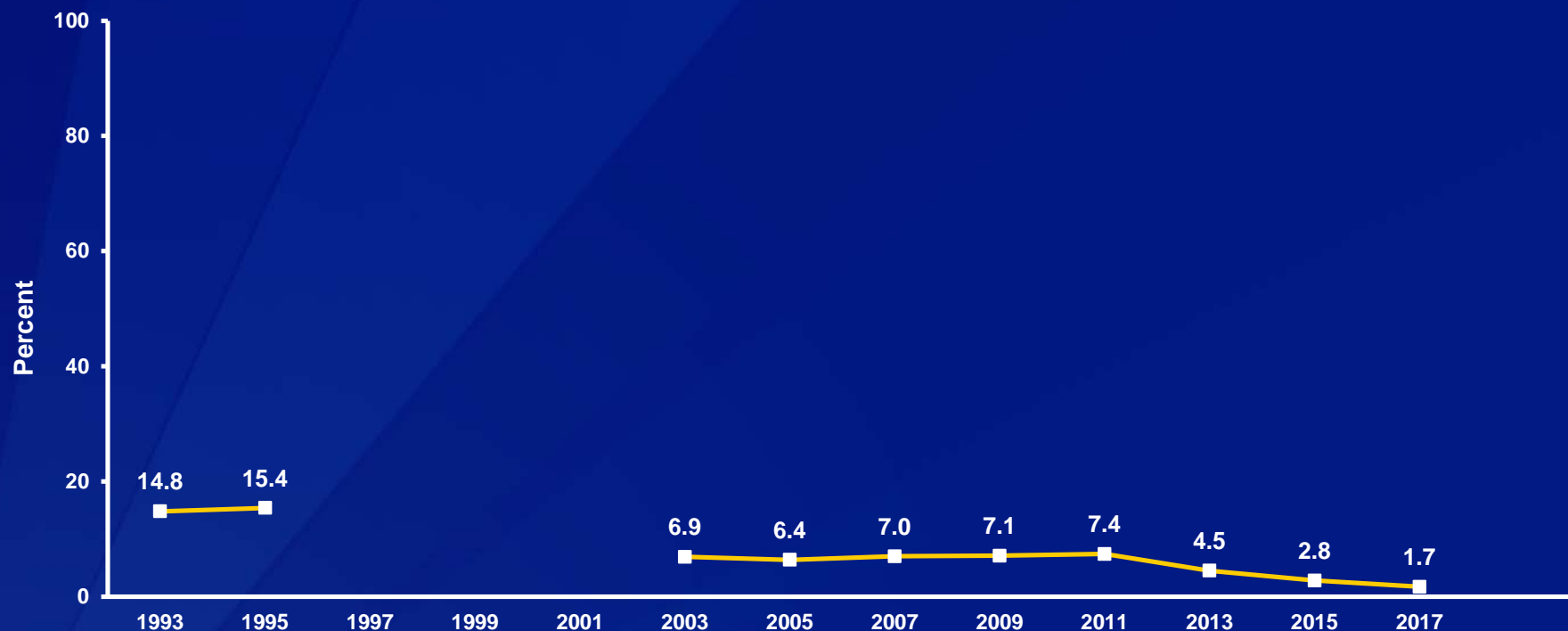
*On 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNFRCIG

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes Frequently,* 1993-2017†

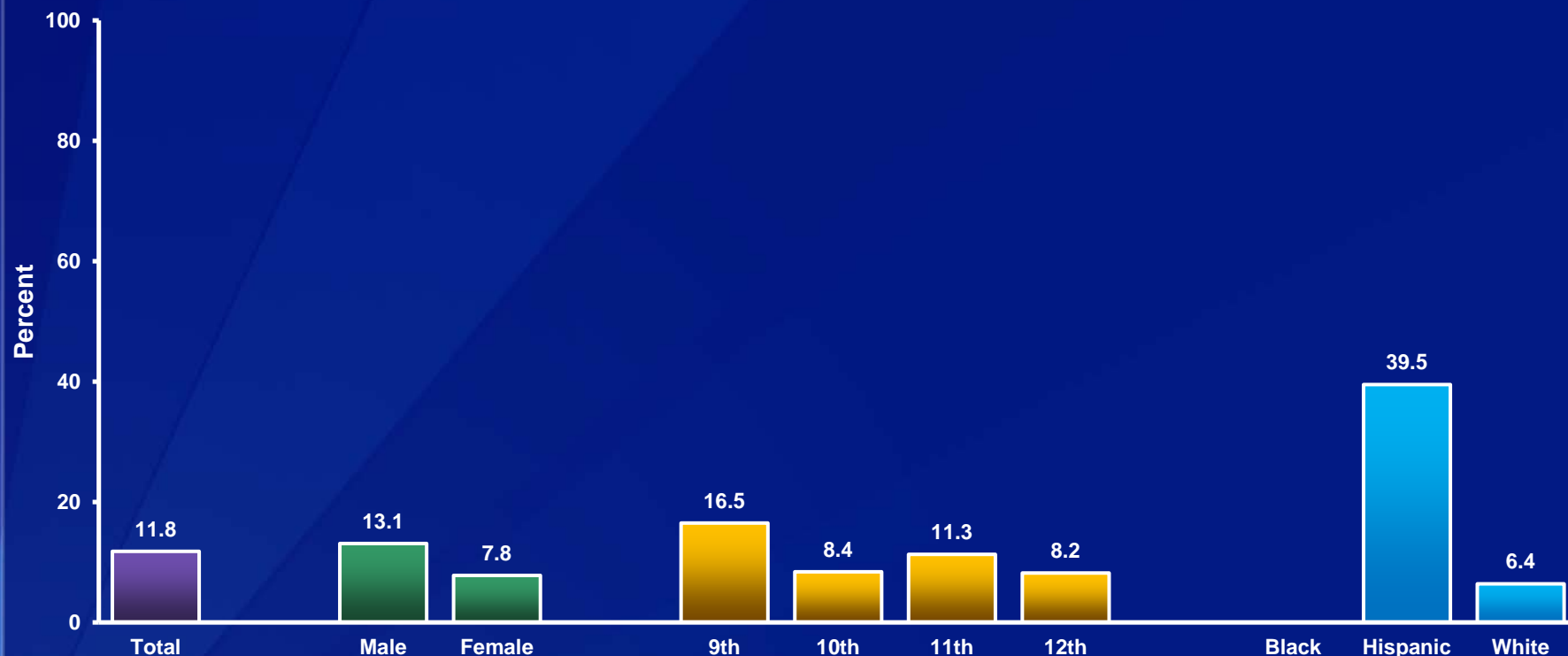*On 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QNFRCIG

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes Daily,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Category	Percent
Total	1.7
Male	1.9
Female	1.4
9th	0.9
10th	1.1
11th	1.8
12th	2.6
Black	3.7
Hispanic	6.3
White	1.3

*On all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNDAYCIG

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes Daily,* 1993-2017†

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QNDAYCIG

*On all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, decreased 1993-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

**Percentage of High School Students Who Smoked More Than 10 Cigarettes Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017**

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	11.8
Male	13.1
Female	7.8
9th	16.5
10th	8.4
11th	11.3
12th	8.2
Black	
Hispanic	39.5
White	6.4

*On the days they smoked during the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently smoked cigarettes
†M > F; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN33

Percentage of High School Students Who Smoked More Than 10 Cigarettes Per Day,* 2013-2017†

*On the days they smoked during the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently smoked cigarettes
†No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN33

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used an Electronic Vapor Product,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
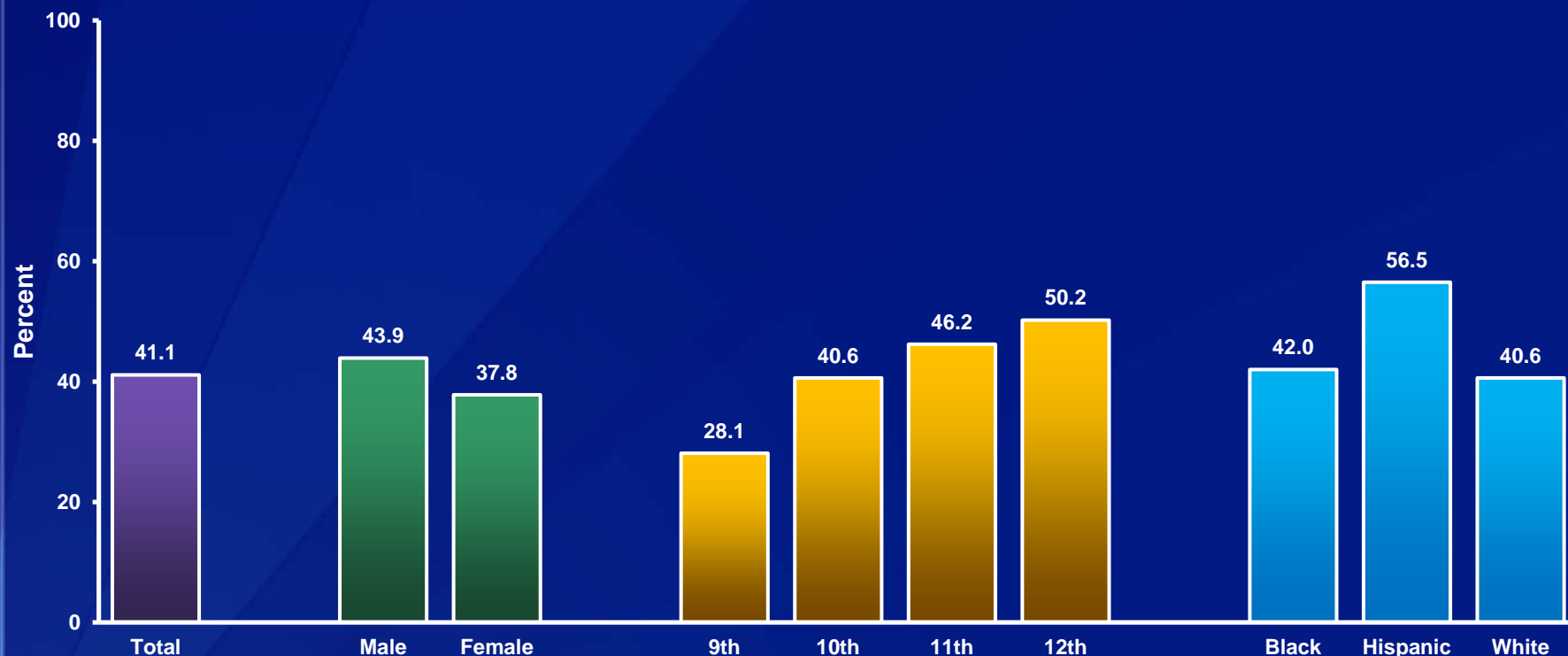
*Including e-cigarettes, e-cigars, e-pipes, vape pipes, vaping pens, e-hookahs, and hookah pens [such as blu, NJOY, Vuse, MarkTen, Logic, Vapin Plus, eGo, and Halo]
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN34

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Used an Electronic Vapor Product,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
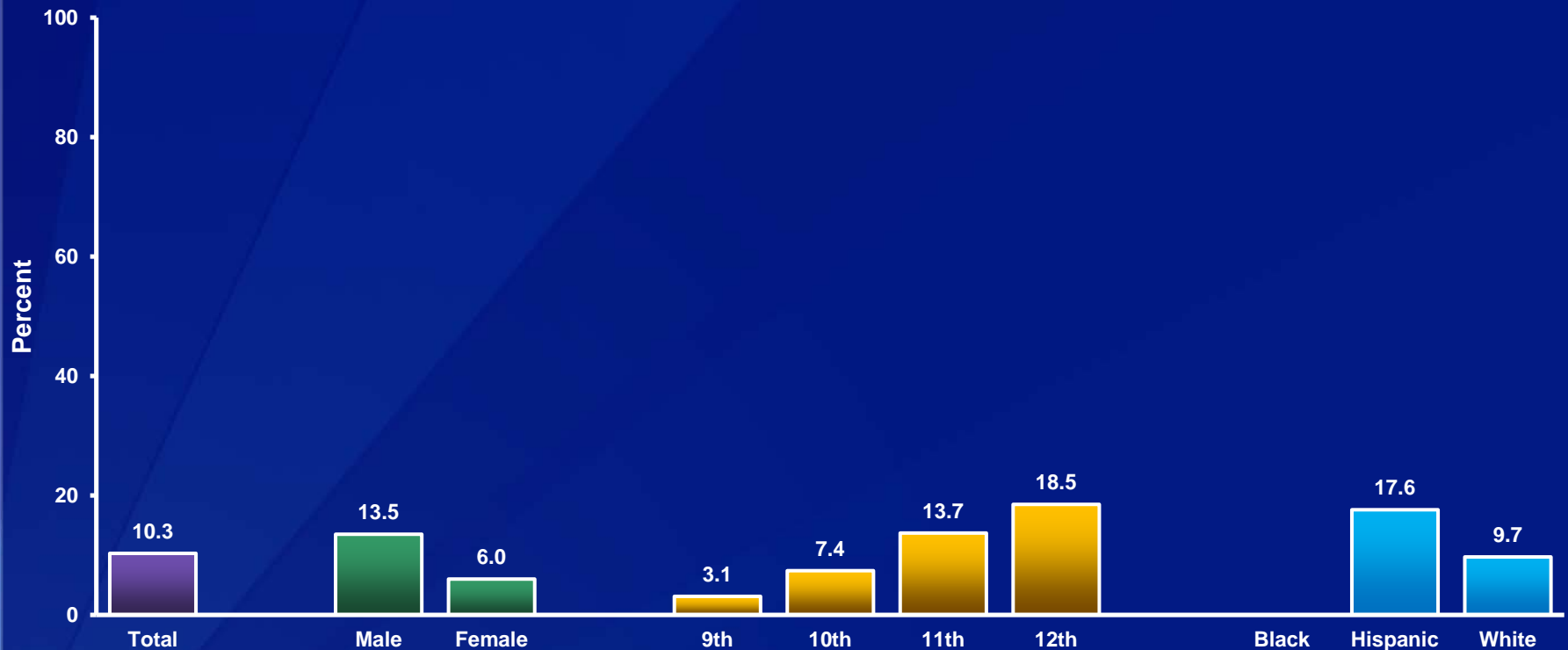
*Including e-cigarettes, e-cigars, e-pipes, vape pipes, vaping pens, e-hookahs, and hookah pens [such as blu, NJOY, Vuse, MarkTen, Logic, Vapin Plus, eGo, and Halo], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
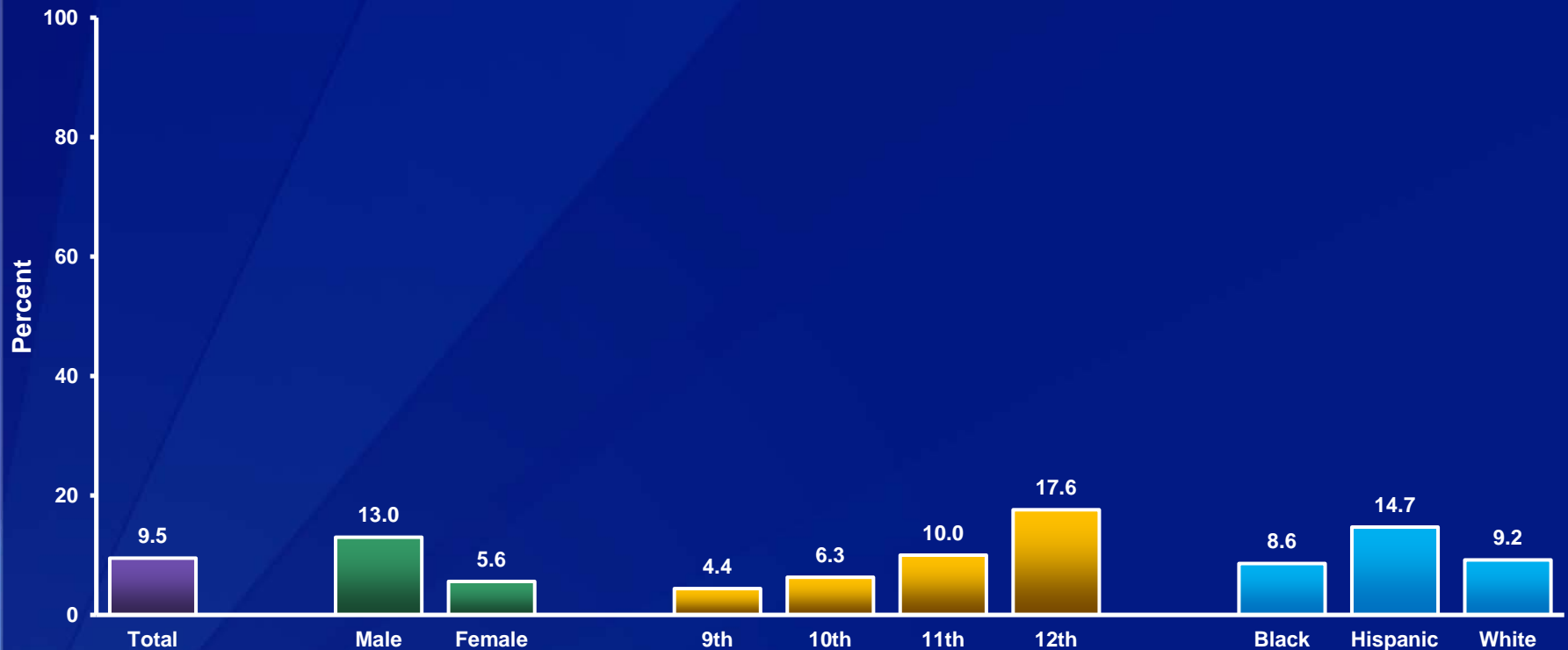†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN35

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Used an Electronic Vapor Product,* 2015-2017†

Percent

100

80

60

40

25.0   23.8

20

0

2015   2017

*Including e-cigarettes, e-cigars, e-pipes, vape pipes, vaping pens, e-hookahs, and hookah pens [such as blu, NJOY, Vuse, MarkTen, Logic, Vapin Plus, eGo, and Halo], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN35

Percentage of High School Students Who Usually Got Their Own Electronic Vapor Products by Buying Them in a Store,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	10.3
Male	13.5
Female	6.0
9th	3.1
10th	7.4
11th	13.7
12th	18.5
Hispanic	17.6
White	9.7

*Such as a convenience store, supermarket, discount store, gas station, or vape store, during the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently used electronic vapor products and who were aged <18 years

†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN36

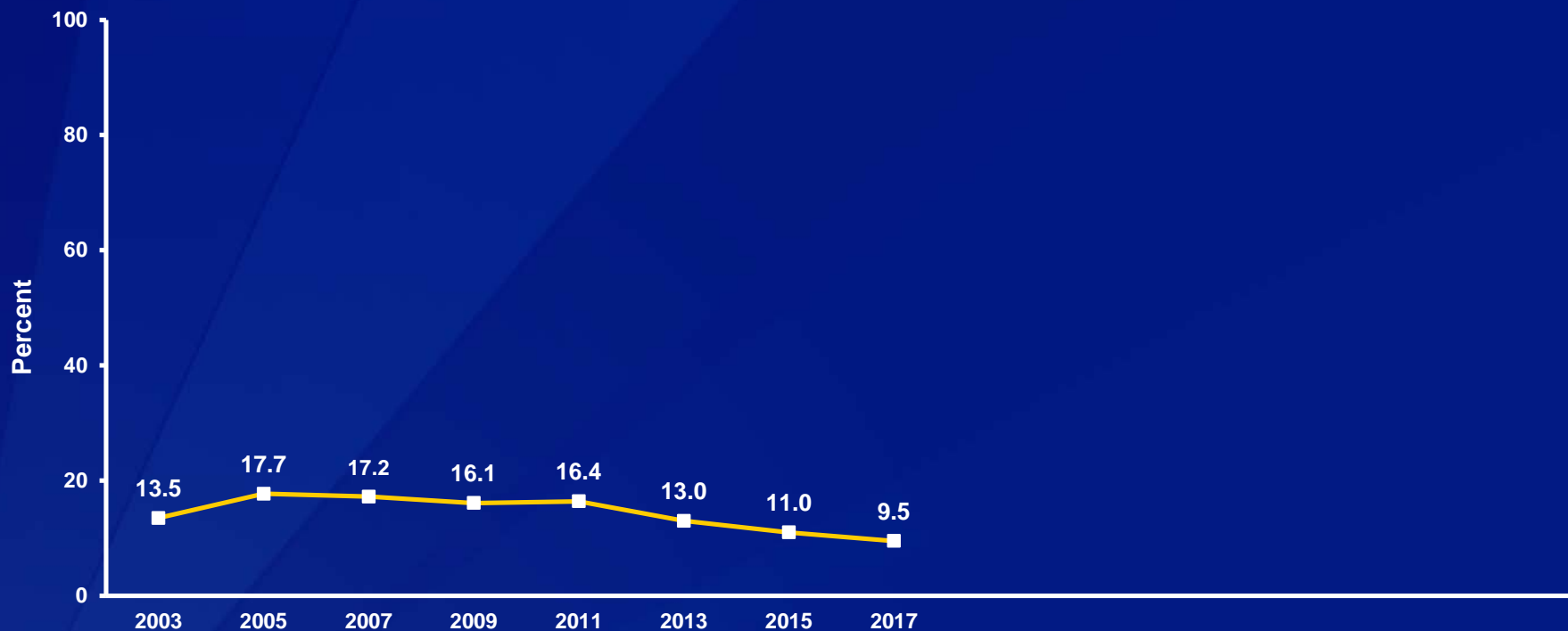Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigars,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN38

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigars,* 2003-2017†

*Cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 2003-2017, increased 2003-2007, decreased 2007-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QN38

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes or Cigars,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
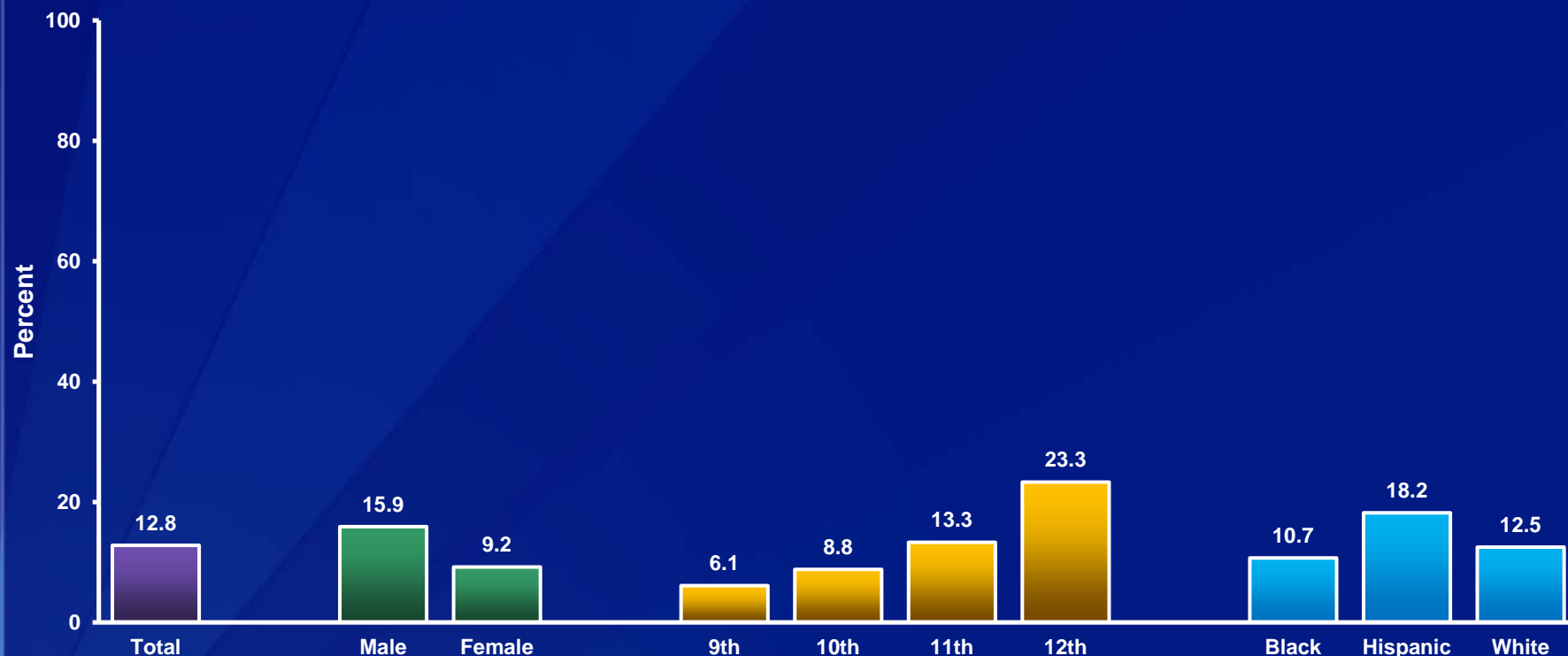
Percent

Category	Percent
Total	12.8
Male	15.9
Female	9.2
9th	6.1
10th	8.8
11th	13.3
12th	23.3
Black	10.7
Hispanic	18.2
White	12.5

*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNTB2

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Smoked Cigarettes or Cigars,* 2003-2017†
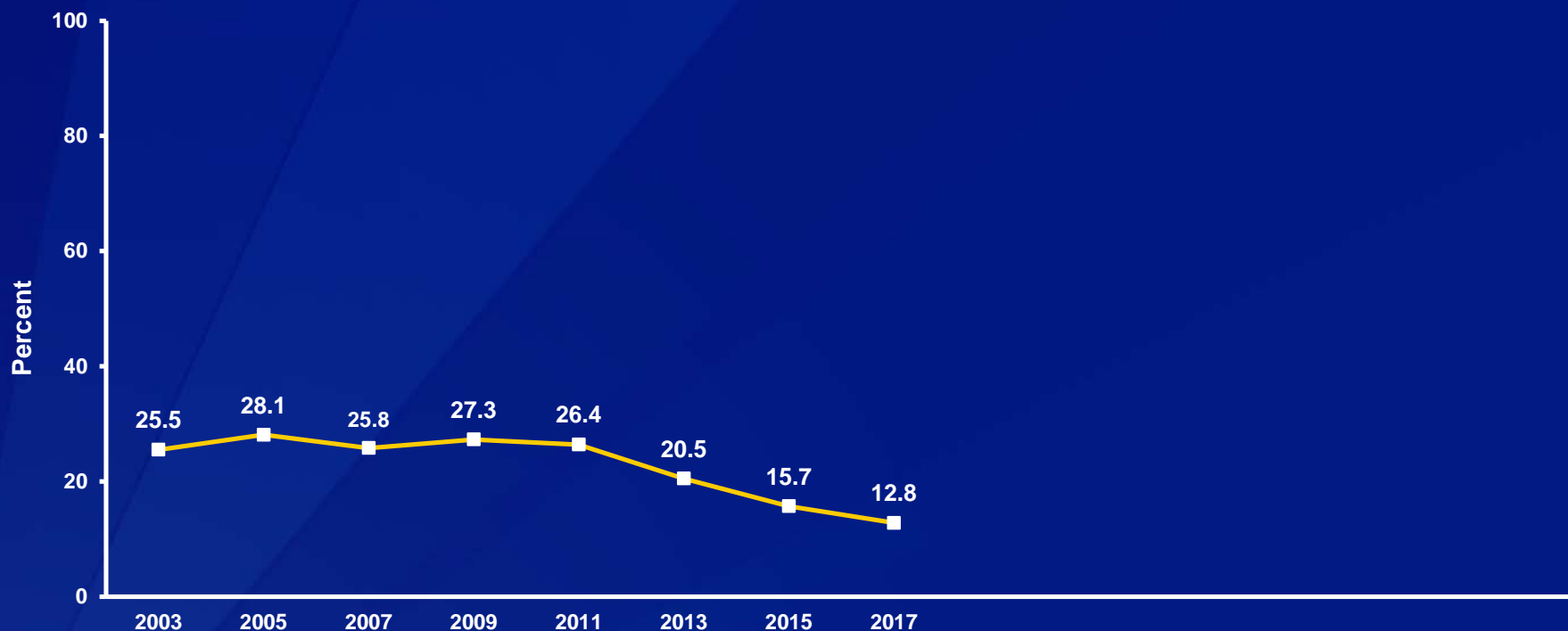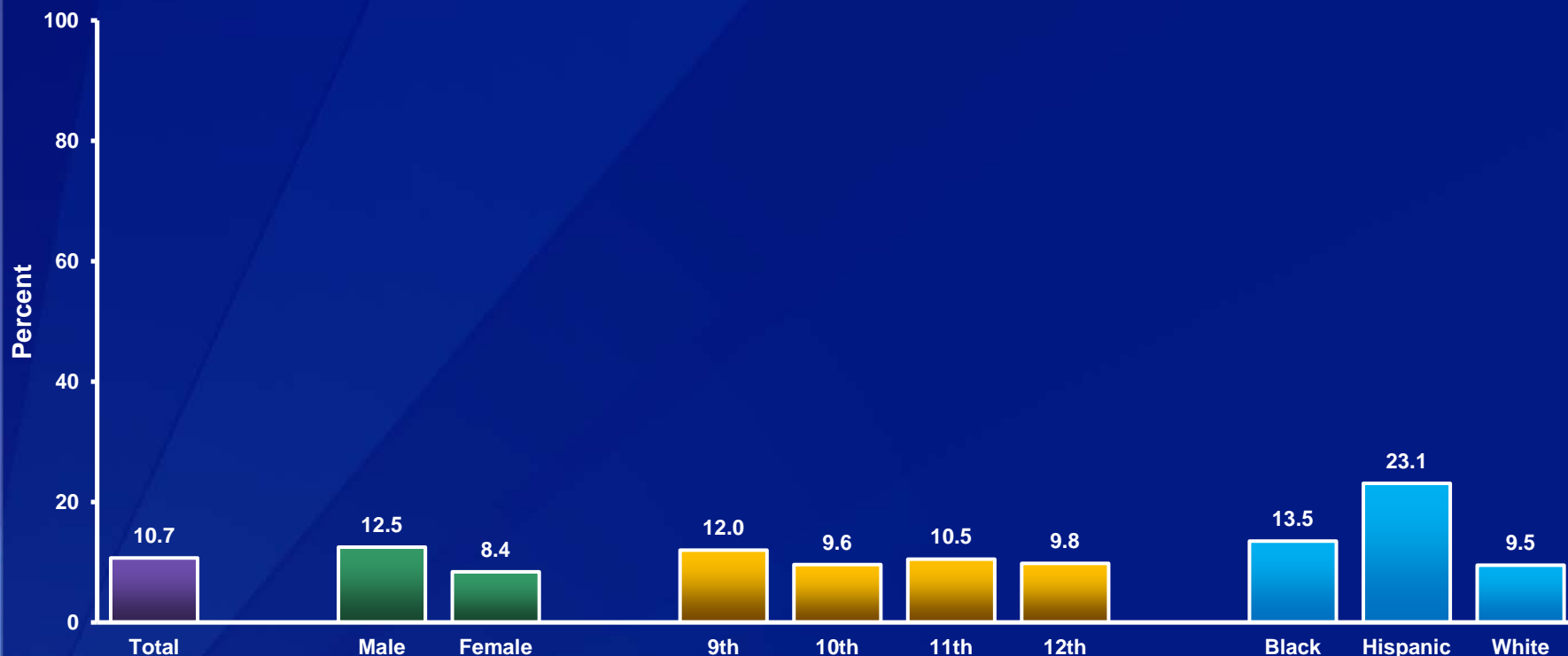
*On at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 2003-2017, no change 2003-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QNTB2

Percentage of High School Students Who Had Their First Drink of Alcohol Before Age 13 Years,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
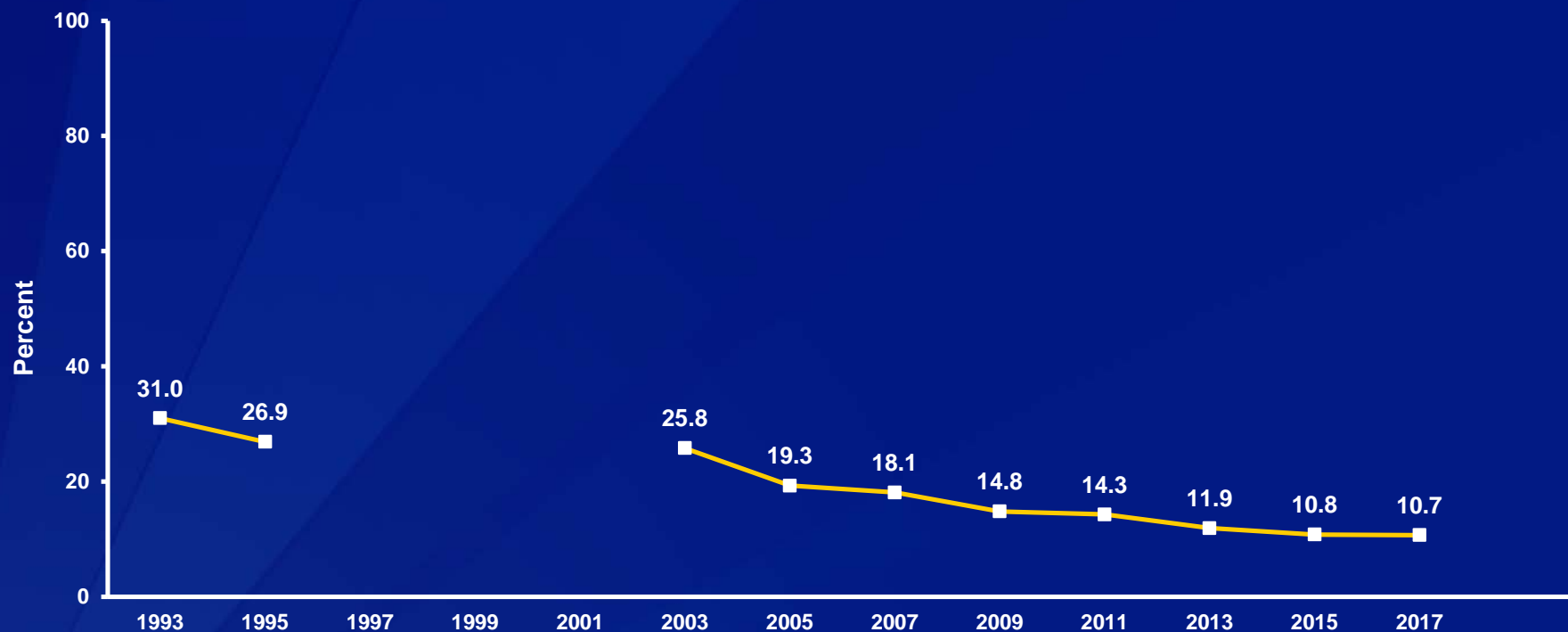
*Other than a few sips
†M > F; 9th > 10th, 9th > 12th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN41

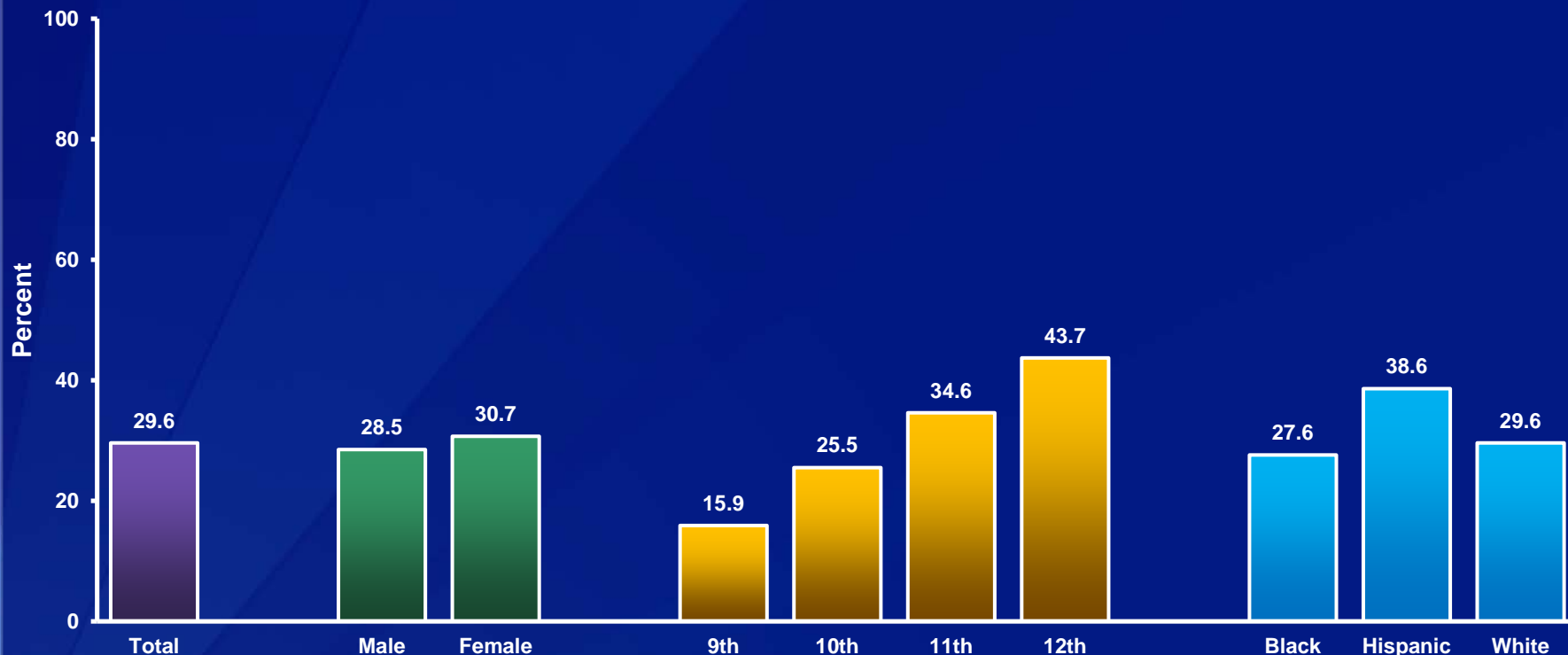# Percentage of High School Students Who Had Their First Drink of Alcohol Before Age 13 Years,* 1993-2017†

*Other than a few sips
†Decreased 1993-2017, no change 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

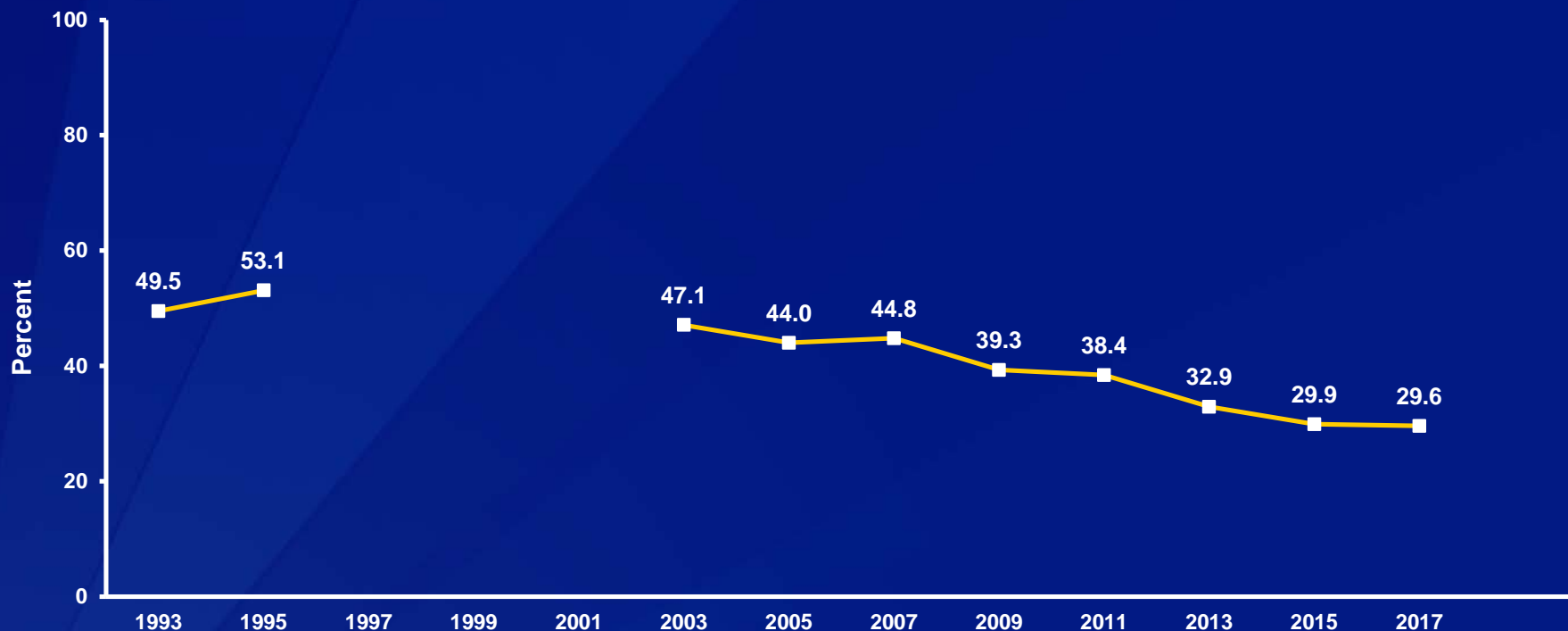Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Drank Alcohol,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*At least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†F > M; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN42

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Drank Alcohol,* 1993-2017†

Percent (y-axis)

Data points:
- 1993: 49.5
- 1995: 53.1
- 2003: 47.1
- 2005: 44.0
- 2007: 44.8
- 2009: 39.3
- 2011: 38.4
- 2013: 32.9
- 2015: 29.9
- 2017: 29.6

*At least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, no change 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN42

Percentage of High School Students Who Usually Got the Alcohol They Drank by Someone Giving It to Them,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
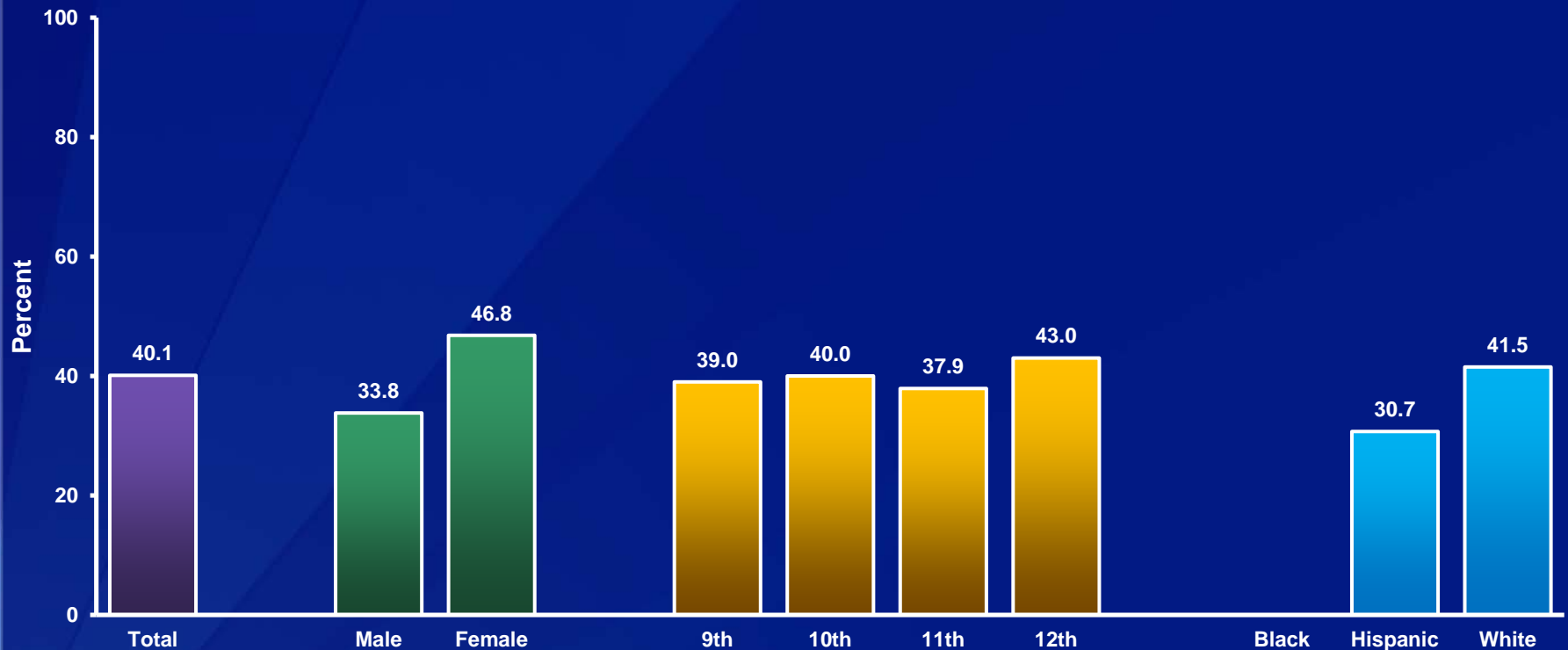
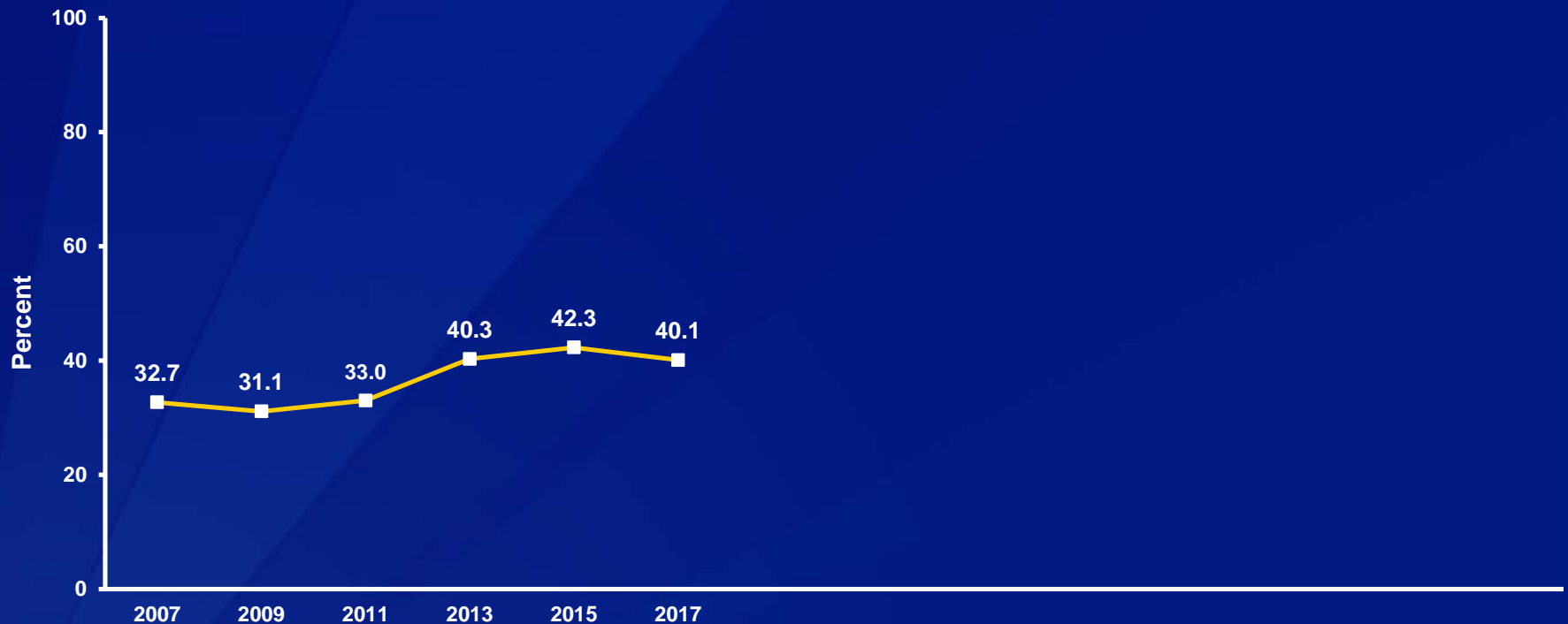*During the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently drank alcohol
†F > M; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN43

Percentage of High School Students Who Usually Got the Alcohol They Drank by Someone Giving It to Them,* 2007-2017[†]

Percent

100

80

60

40 — 32.7 — 31.1 — 33.0 — 40.3 — 42.3 — 40.1

20

0

2007   2009   2011   2013   2015   2017

*During the 30 days before the survey, among students who currently drank alcohol
[†]Increased 2007-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2007-2017 - QN43

Percentage of High School Students Who Tried Marijuana for the First Time Before Age 13 Years, by Sex,* Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

Percent

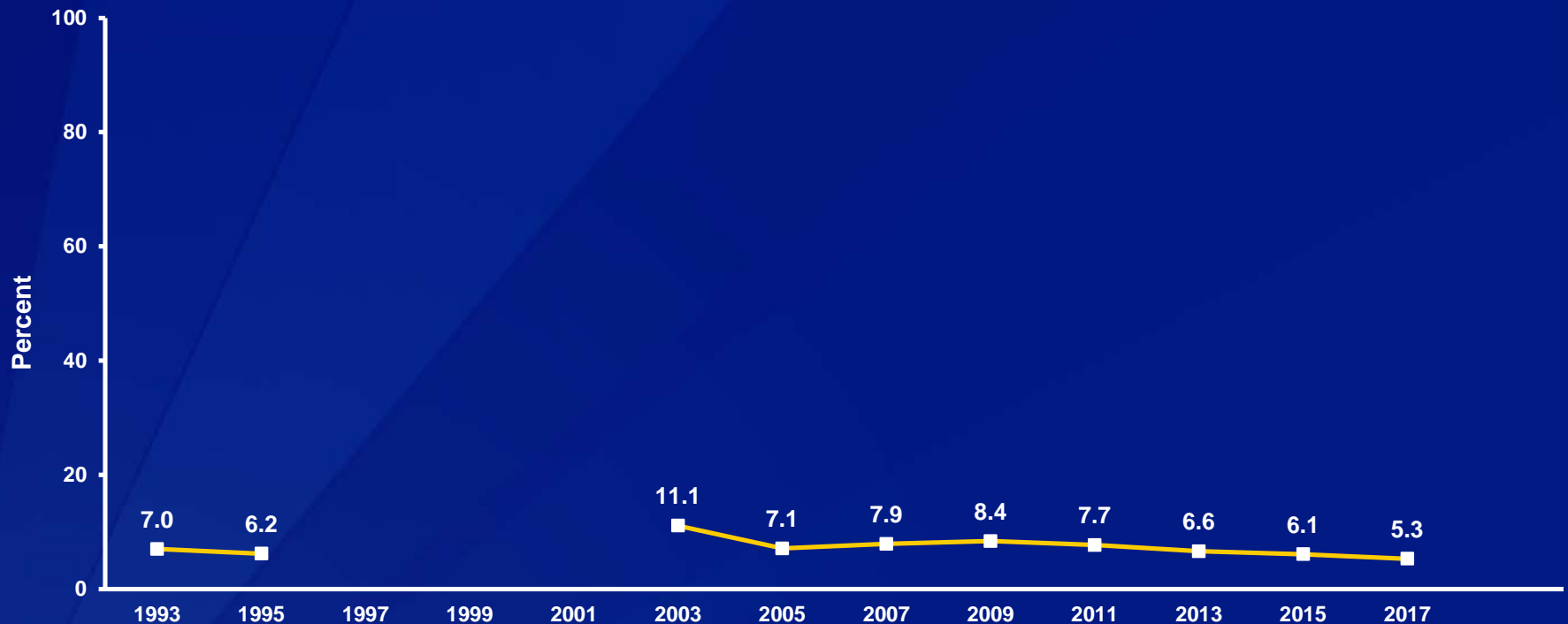| Category	Value
Total	5.3
Male	6.8
Female	3.6
9th	4.9
10th	5.0
11th	5.6
12th	5.5
Black	8.6
Hispanic	14.9
White	4.5

*M > F; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN47

Percentage of High School Students Who Tried Marijuana for the First Time Before Age 13 Years, 1993-2017[*]
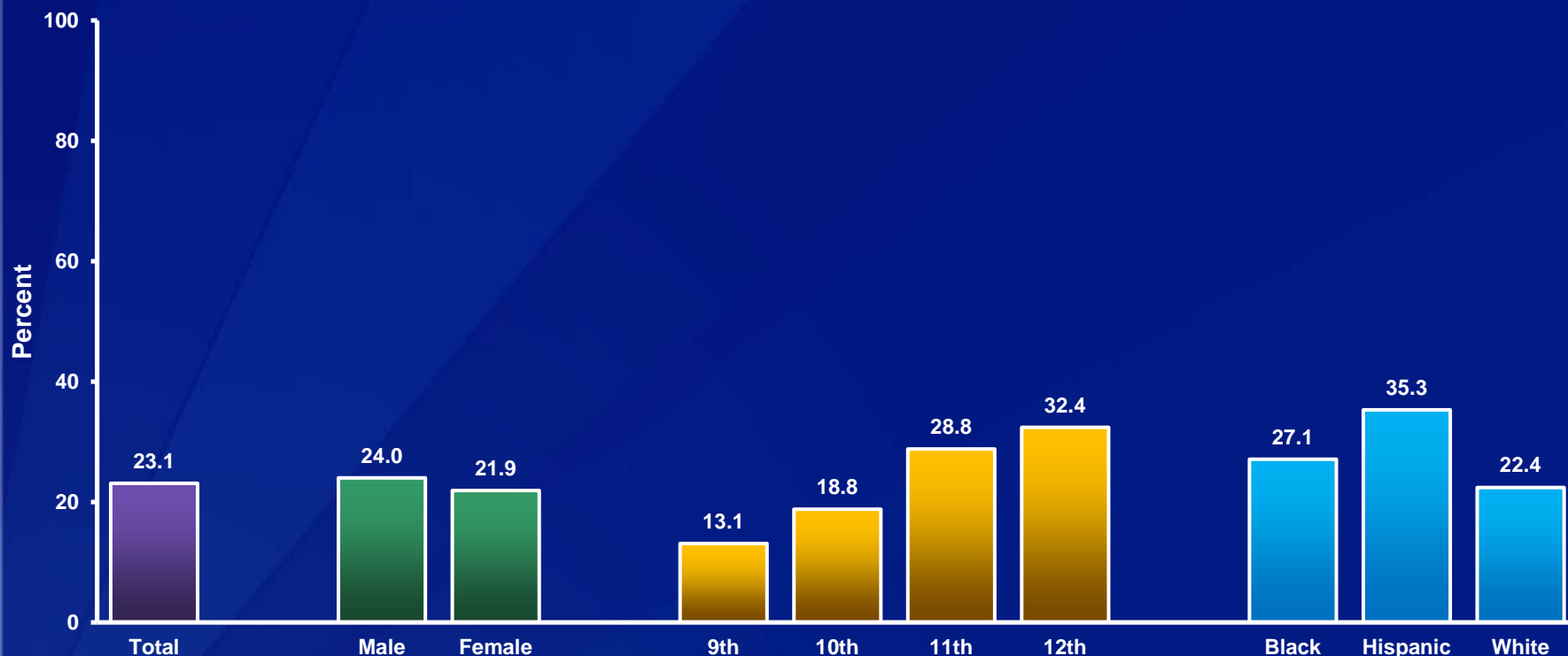

[*]Decreased 1993-2017, increased 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

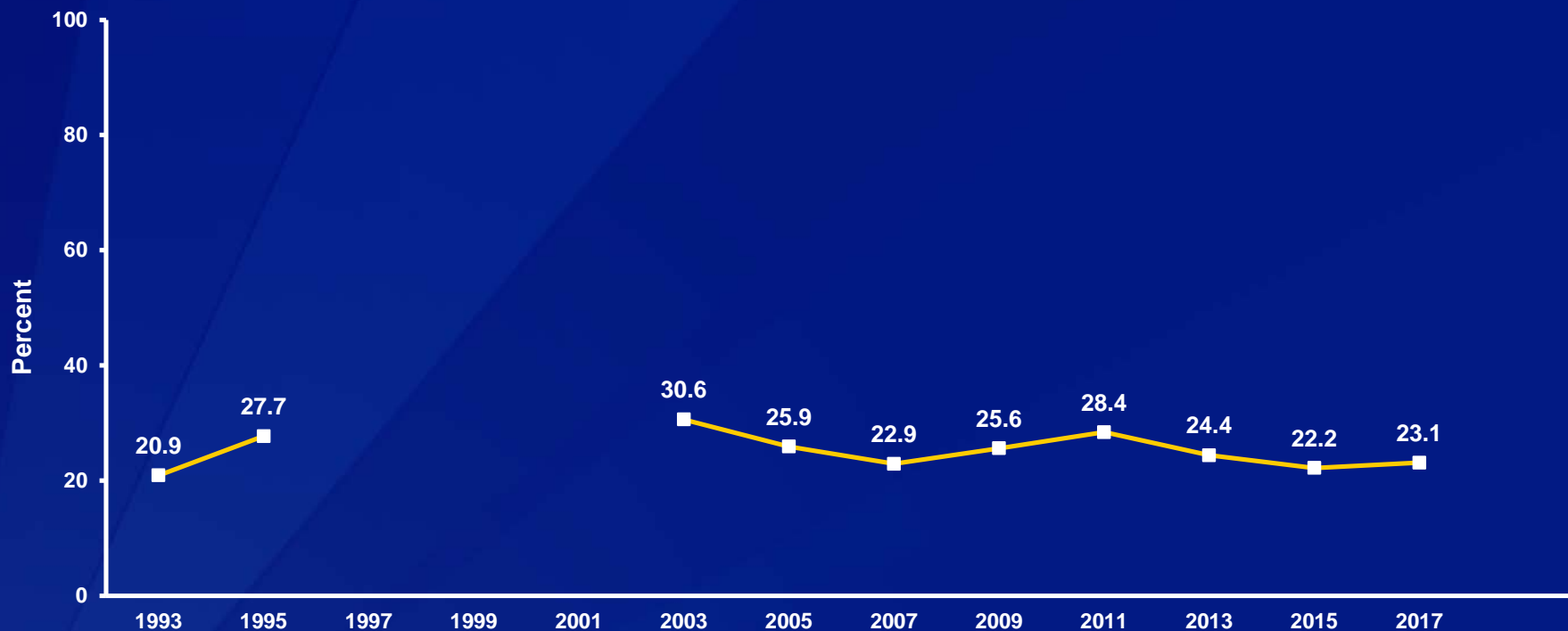# Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Used Marijuana,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*One or more times during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN48

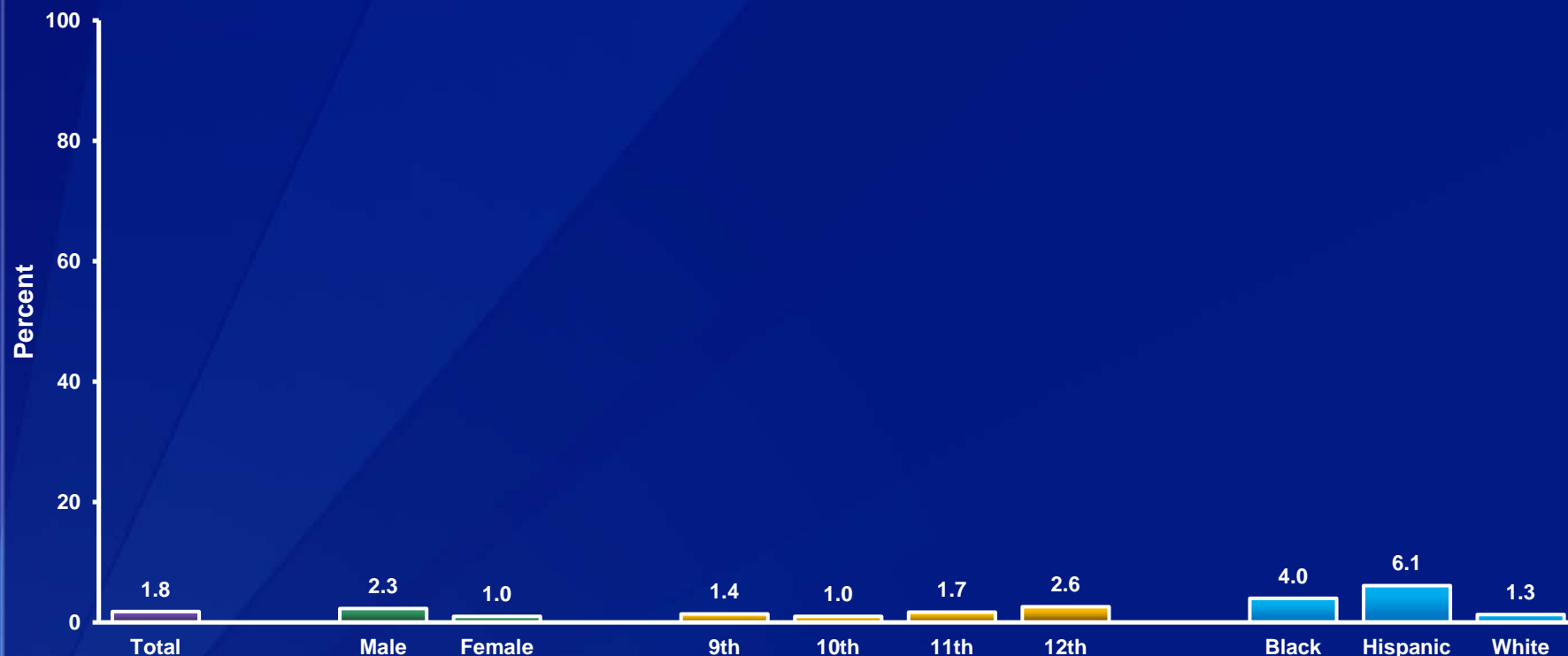**Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Used Marijuana,* 1993-2017†**

*One or more times during the 30 days before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017, increased 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN48

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Heroin,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

|		
Total	1.8	
Male	2.3	
Female	1.0	
9th	1.4	
10th	1.0	
11th	1.7	
12th	2.6	
Black	4.0	
Hispanic	6.1	
White	1.3	

*Also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life
†M > F; 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

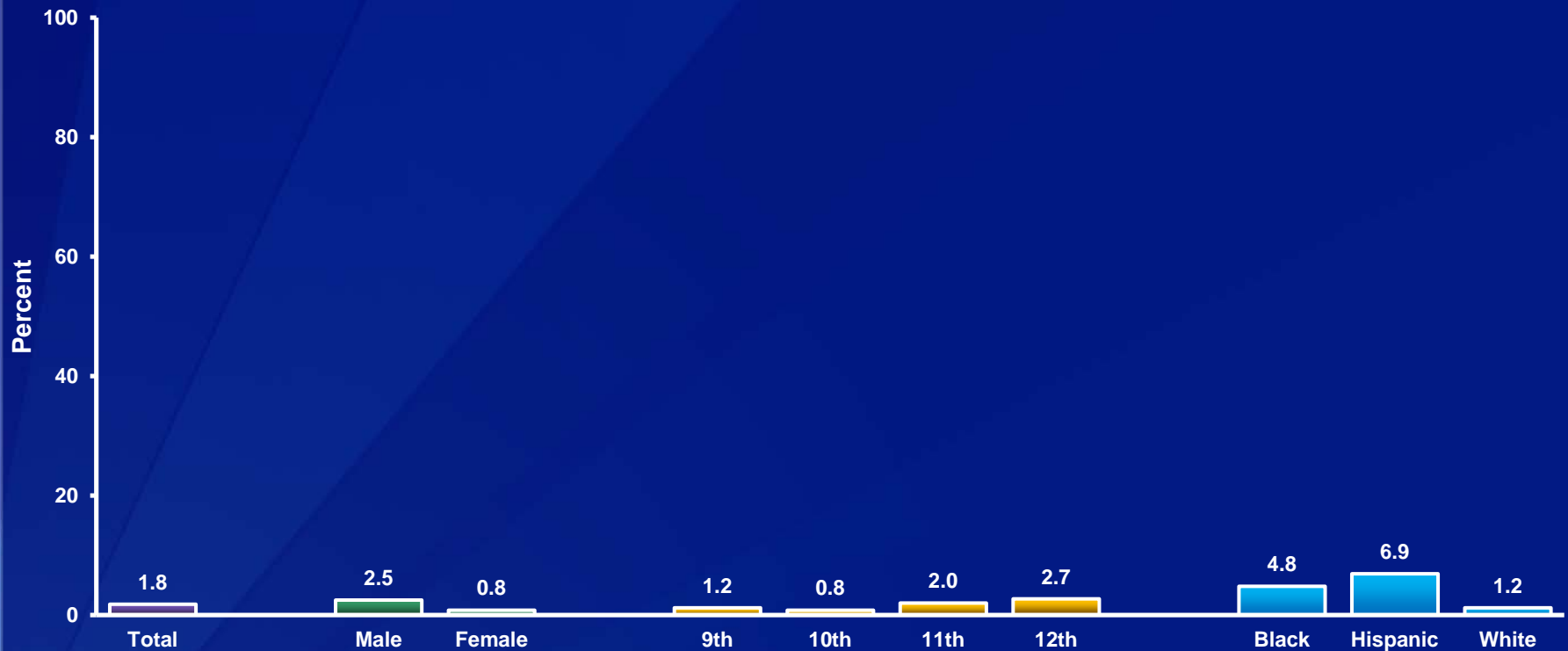# Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Heroin,* 2003-2017†
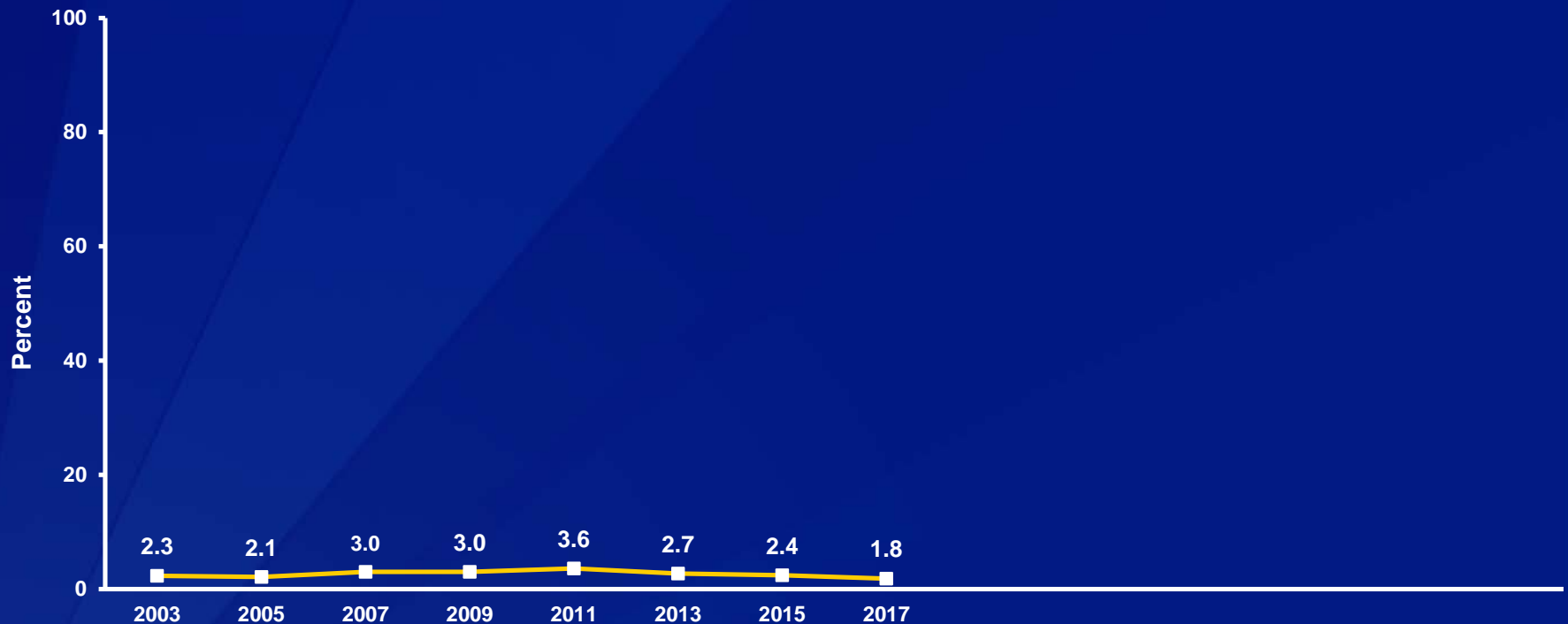
*Also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life

†Decreased 2003-2017, no change 2003-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QN51

**Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Methamphetamines,*
by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017**

Percent

| Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
1.8	2.5	0.8	1.2	0.8	2.0	2.7	4.8	6.9	1.2

*Also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN52

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Methamphetamines,* 2003-2017[†]
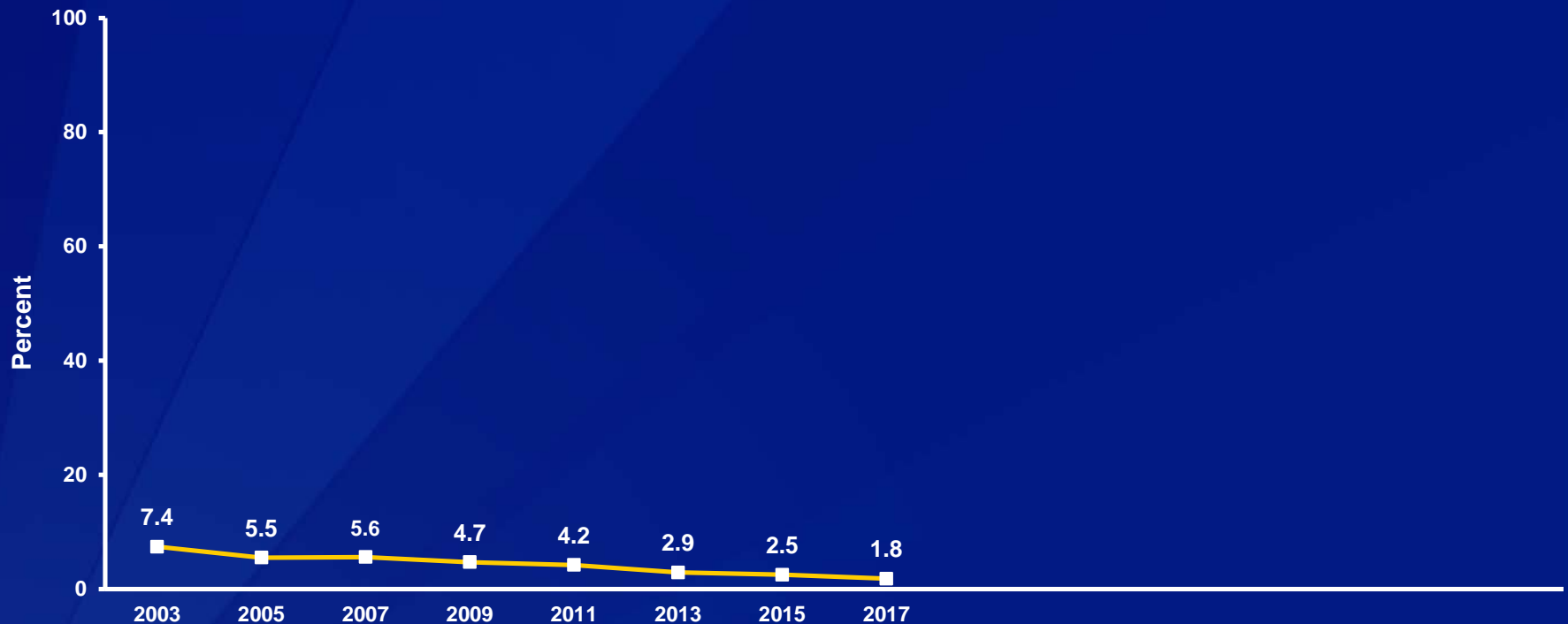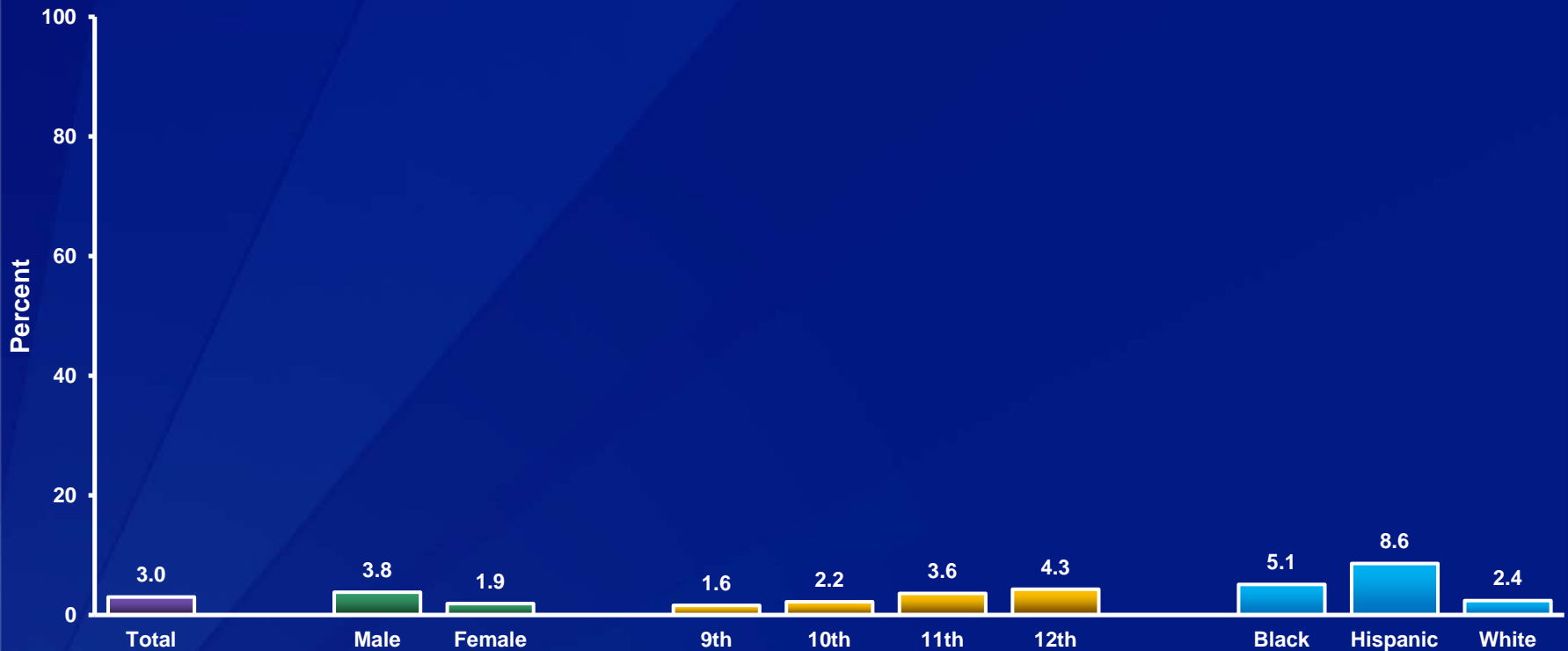

*Also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life

[†]Decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Ecstasy,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

| Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
3.0	3.8	1.9	1.6	2.2	3.6	4.3	5.1	8.6	2.4

*Also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN53

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Ecstasy,* 2003-2017†
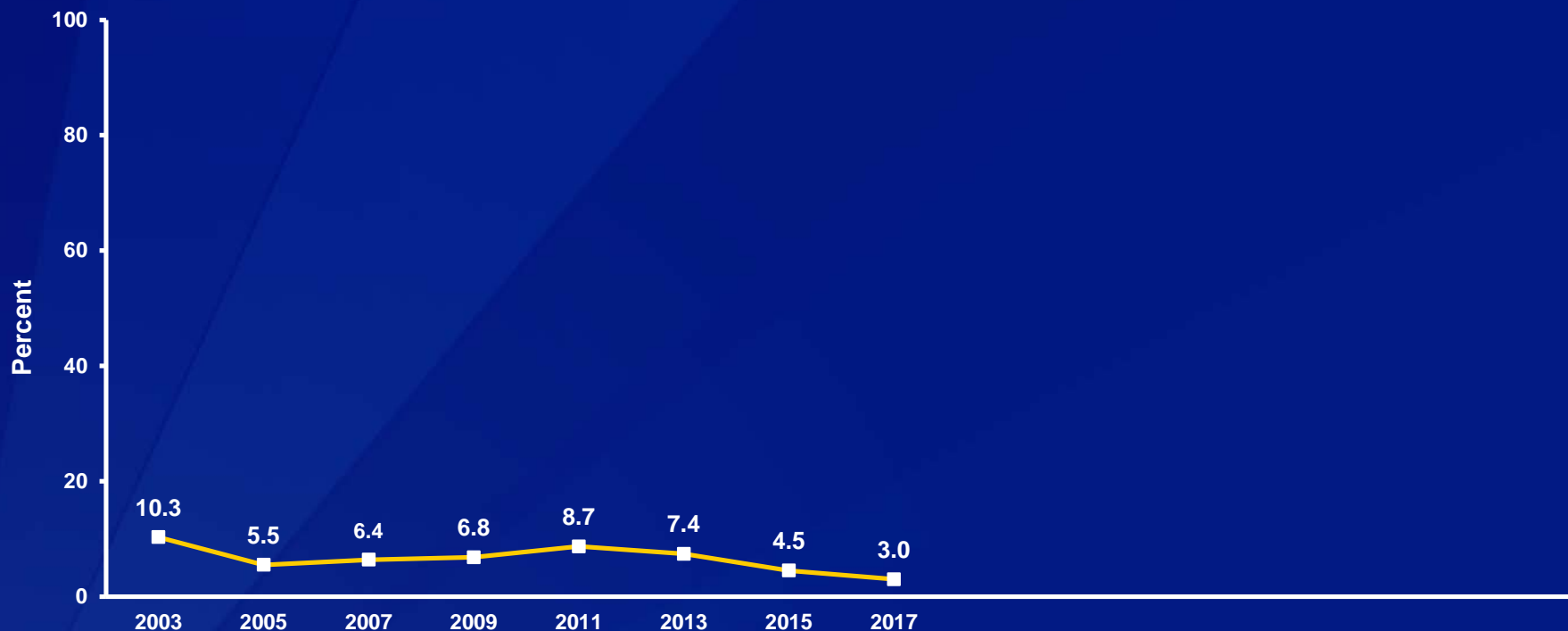
*Also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life
†Decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QN53

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Synthetic Marijuana,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	5.6
Male	6.0
Female	4.9
9th	3.6
10th	5.0
11th	6.2
12th	7.3
Black	6.9
Hispanic	12.5
White	5.0

*Also called "K2," "Spice," "fake weed," "King Kong," "Yucatan Fire," "Skunk," or "Moon Rocks," one or more times during their life
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
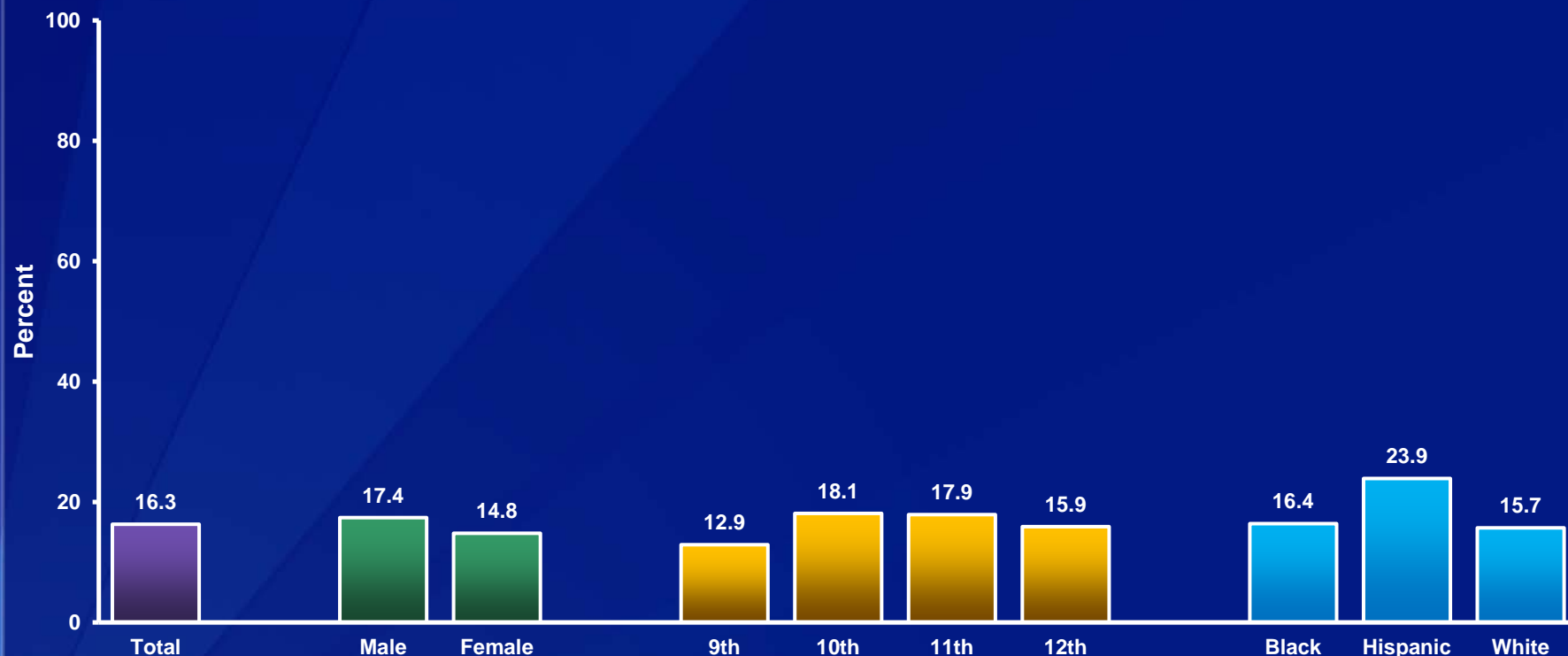Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN54

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Used Synthetic Marijuana,* 2015-2017†

Percent

	2015	2017
	9.2	5.6

*Also called "K2," "Spice," "fake weed," "King Kong," "Yucatan Fire," "Skunk," or "Moon Rocks," one or more times during their life
†Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN54

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Offered, Sold, or Given an Illegal Drug on School Property,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
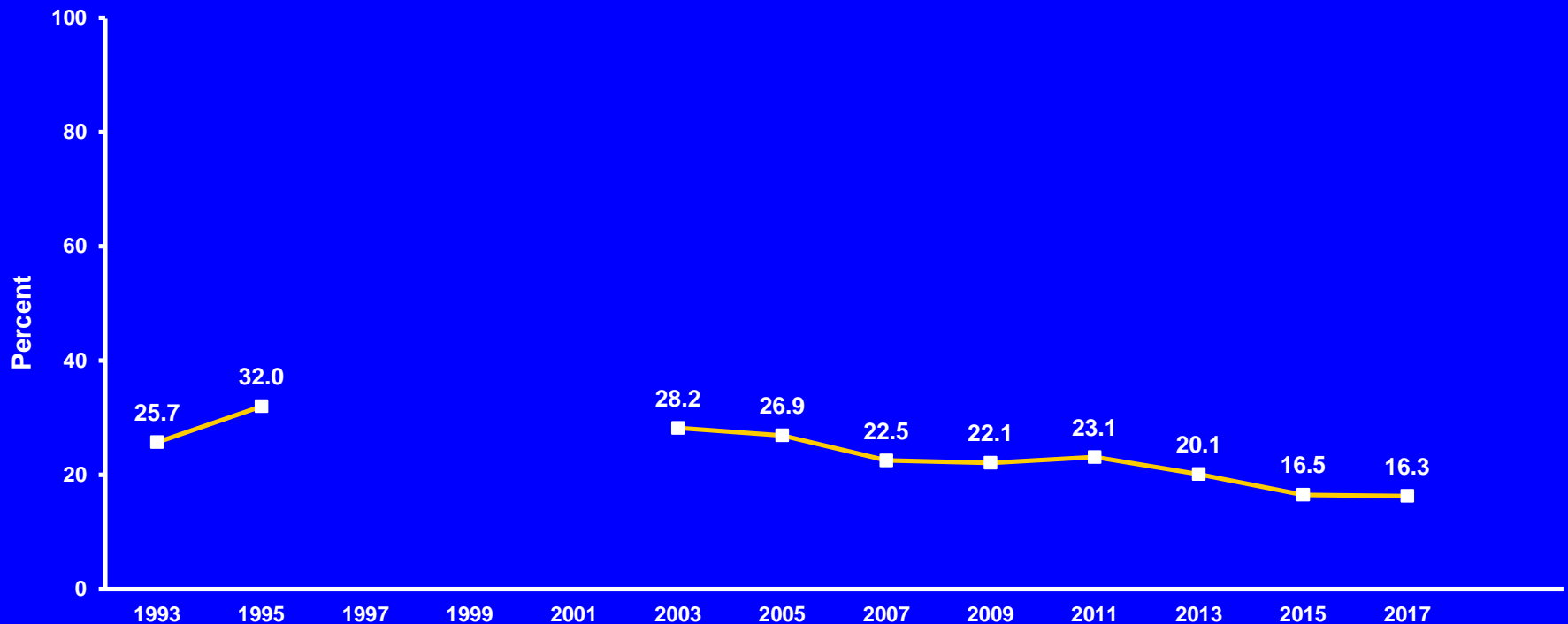
*During the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN58

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Offered, Sold, or Given an Illegal Drug on School Property,* 1993-2017[†]

Percent

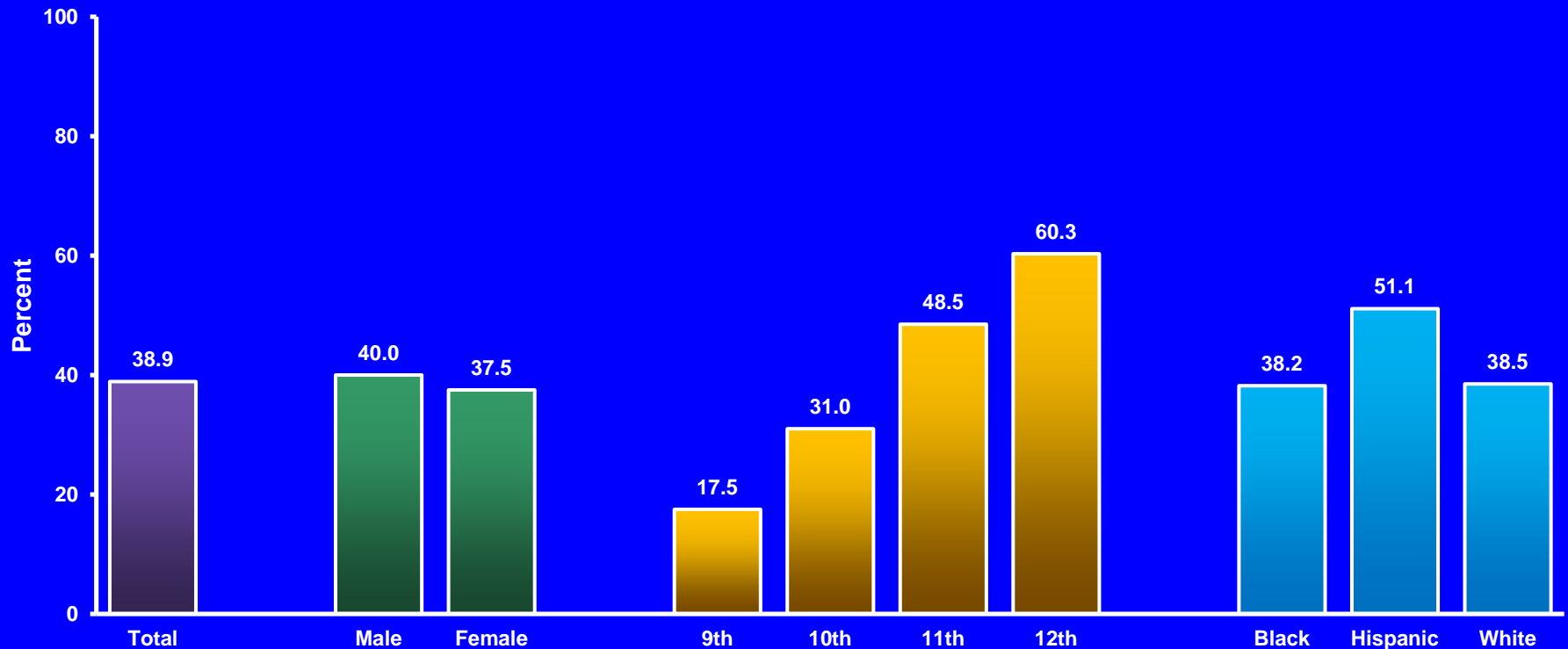| Year	Value
1993	25.7
1995	32.0
2003	28.2
2005	26.9
2007	22.5
2009	22.1
2011	23.1
2013	20.1
2015	16.5
2017	16.3

*During the 12 months before the survey
[†]Decreased 1993-2017, no change 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN58

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Had Sexual Intercourse, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

Percent

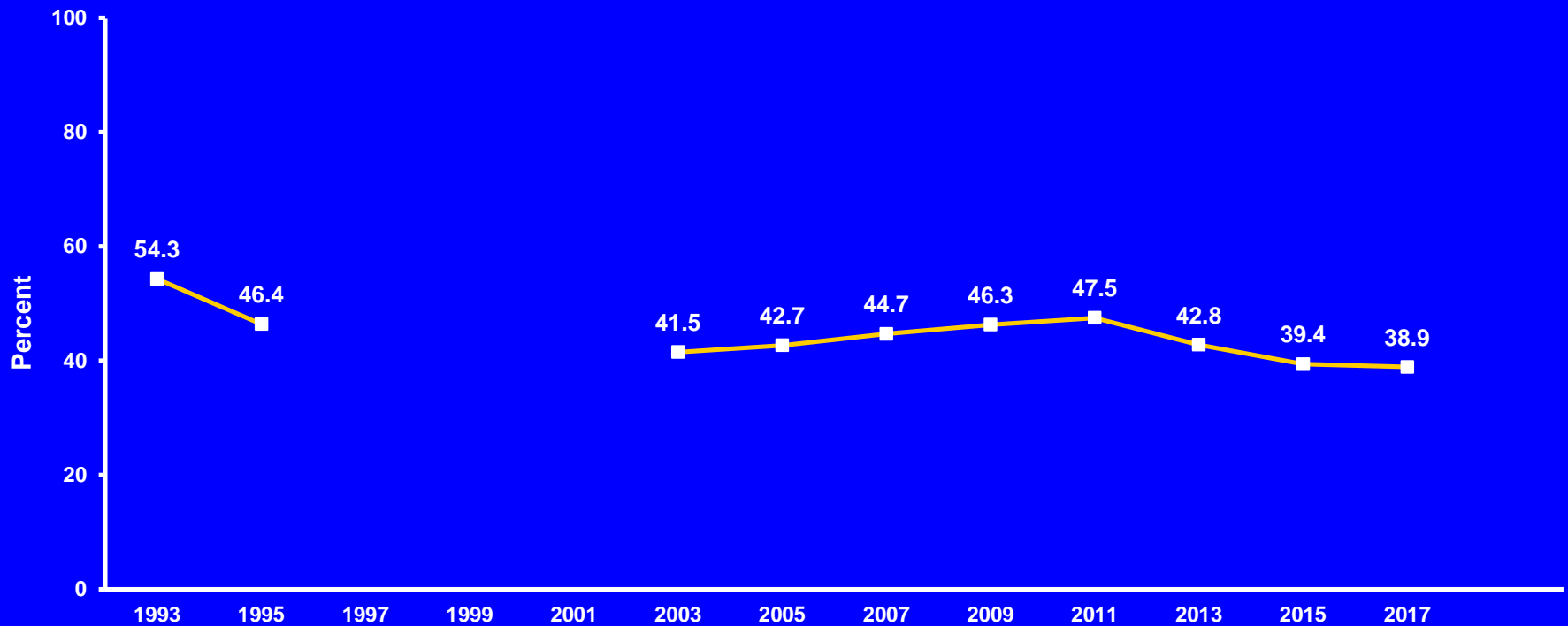| Category	Percent
Total	38.9
Male	40.0
Female	37.5
9th	17.5
10th	31.0
11th	48.5
12th	60.3
Black	38.2
Hispanic	51.1
White	38.5

*M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN59

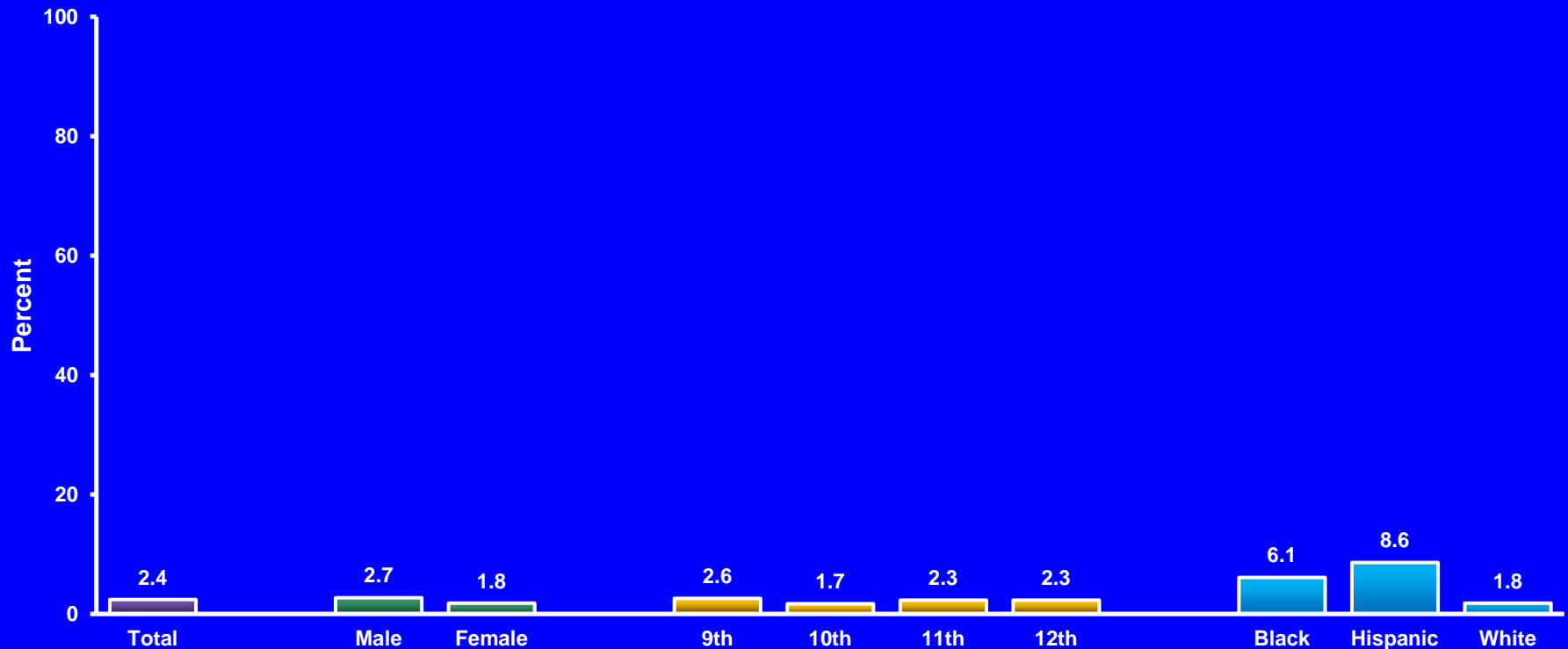# Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Had Sexual Intercourse, 1993-2017[*]

*Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN59

Percentage of High School Students Who Had Sexual Intercourse for the First Time Before Age 13 Years, by Sex,* Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017
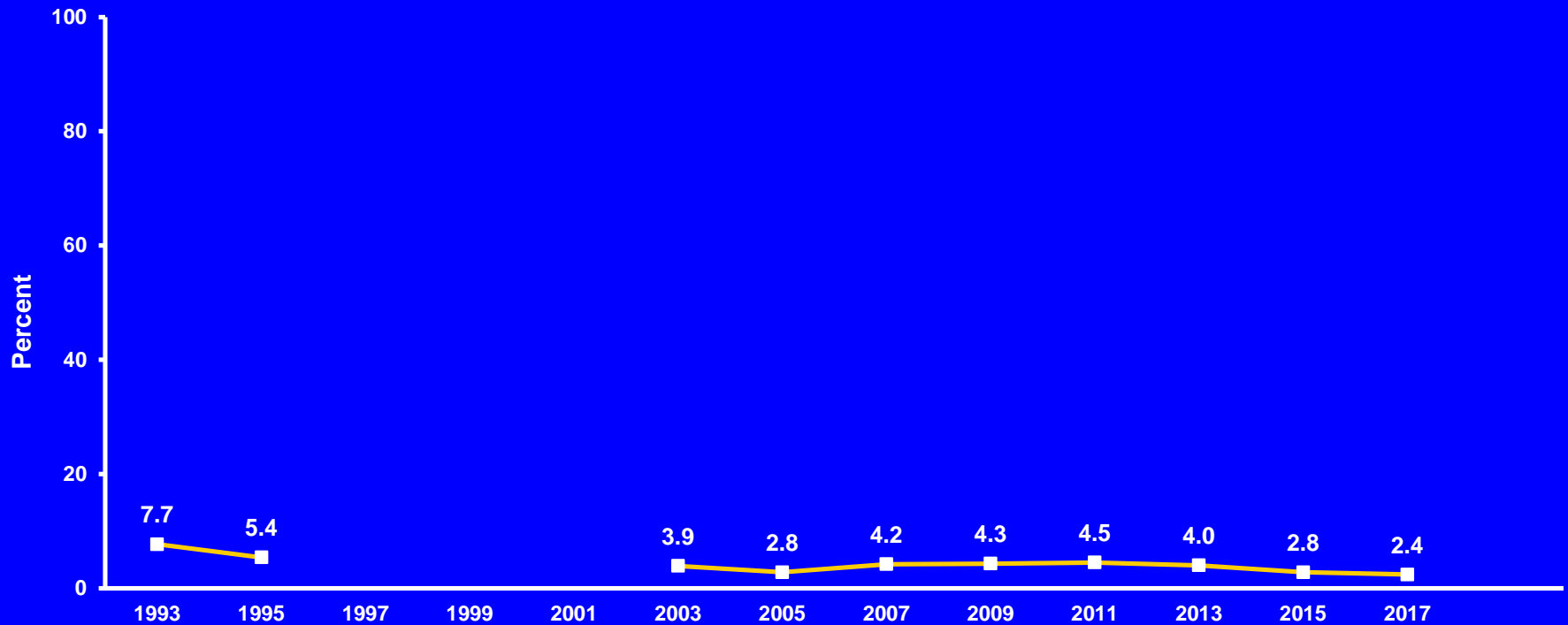
Percent

Total	2.4
Male	2.7
Female	1.8
9th	2.6
10th	1.7
11th	2.3
12th	2.3
Black	6.1
Hispanic	8.6
White	1.8

*M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN60

Percentage of High School Students Who Had Sexual Intercourse for the First Time Before Age 13 Years, 1993-2017[*]

Percent

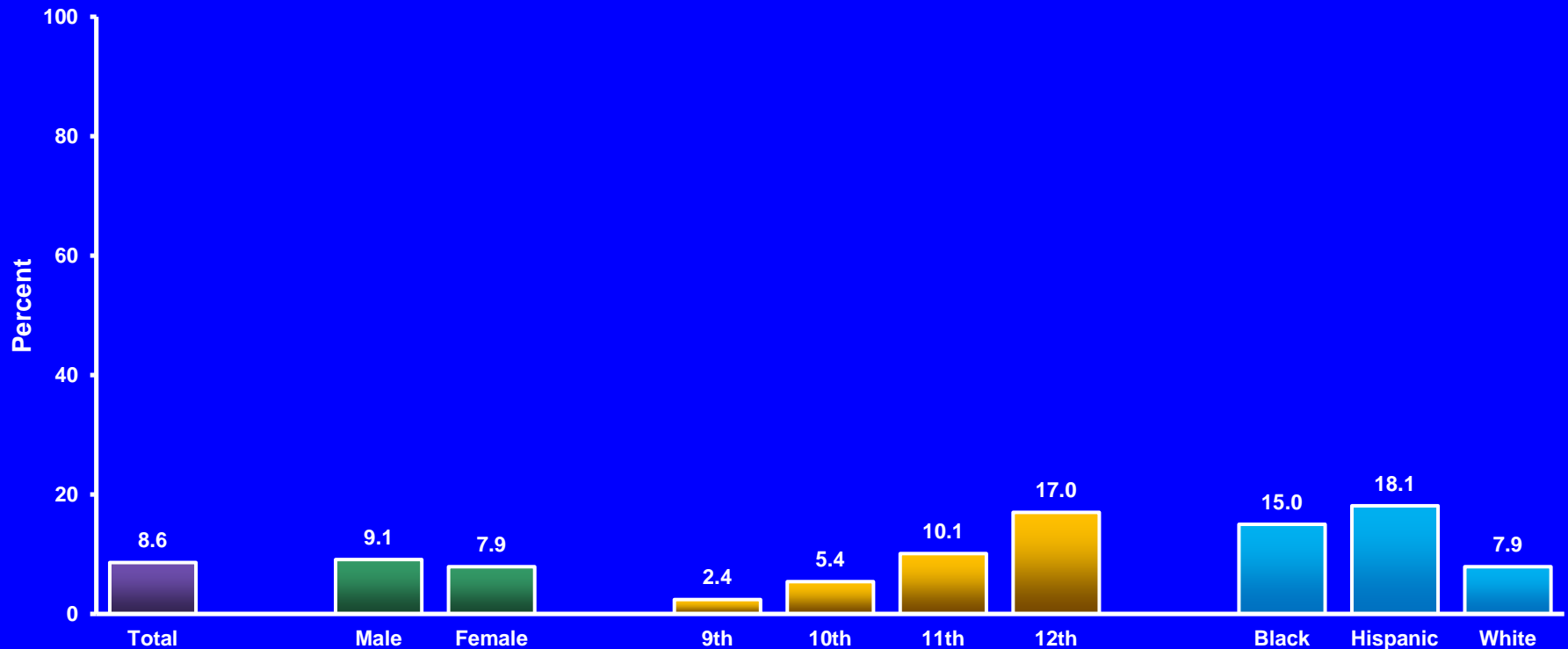| Year	Value
1993	7.7
1995	5.4
2003	3.9
2005	2.8
2007	4.2
2009	4.3
2011	4.5
2013	4.0
2015	2.8
2017	2.4

[*]Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN60

Percentage of High School Students Who Had Sexual Intercourse with Four or More Persons During Their Life, by Sex, Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017
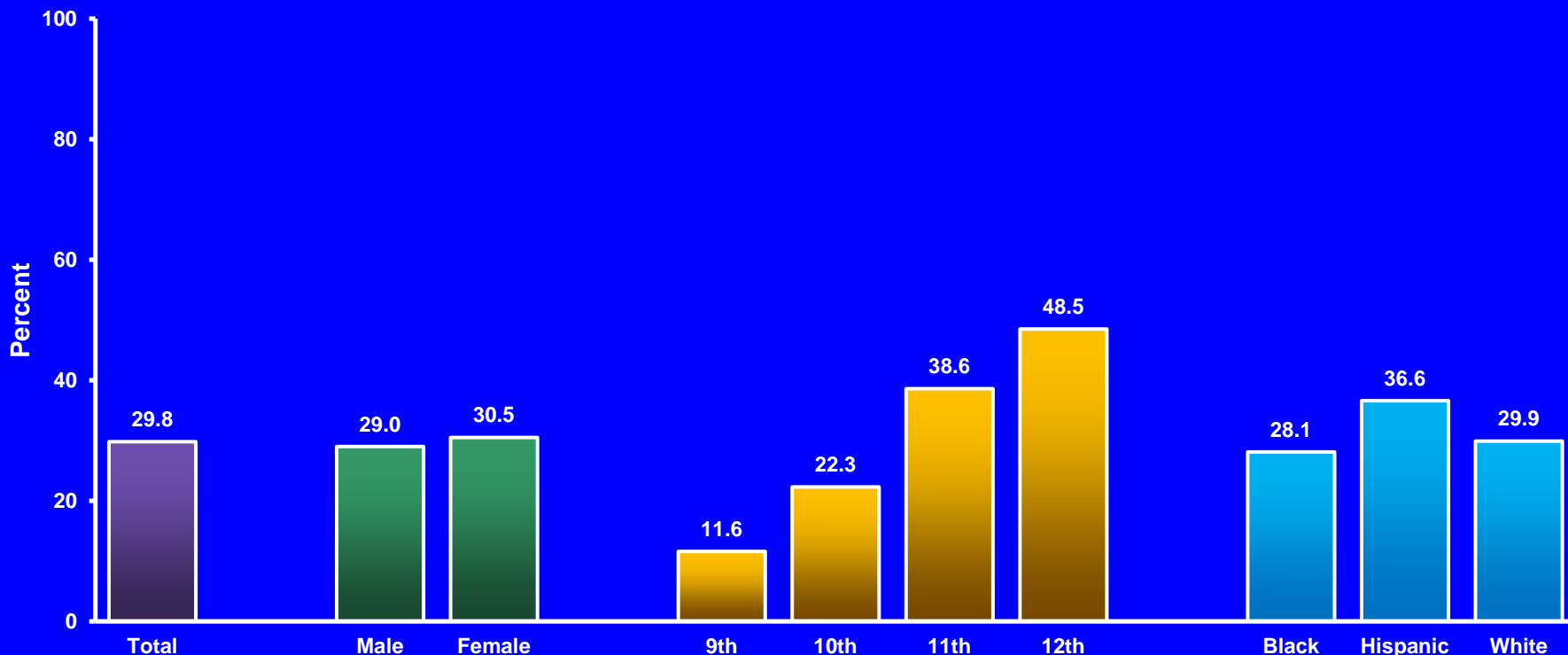

Percent

Total	8.6	
Male	9.1	
Female	7.9	
9th	2.4	
10th	5.4	
11th	10.1	
12th	17.0	
Black	15.0	
Hispanic	18.1	
White	7.9	

*10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN61

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Currently Sexually Active,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

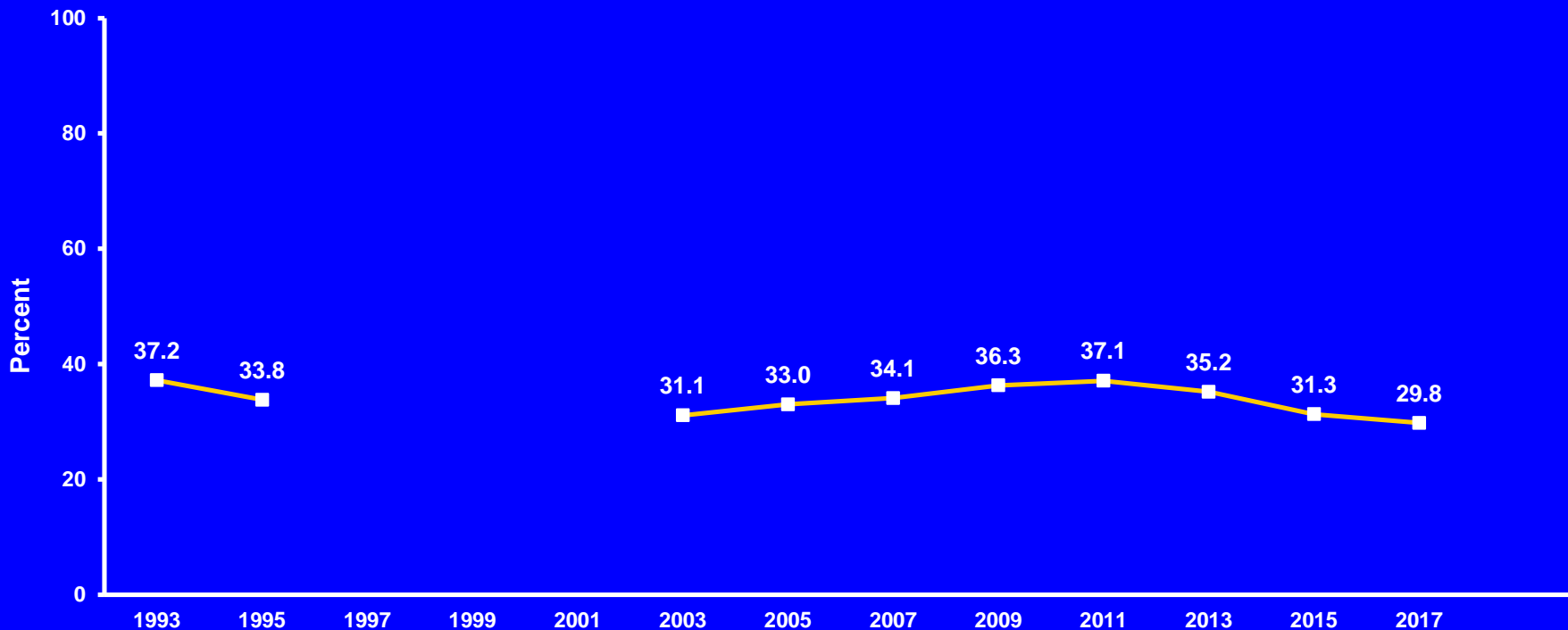| Category	Value
Total	29.8
Male	29.0
Female	30.5
9th	11.6
10th	22.3
11th	38.6
12th	48.5
Black	28.1
Hispanic	36.6
White	29.9

*Had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey
†10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN62

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Currently Sexually Active,* 1993-2017†
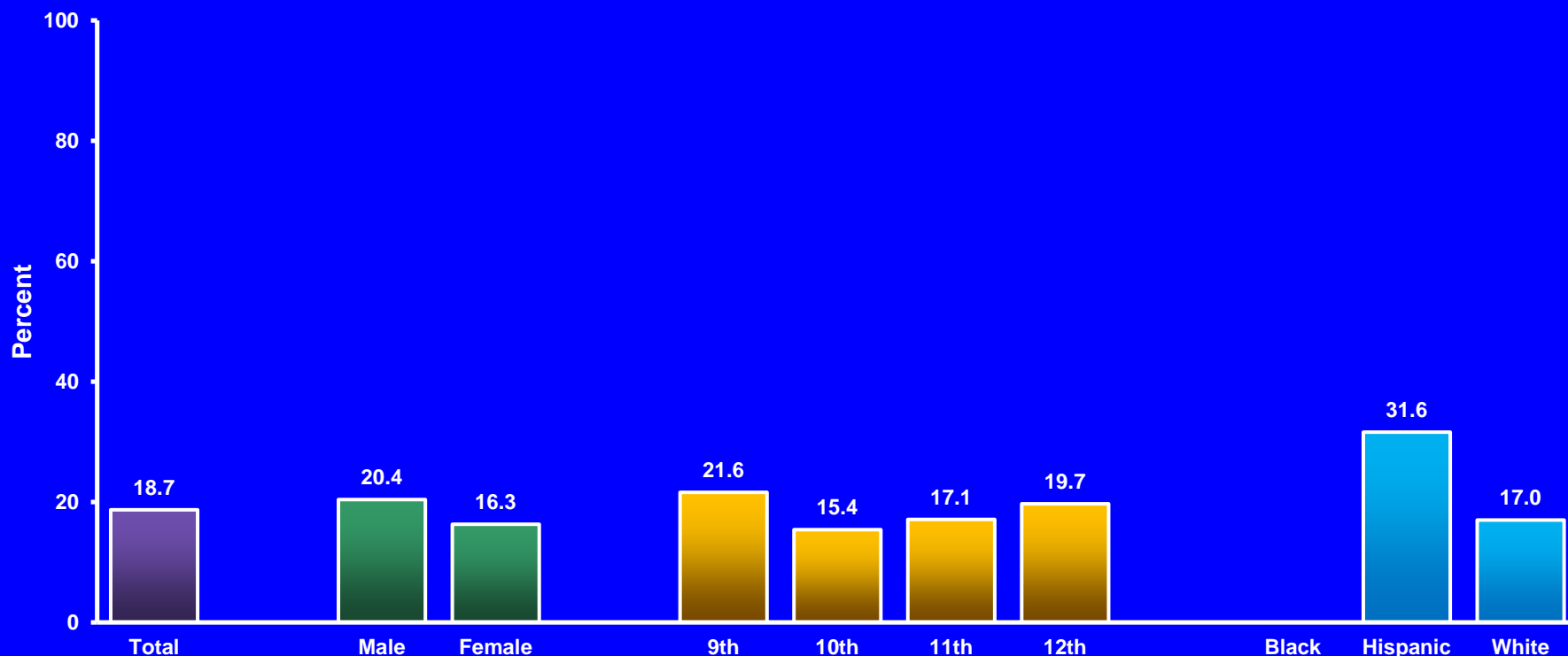

*Had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey
†Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN62

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Alcohol or Used Drugs Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
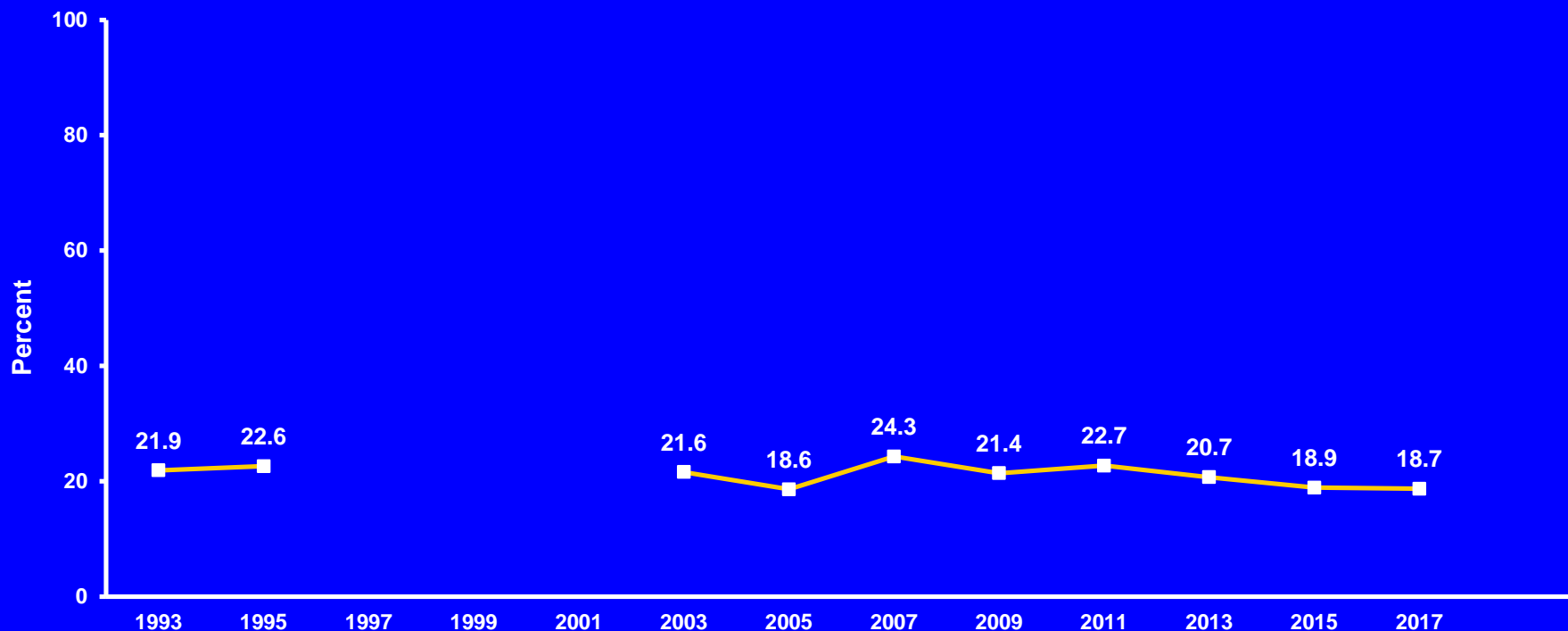
*Among students who were currently sexually active
†M > F; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN63

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Alcohol or Used Drugs Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* 1993-2017[†]
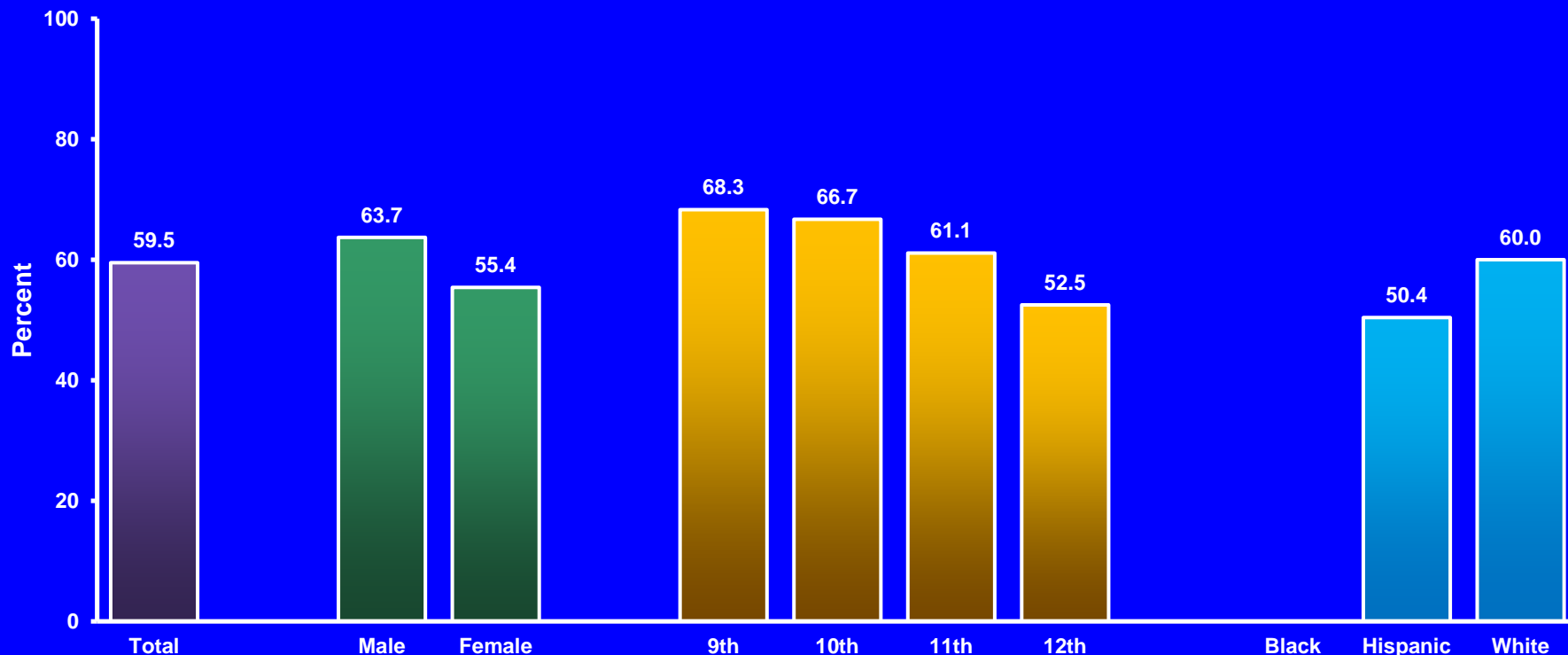

*Among students who were currently sexually active
[†]Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN63

Percentage of High School Students Who Used a Condom During Last Sexual Intercourse,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
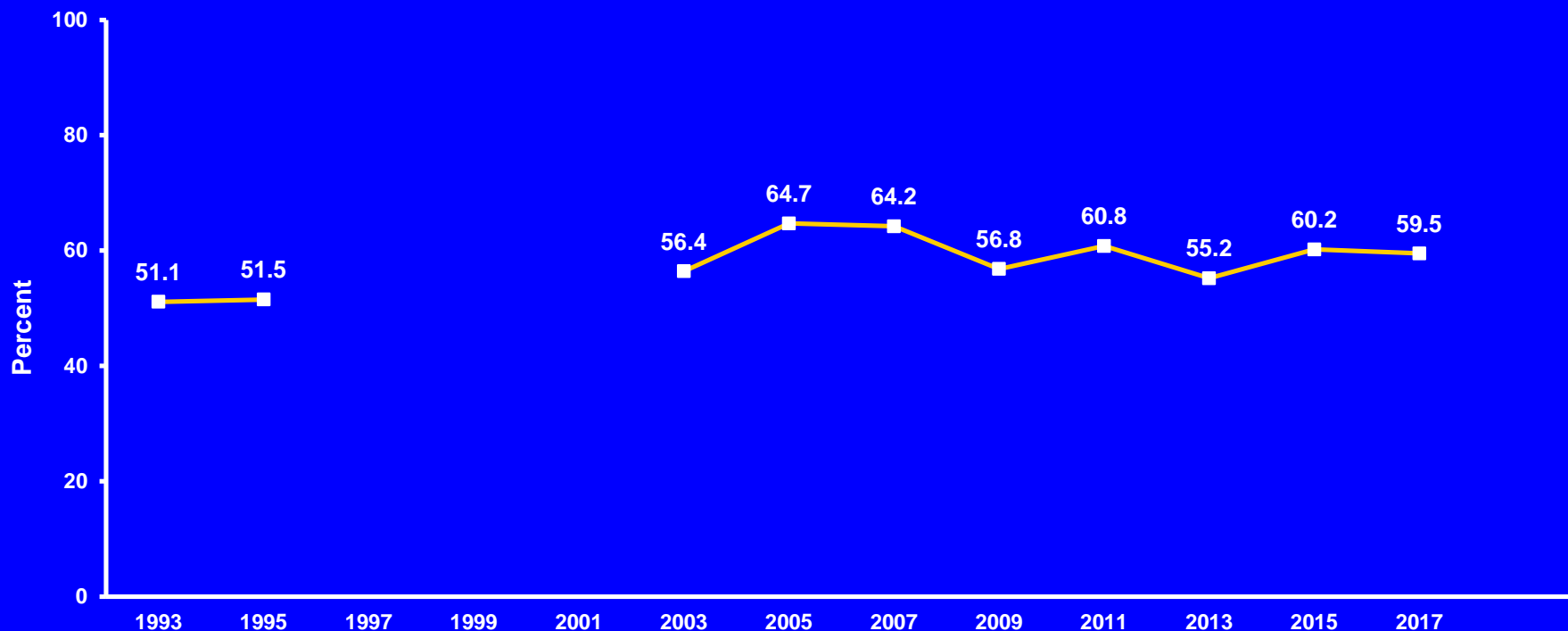

*Among students who were currently sexually active
†M > F; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN64

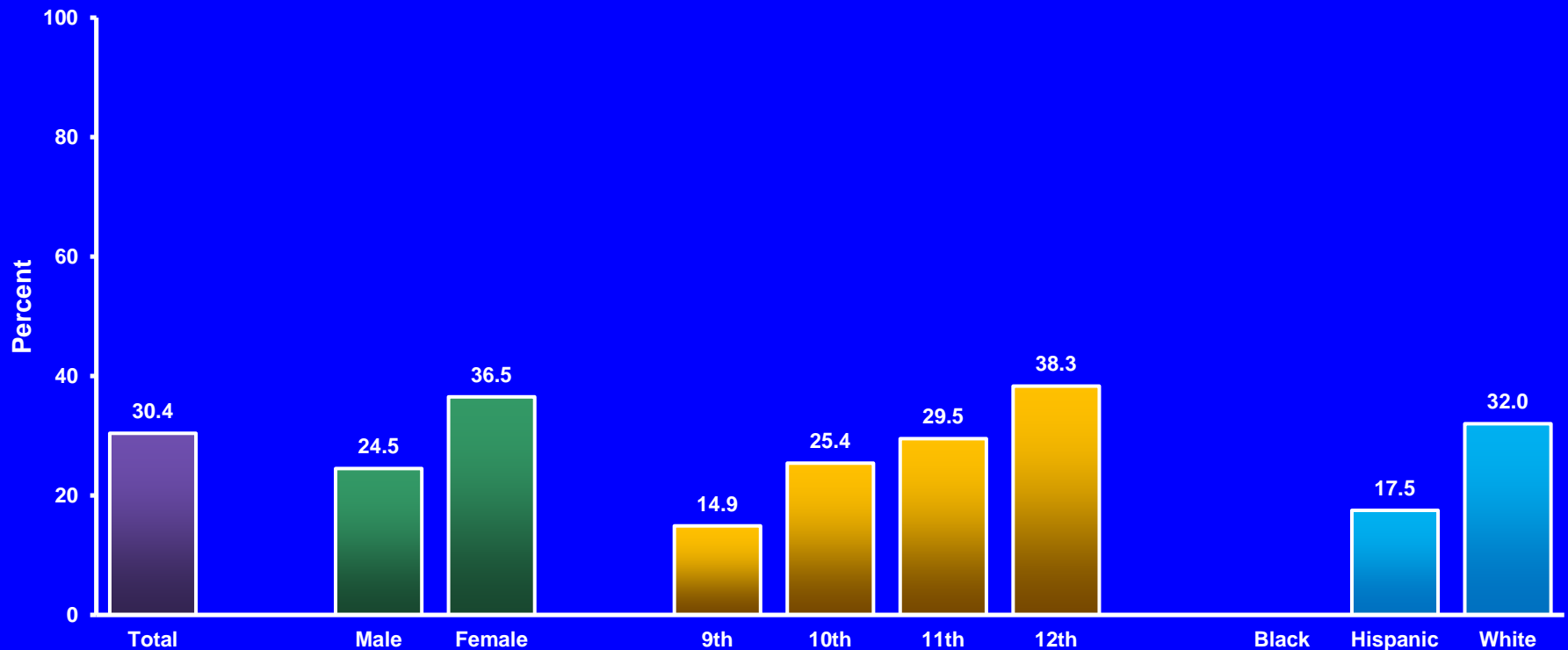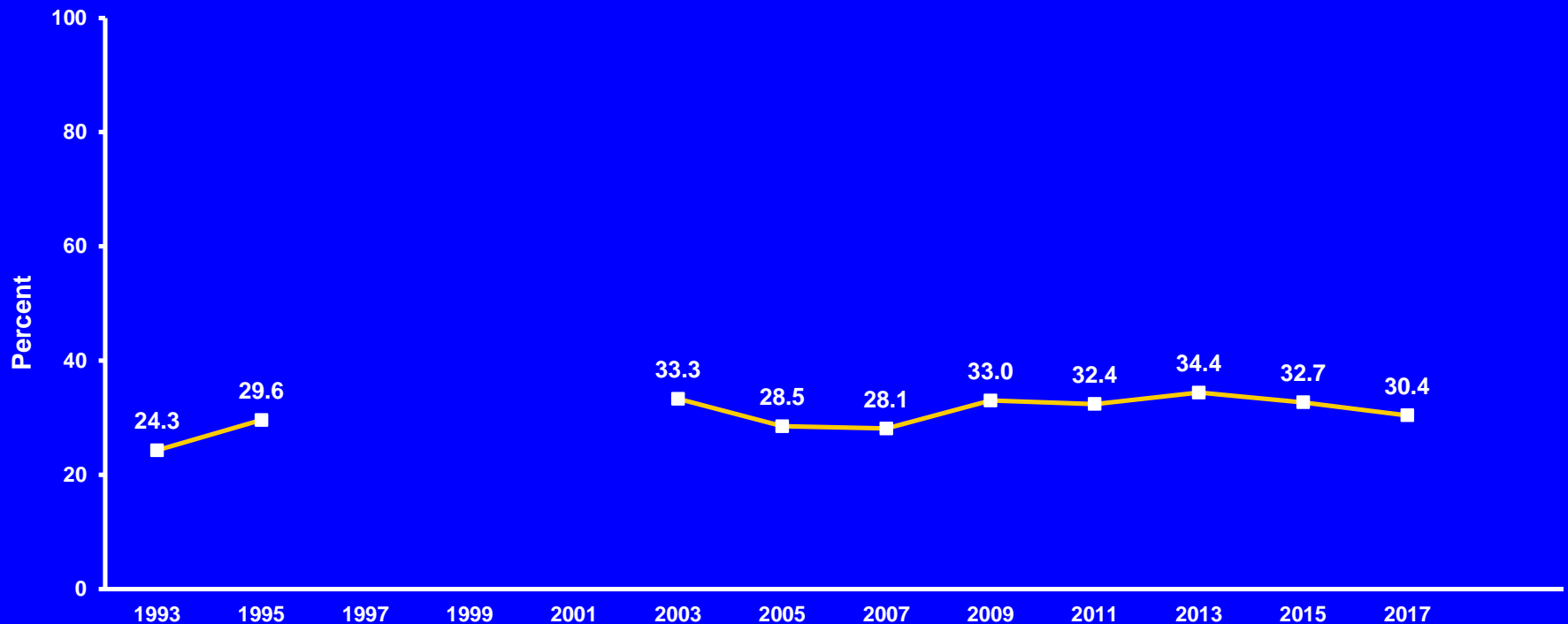# Percentage of High School Students Who Used a Condom During Last Sexual Intercourse,* 1993-2017[†]

*Among students who were currently sexually active
[†]Increased 1993-2017, increased 1993-2005, decreased 2005-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN64

Percentage of High School Students Who Used Birth Control Pills Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Bar chart showing Percent (y-axis 0 to 100):

- Total: 30.4
- Male: 24.5
- Female: 36.5
- 9th: 14.9
- 10th: 25.4
- 11th: 29.5
- 12th: 38.3
- Black: (no bar)
- Hispanic: 17.5
- White: 32.0

*To prevent pregnancy, among students who were currently sexually active
†F > M; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN65

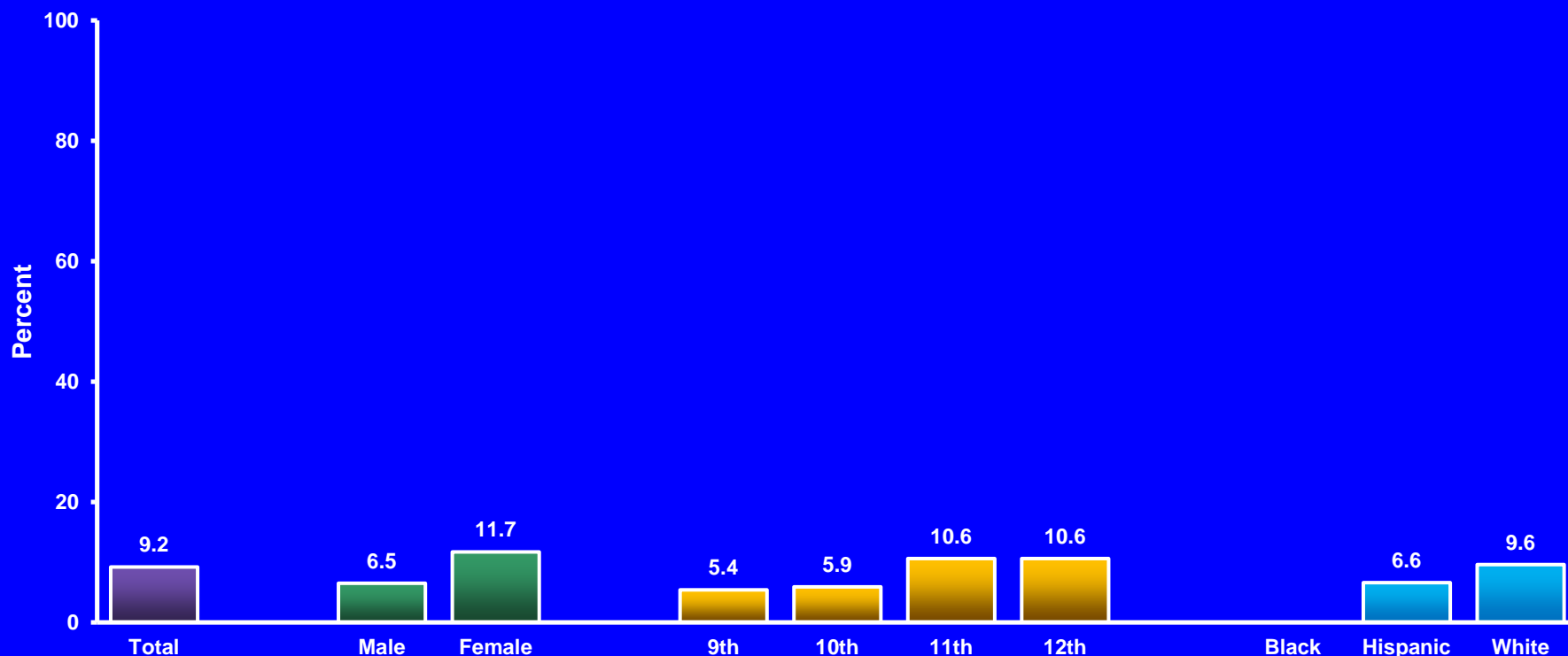# Percentage of High School Students Who Used Birth Control Pills Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* 1993-2017†

*To prevent pregnancy, among students who were currently sexually active
†Increased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN65

Percentage of High School Students Who Used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or Paragard) or Implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon),* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	9.2
Male	6.5
Female	11.7
9th	5.4
10th	5.9
11th	10.6
12th	10.6
Black	
Hispanic	6.6
White	9.6

*Before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
†F > M; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNIUDIMP

Percentage of High School Students Who Used an IUD (e.g., Mirena or Paragard) or Implant (e.g., Implanon or Nexplanon),* 2013-2017[†]
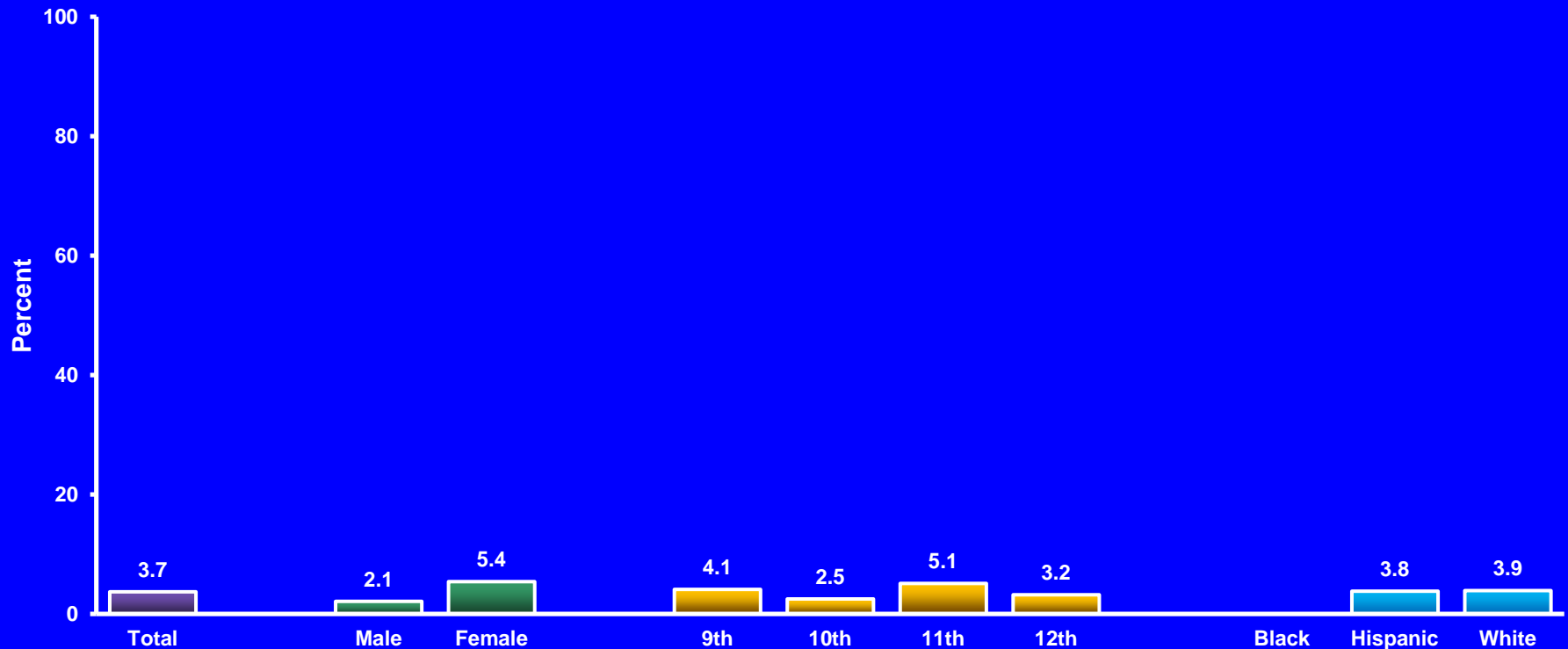

*Before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
[†]Increased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QNIUDIMP

Percentage of High School Students Who Used a Shot (e.g., Depo-Provera), Patch (e.g., Orthoevra), or Birth Control Ring (e.g., Nuvaring),* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*Before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
†F > M; 11th > 10th (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNSHPARG

Percentage of High School Students Who Used a Shot (e.g., Depo-Provera), Patch (e.g., Orthoevra), or Birth Control Ring (e.g., Nuvaring),* 2013-2017[†]
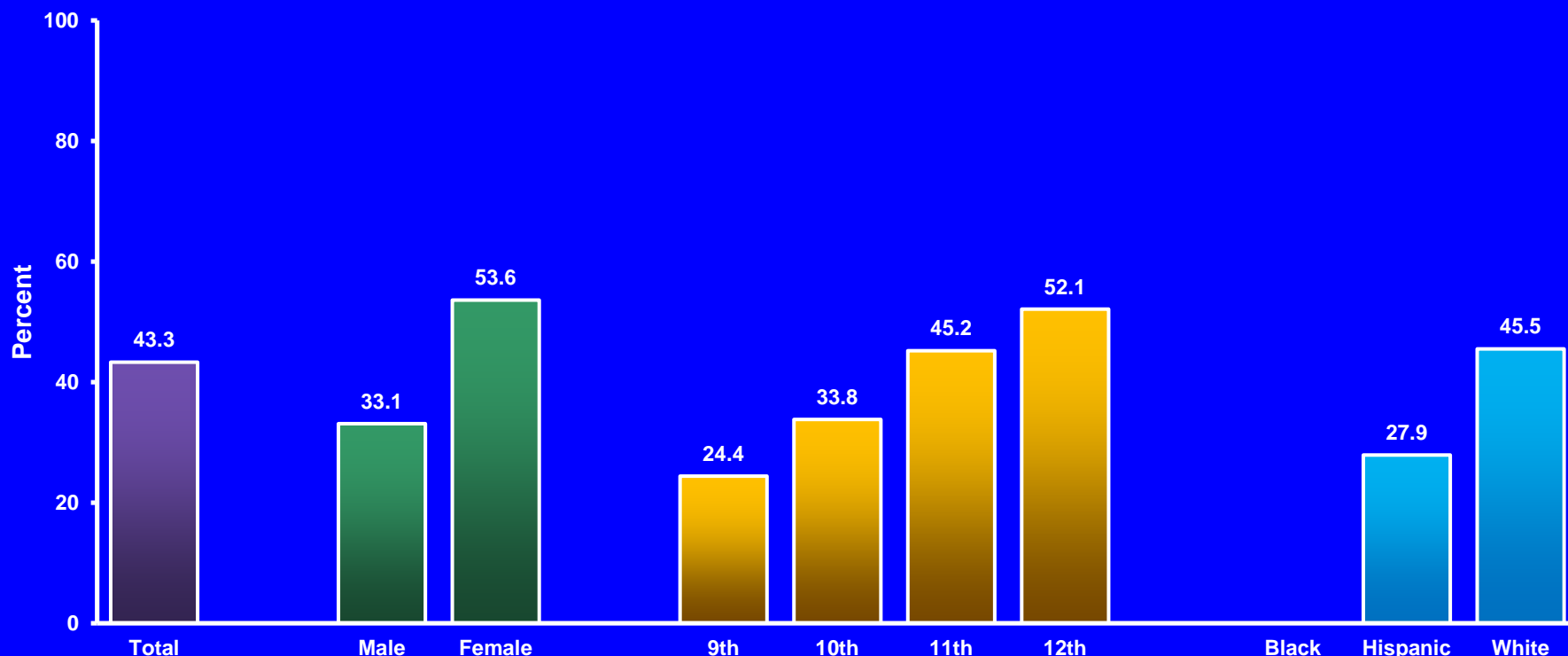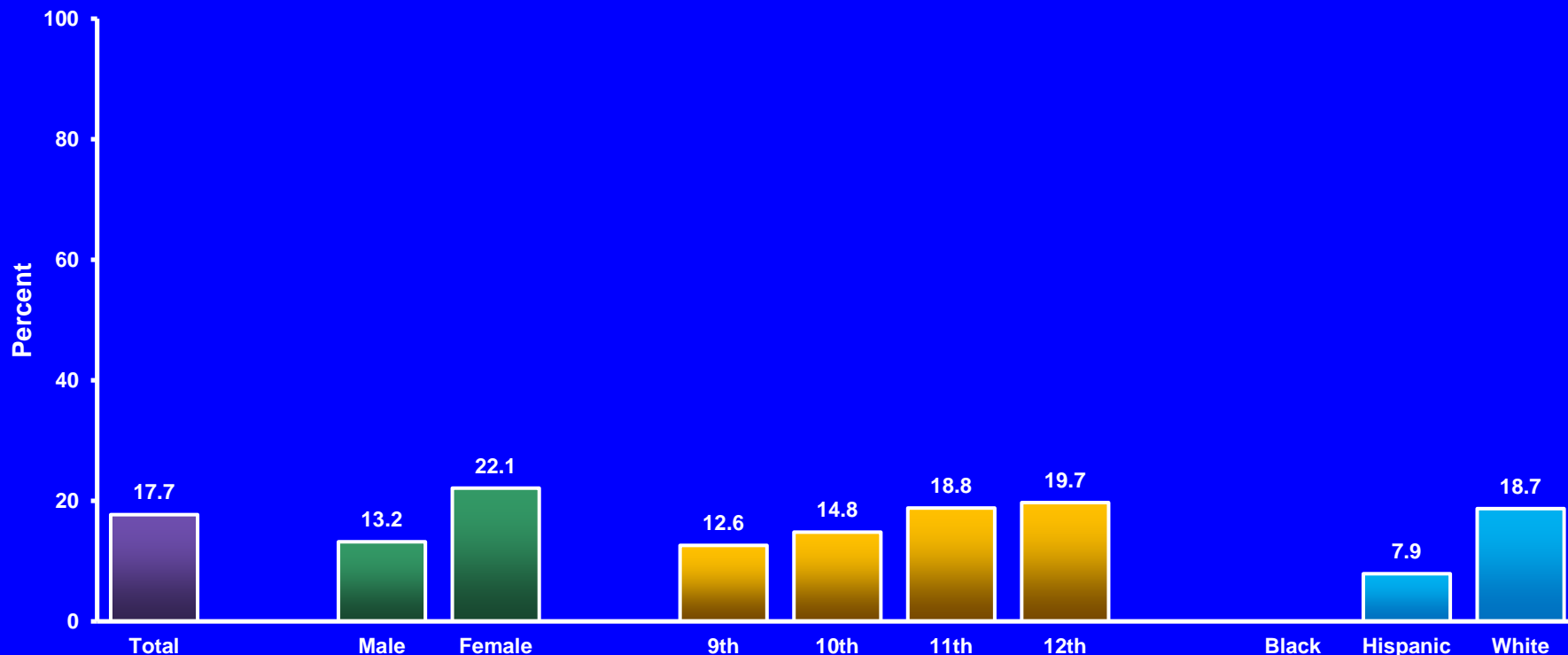
*Before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QNSHPARG

Percentage of High School Students Who Used Birth Control Pills; an IUD or Implant; or a Shot, Patch, or Birth Control Ring,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
43.3	33.1	53.6	24.4	33.8	45.2	52.1		27.9	45.5

*Before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
†F > M; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNOTHHPL

Percentage of High School Students Who Used Both a Condom During and Birth Control Pills; an IUD or Implant; or a Shot, Patch, or Birth Control Ring Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*To prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
†F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNDUALBC

Percentage of High School Students Who Used Both a Condom During and Birth Control Pills; an IUD or Implant; or a Shot, Patch, or Birth Control Ring Before Last Sexual Intercourse,* 2013-2017†
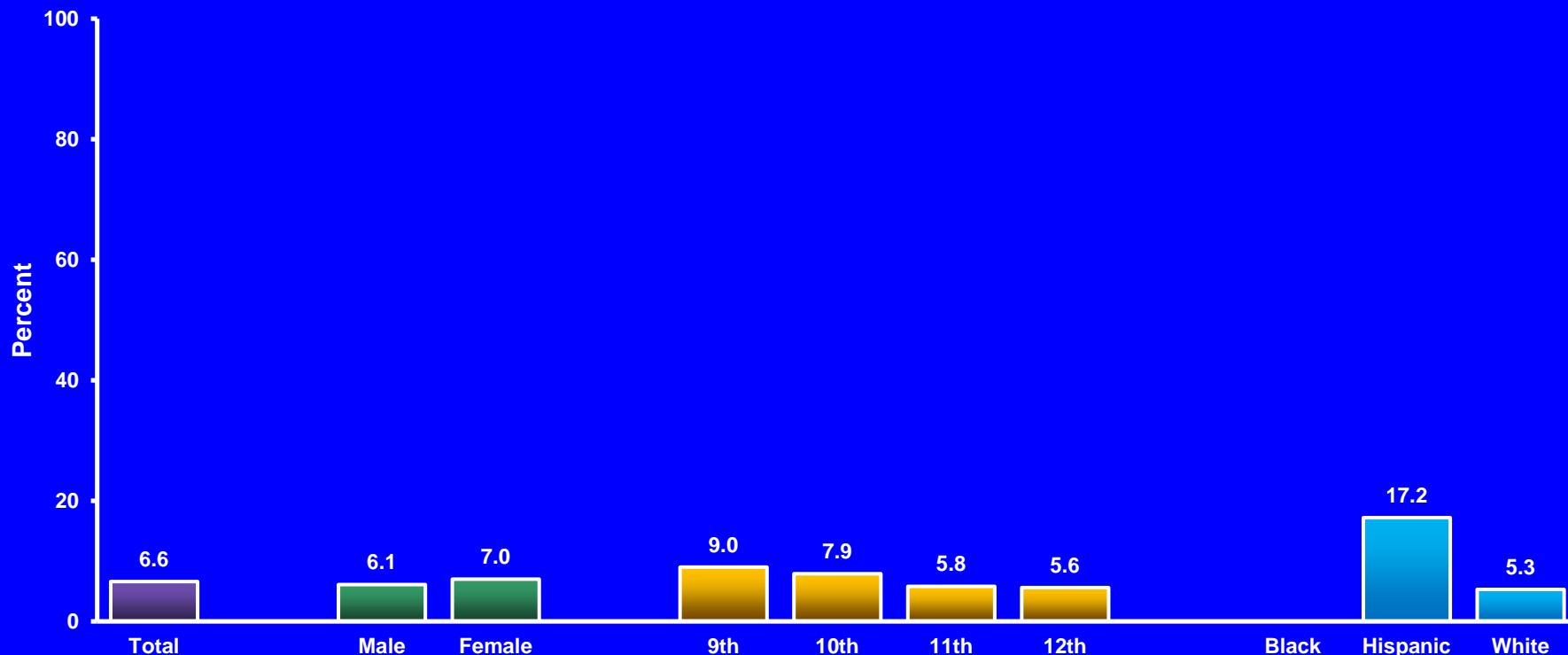

*To prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active
†No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QNDUALBC

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Use Any Method to Prevent Pregnancy,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	6.6
Male	6.1
Female	7.0
9th	9.0
10th	7.9
11th	5.8
12th	5.6
Hispanic	17.2
White	5.3

*During last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active
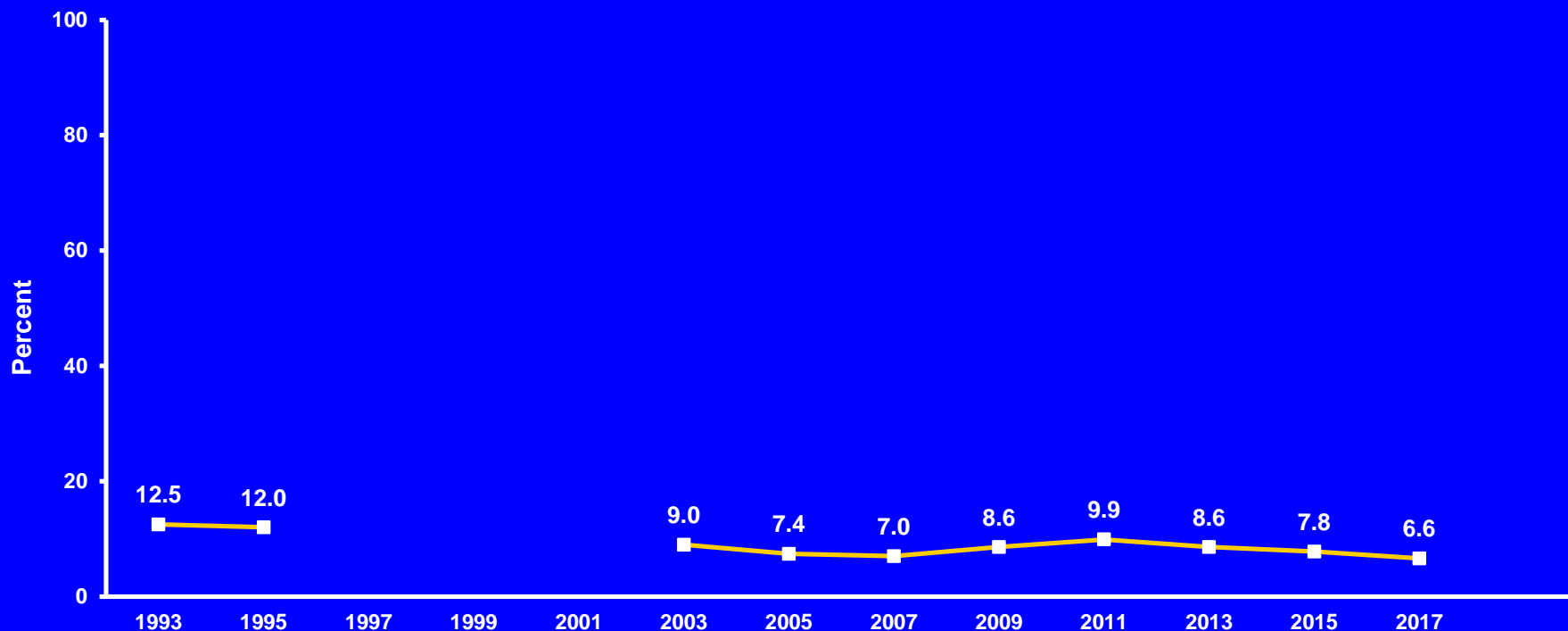†H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Missing bar indicates fewer than 100 students in this subgroup.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNBCNONE

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Use Any Method to Prevent Pregnancy,* 1993-2017†


*During last sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active
†Decreased 1993-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QNBCNONE

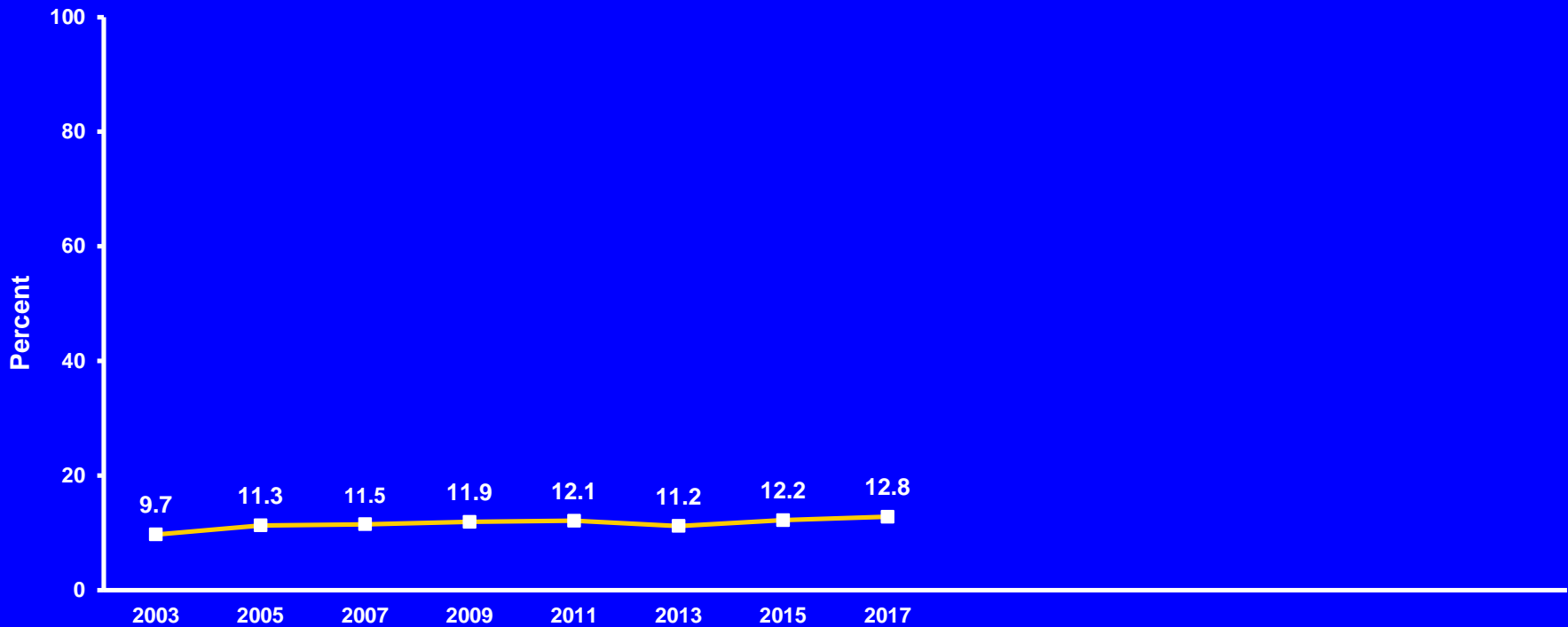# Percentage of High School Students Who Had Obesity,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
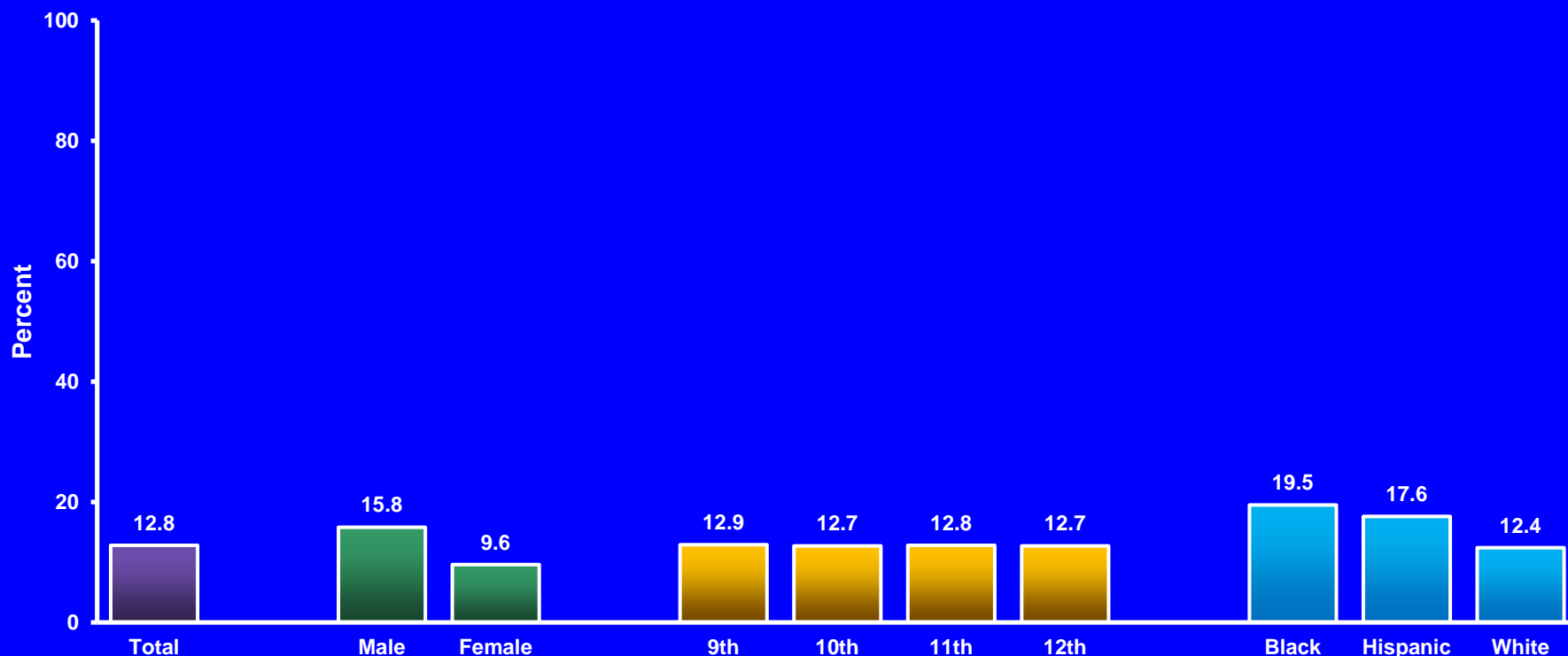
* ≥ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts. In 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNOBESE

Percentage of High School Students Who Had Obesity,* 2003-2017[†]

Percent (y-axis)

- 2003: 9.7
- 2005: 11.3
- 2007: 11.5
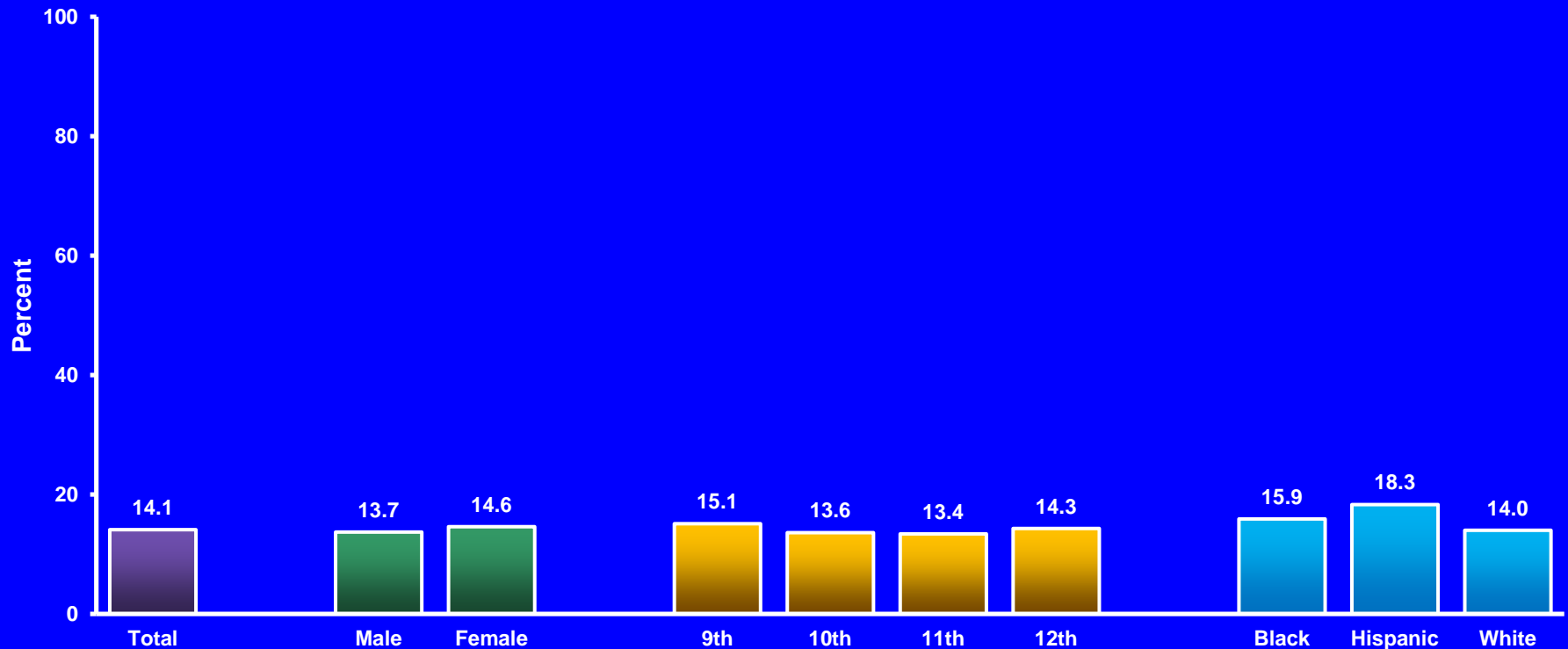- 2009: 11.9
- 2011: 12.1
- 2013: 11.2
- 2015: 12.2
- 2017: 12.8

* ≥ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts. In 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.
[†]No change 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QNOBESE

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Overweight,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
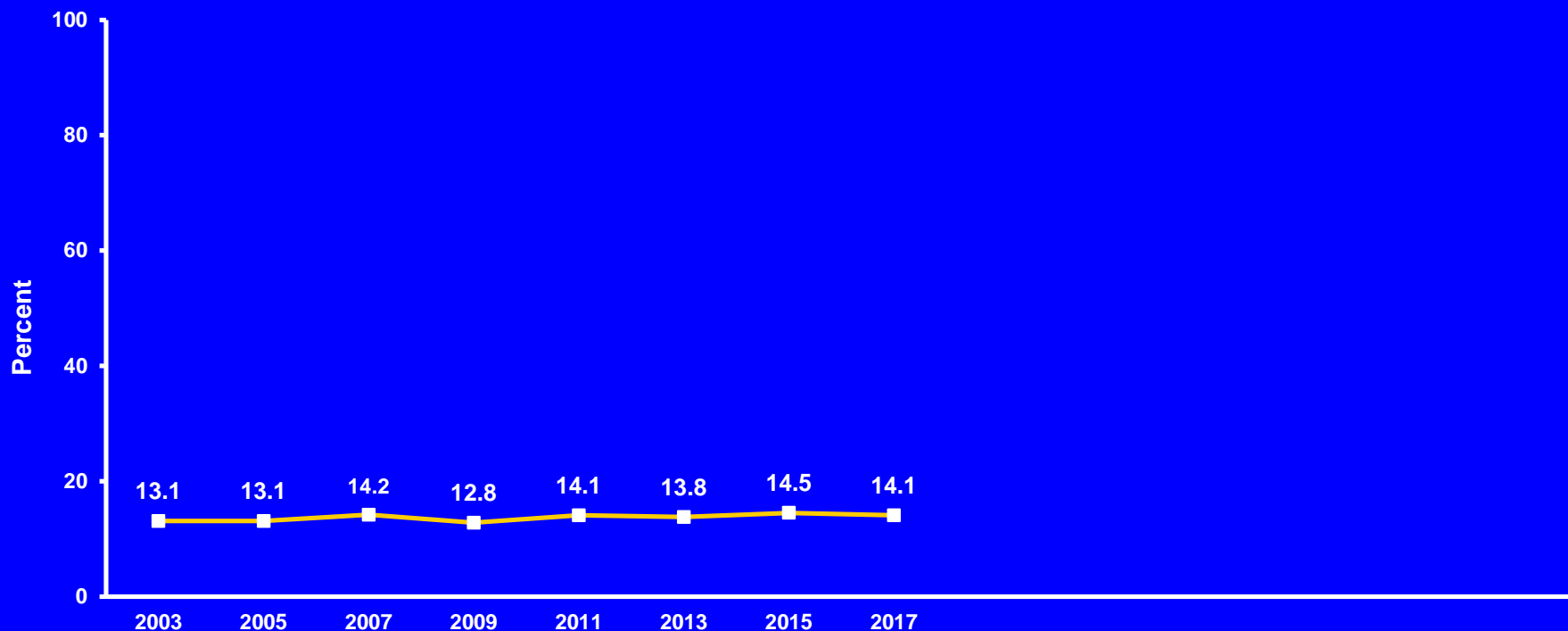

* ≥ 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts. In 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.
†H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNOWT

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Overweight,* 2003-2017†

Percent (y-axis)

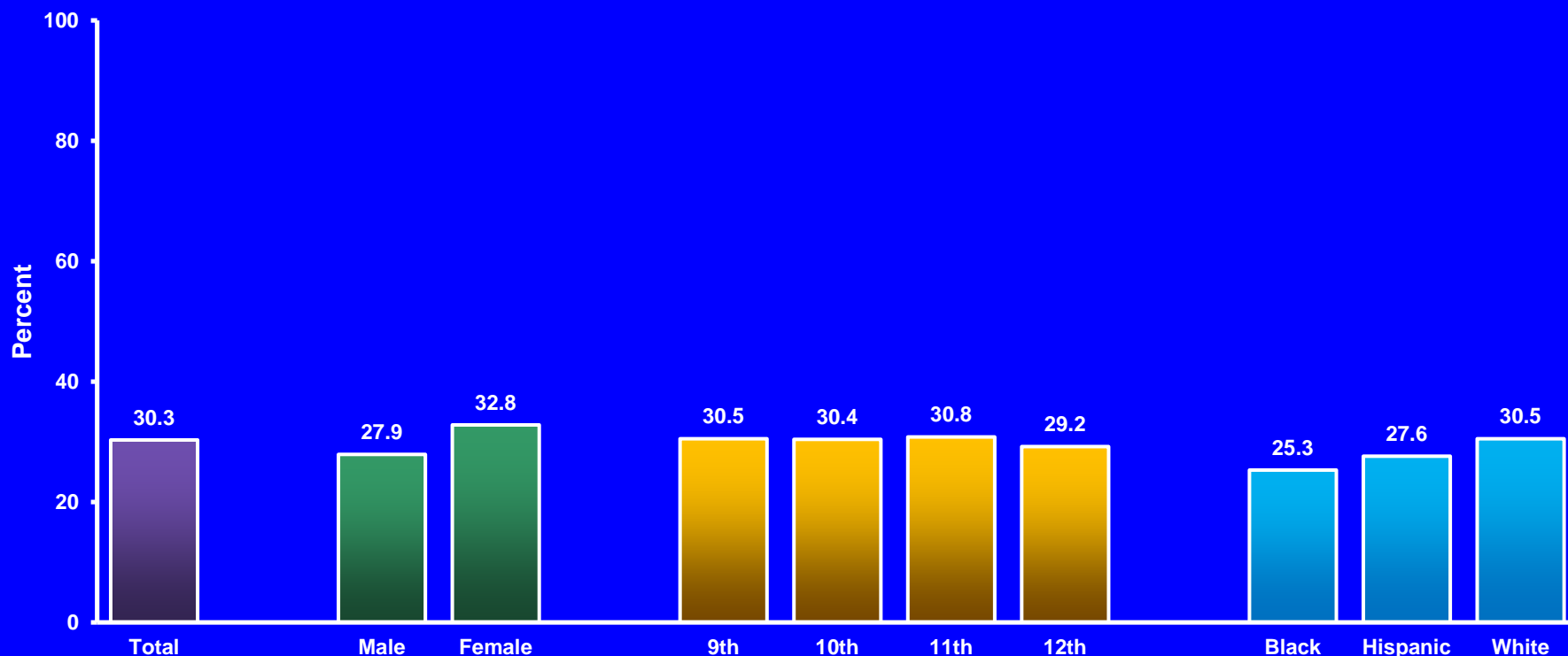| Year	Percent
2003	13.1
2005	13.1
2007	14.2
2009	12.8
2011	14.1
2013	13.8
2015	14.5
2017	14.1

* ≥ 85th percentile but <95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts. In 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

†No change 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QNOWT

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Drink Fruit Juice,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

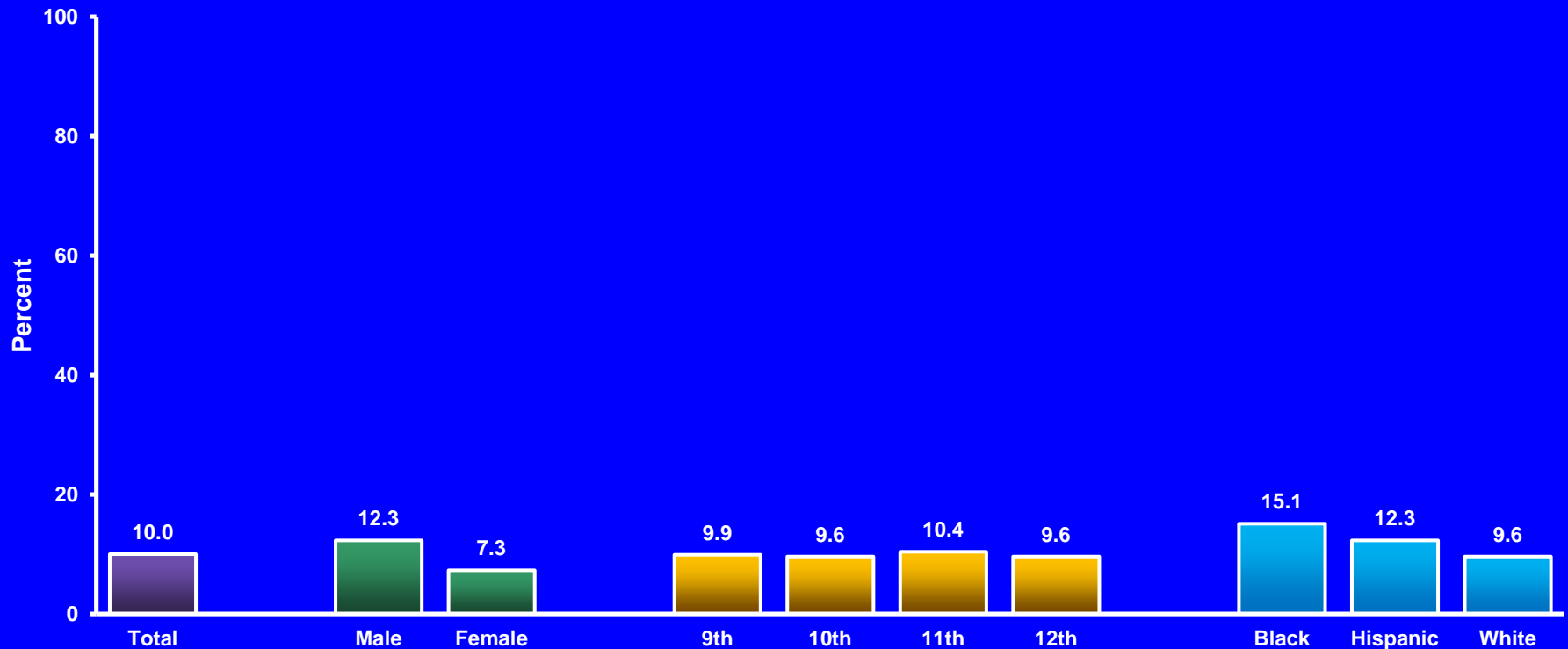| Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
30.3	27.9	32.8	30.5	30.4	30.8	29.2	25.3	27.6	30.5

*100% fruit juices one or more times during the 7 days before the survey
†F > M (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN70

**Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Eat Fruit,* by Sex,†
Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017**

Percent

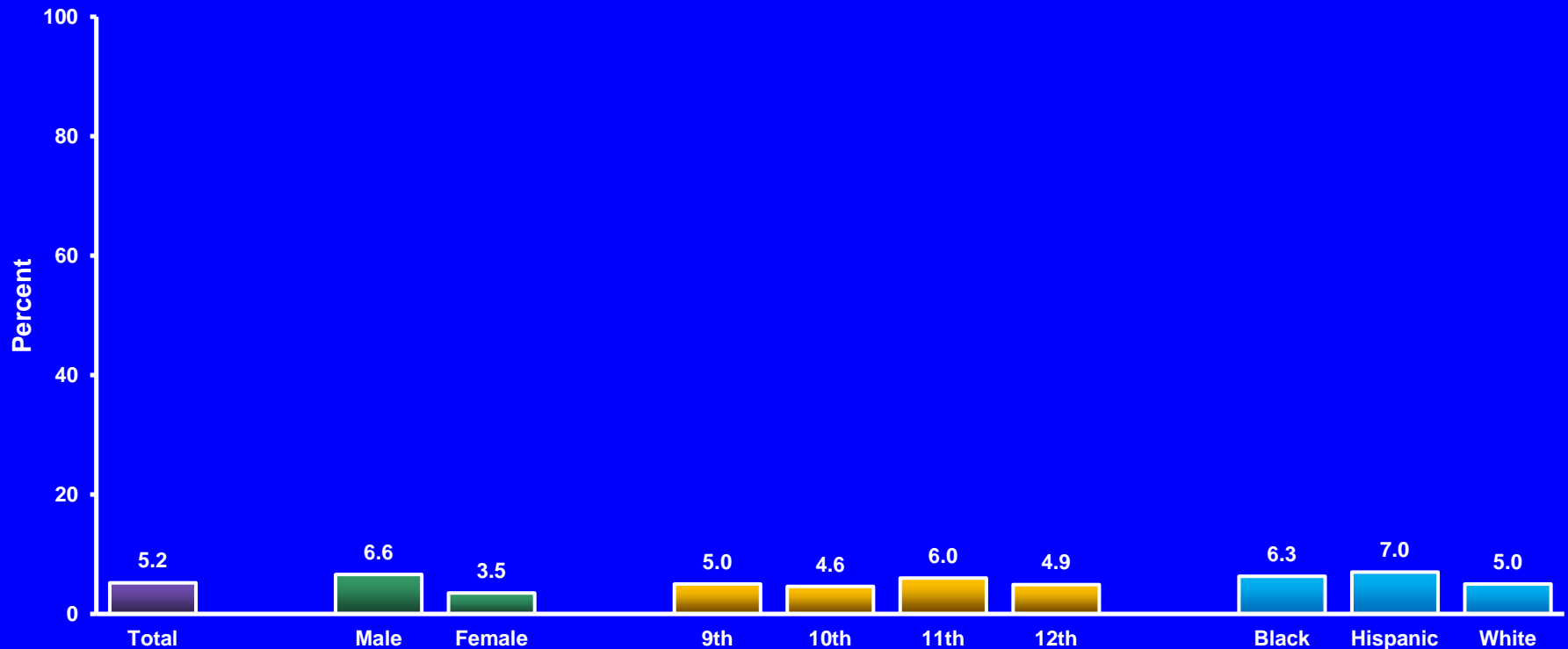| Category	Value
Total	10.0
Male	12.3
Female	7.3
9th	9.9
10th	9.6
11th	10.4
12th	9.6
Black	15.1
Hispanic	12.3
White	9.6

*One or more times during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN71

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Eat Fruit or Drink 100% Fruit Juices,* by Sex,[†] Grade,[†] and Race/Ethnicity, 2017
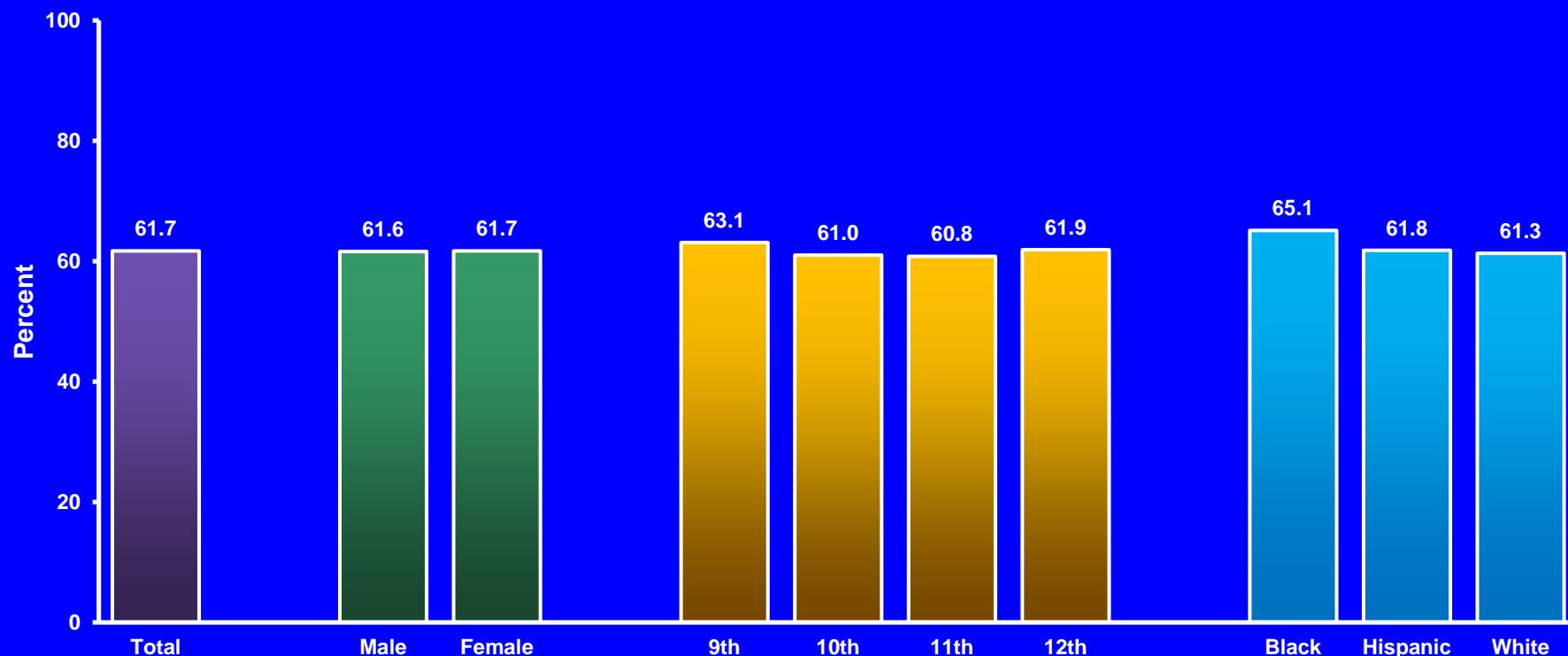
Percent

Category	Value
Total	5.2
Male	6.6
Female	3.5
9th	5.0
10th	4.6
11th	6.0
12th	4.9
Black	6.3
Hispanic	7.0
White	5.0

*Such as orange juice, apple juice, or grape juice, during the 7 days before the survey
[†]M > F; 11th > 10th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
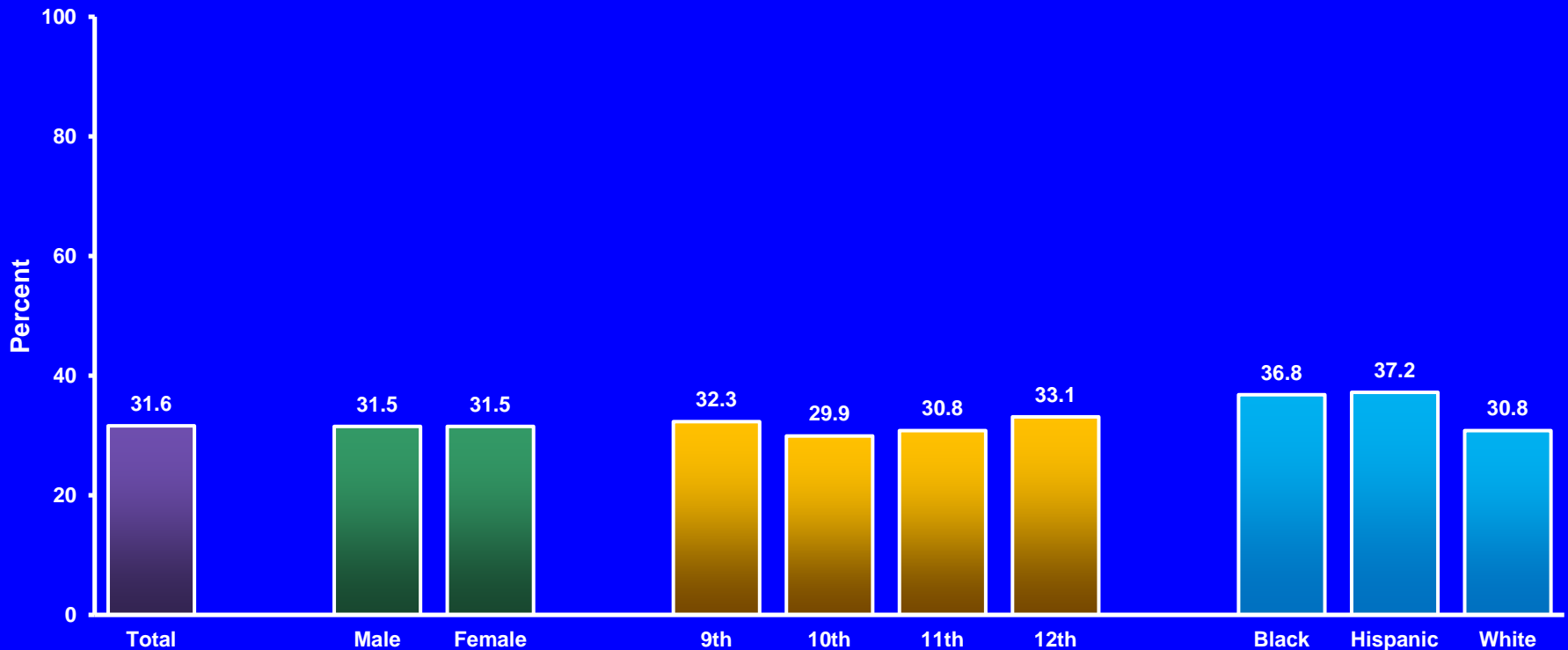Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNFR0

Percentage of High School Students Who Ate Fruit or Drank 100% Fruit Juices One or More Times Per Day,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*Such as orange juice, apple juice, or grape juice, during the 7 days before the survey
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNFR1

Percentage of High School Students Who Ate Fruit or Drank 100% Fruit Juices Two or More Times Per Day,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

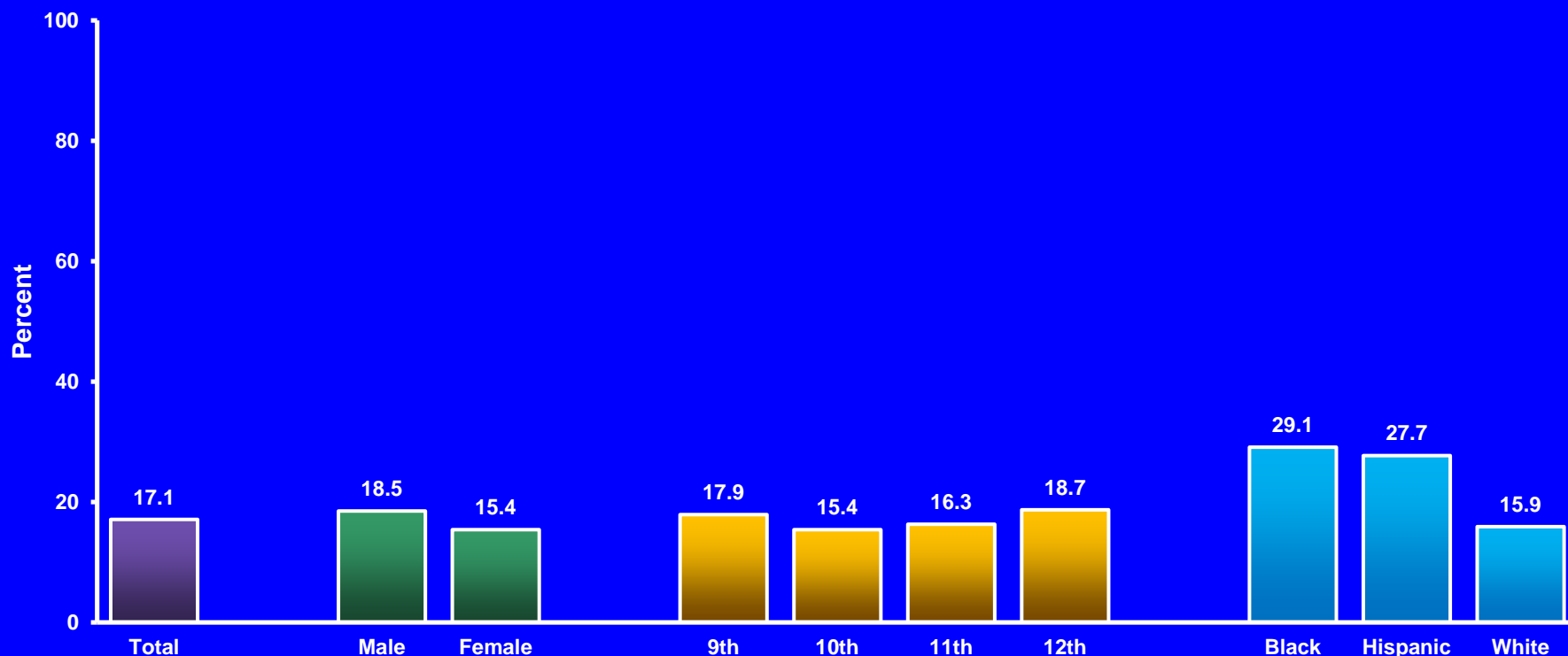*Such as orange juice, apple juice, or grape juice, during the 7 days before the survey
†H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNFR2

Percentage of High School Students Who Ate Fruit or Drank 100% Fruit Juices Three or More Times Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
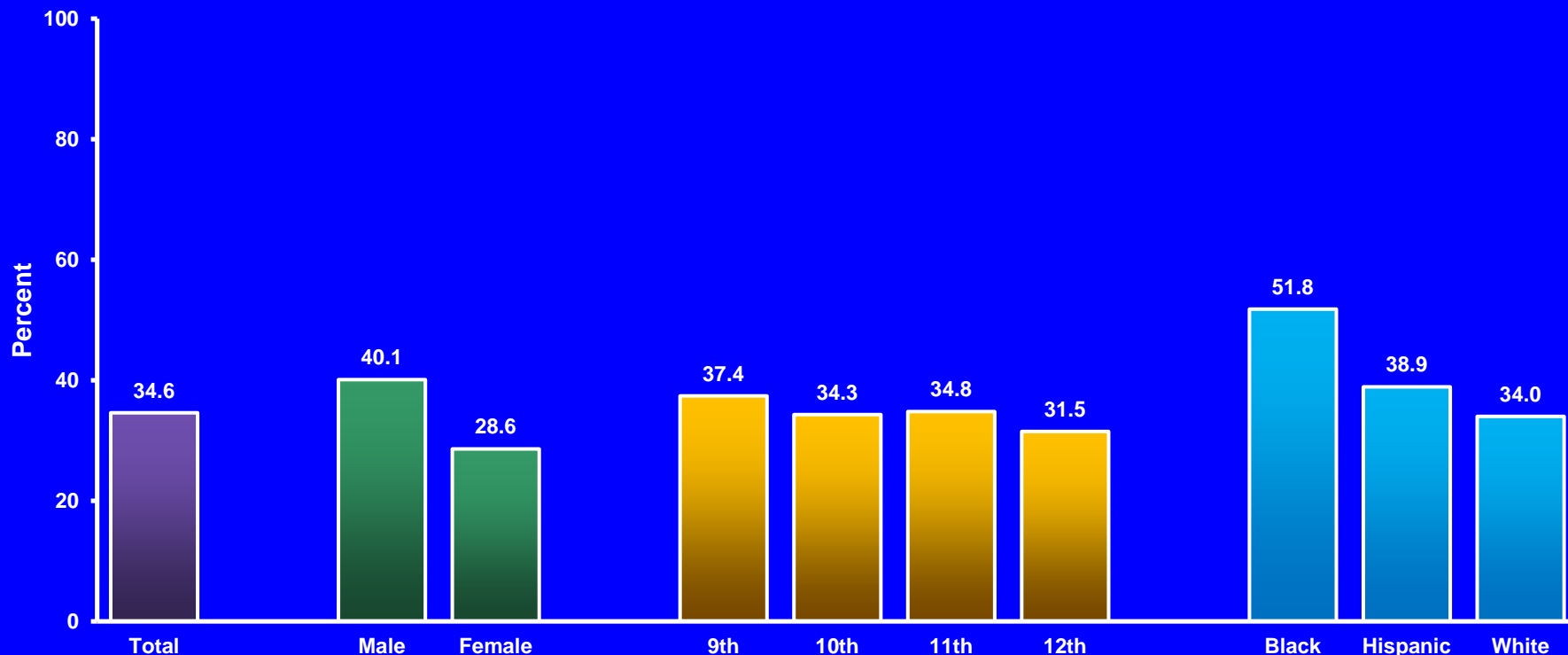
*Such as orange juice, apple juice, or grape juice, during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 10th, 12th > 10th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNFR3

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Eat Green Salad,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
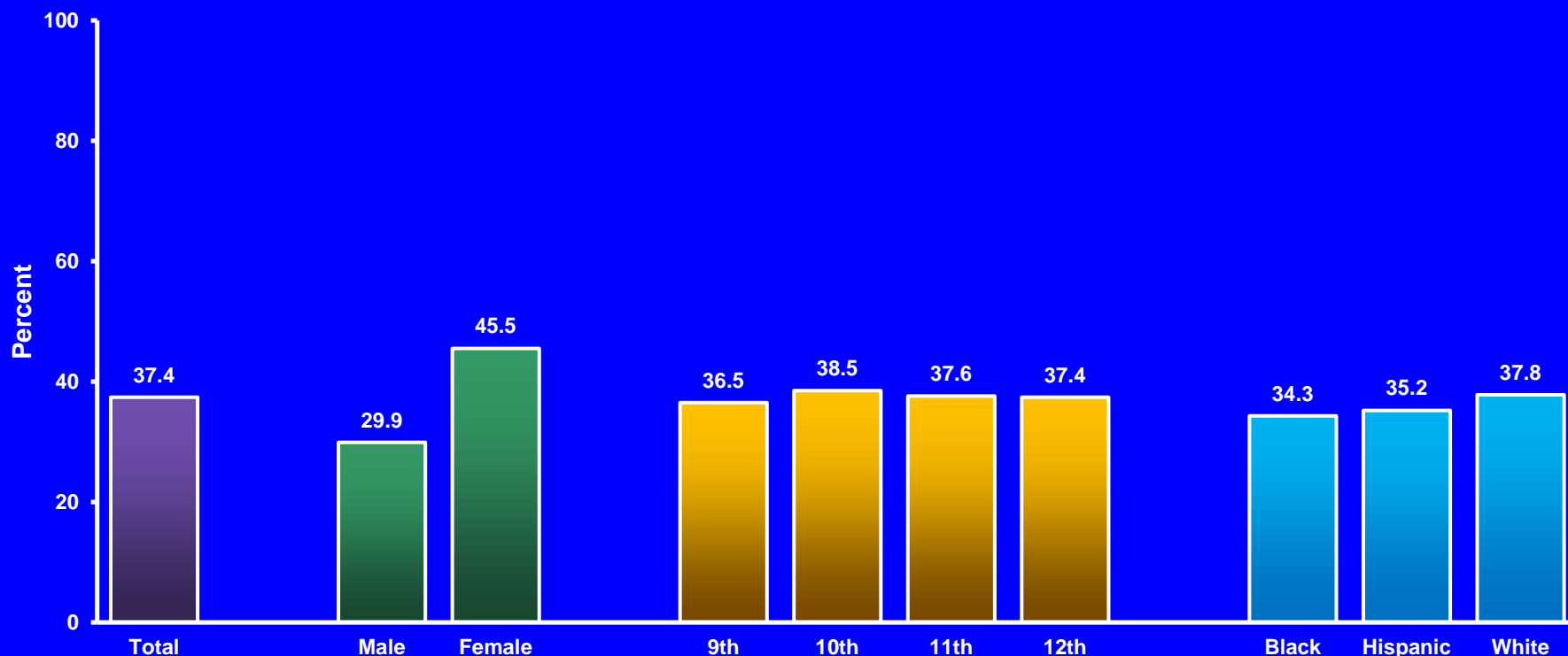
*One or more times during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 12th; B > H, B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN72

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Drink a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
†F > M (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN76

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Drink a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop,* 2015-2017[†]
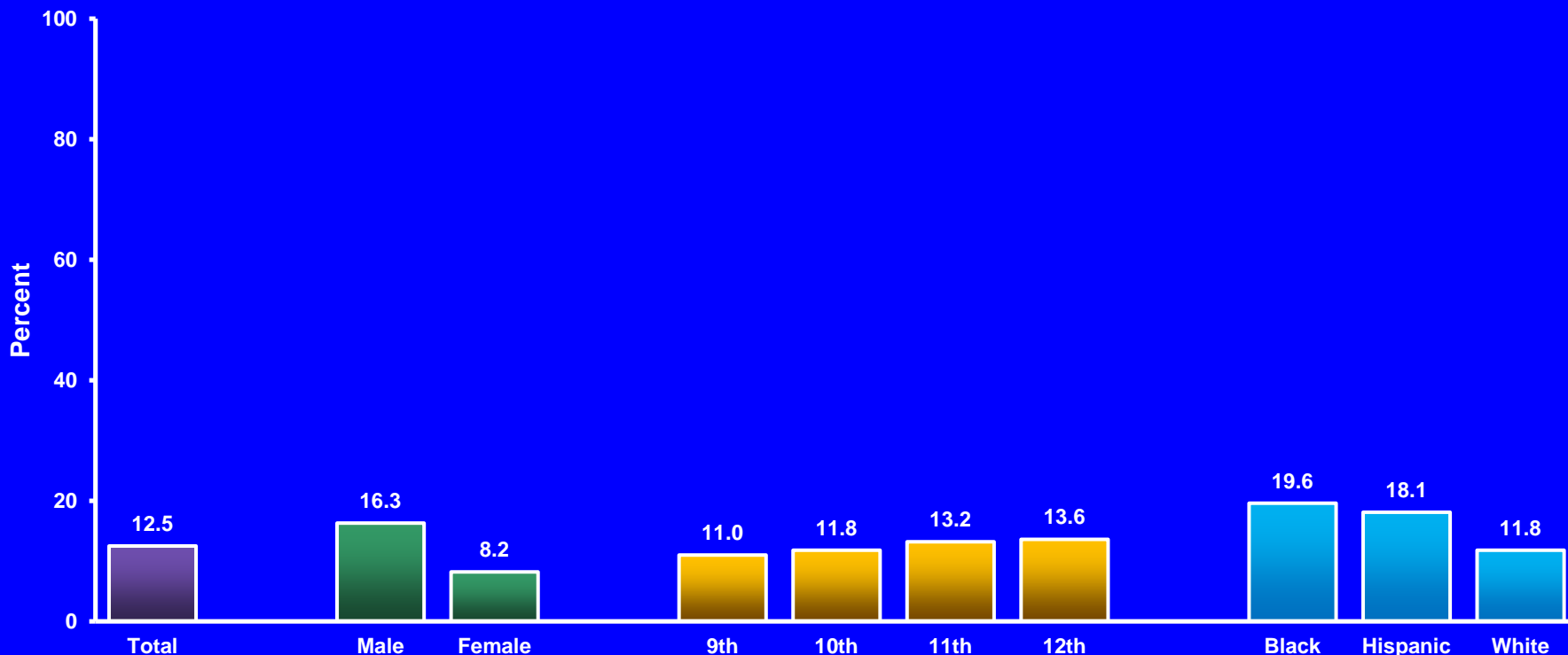

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
[†]No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN76

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop One or More Times Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; 12th > 9th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNSODA1

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop One or More Times Per Day,* 2015-2017[†]
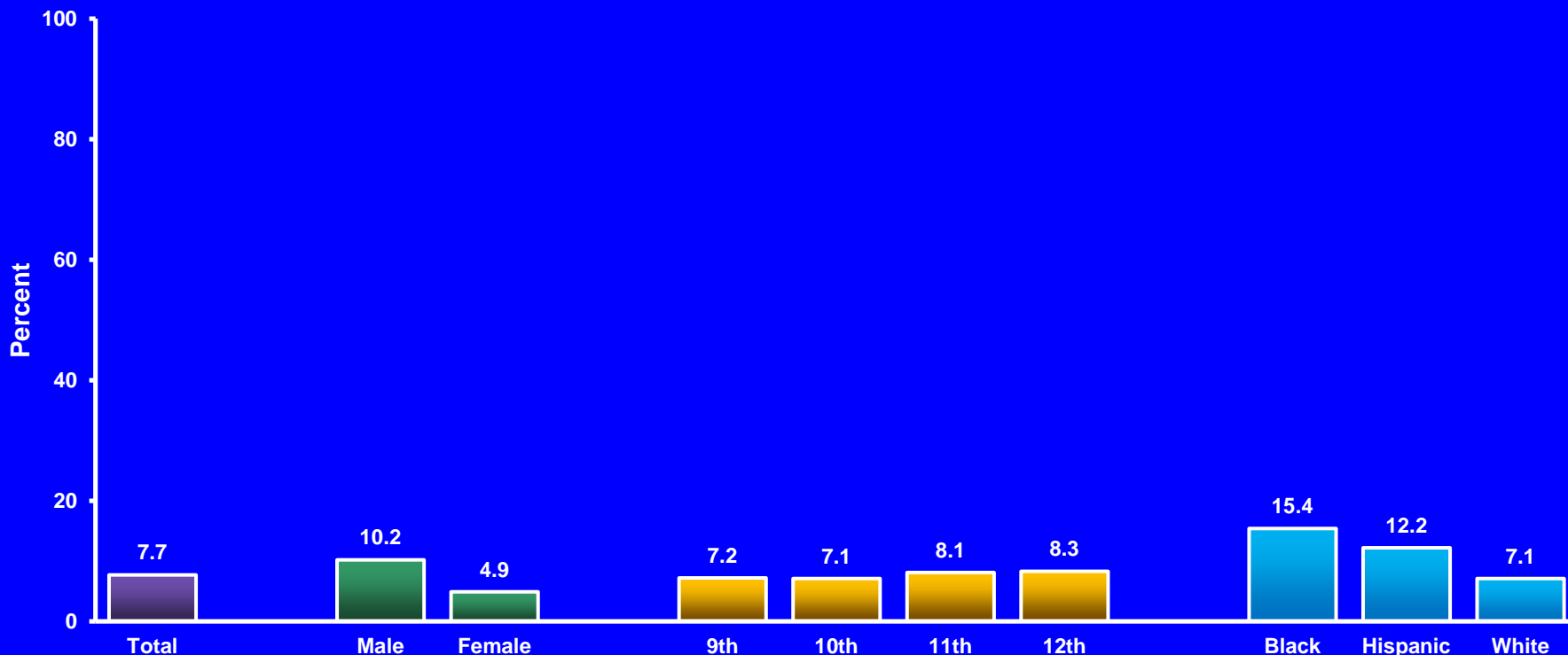

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
[†]No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QNSODA1

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop Two or More Times Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNSODA2

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop Two or More Times Per Day,* 2015-2017†
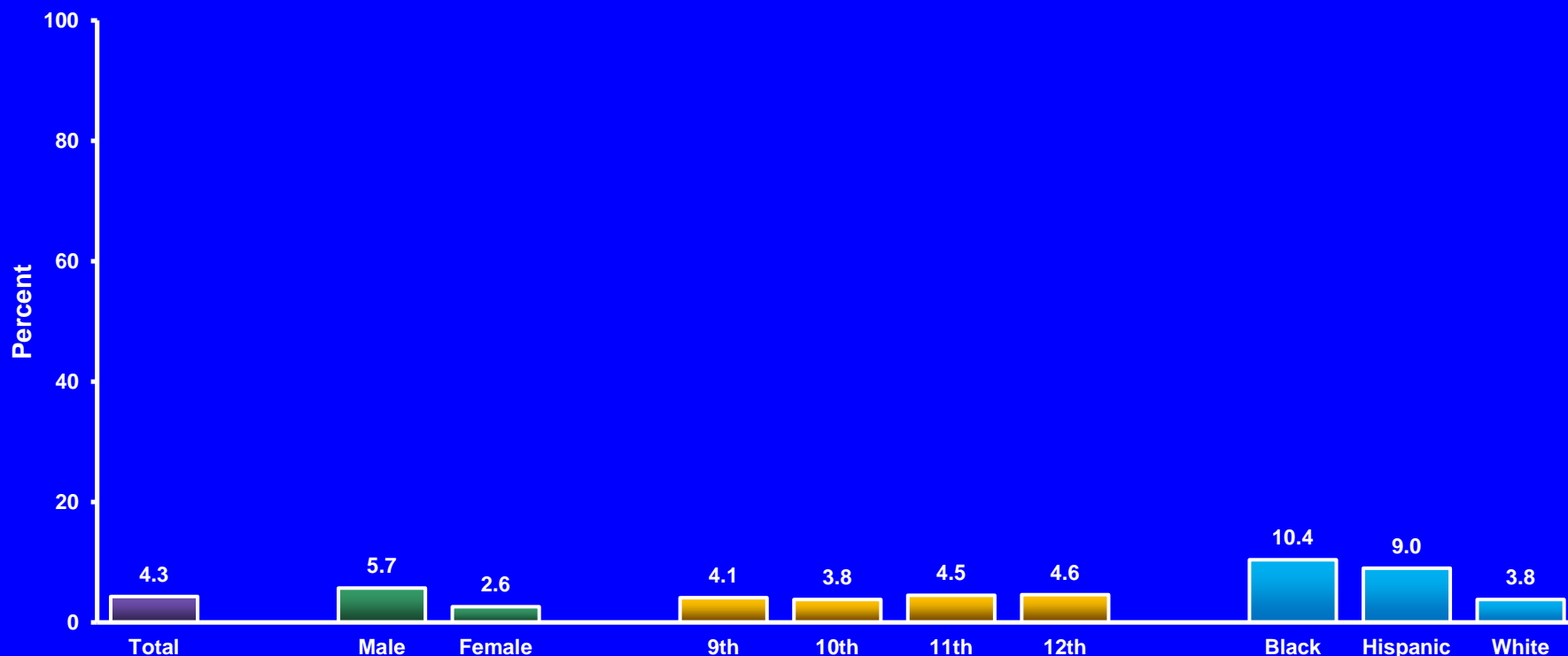
Percent

100

80

60

40

20

0

9.4

7.7

2015   2017

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
†Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QNSODA2

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop Three or More Times Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
4.3	5.7	2.6	4.1	3.8	4.5	4.6	10.4	9.0	3.8

*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNSODA3

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of Soda or Pop Three or More Times Per Day,* 2015-2017[†]


*Such as Coke, Pepsi, or Sprite, not counting diet soda or diet pop, during the 7 days before the survey
[†]Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QNSODA3

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Physically Active at Least 60 Minutes Per Day on 5 or More Days,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
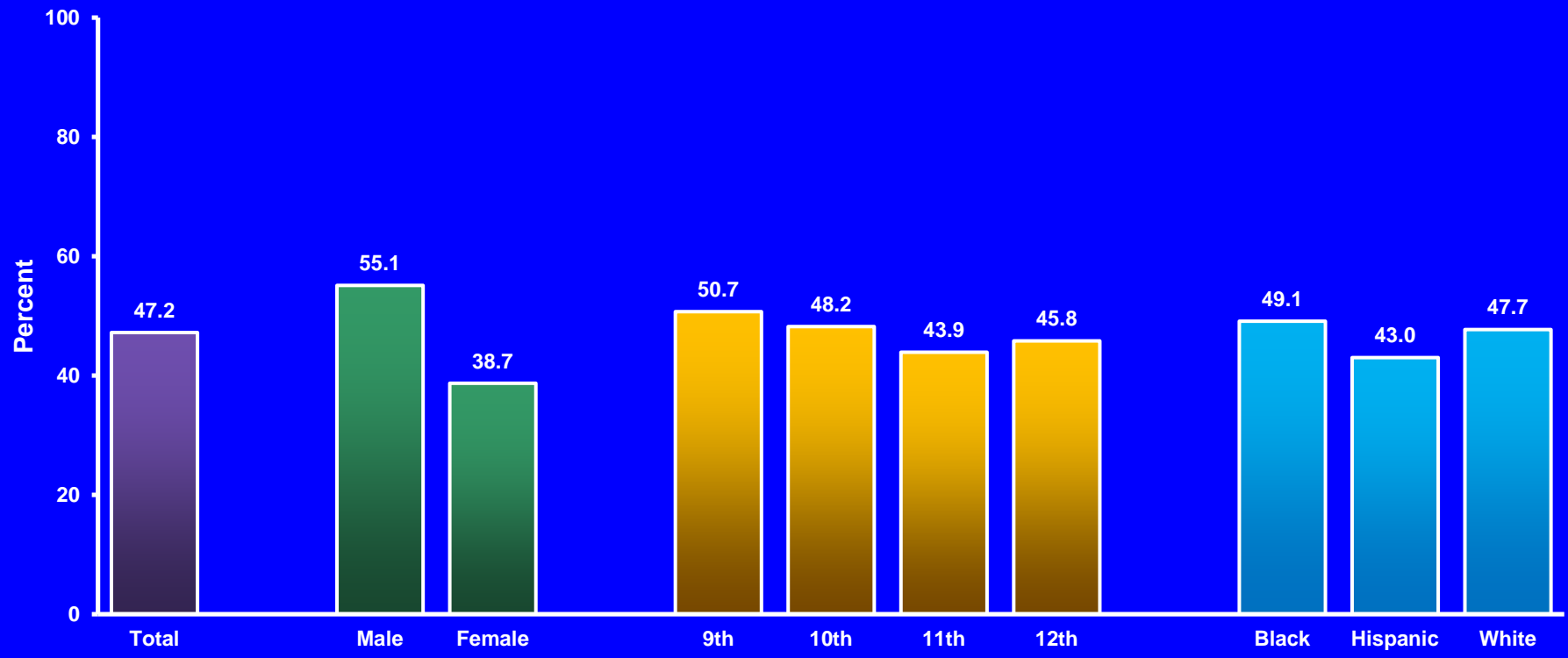
*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN79

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Physically Active at Least 60 Minutes Per Day on 5 or More Days,* 2013-2017[†]
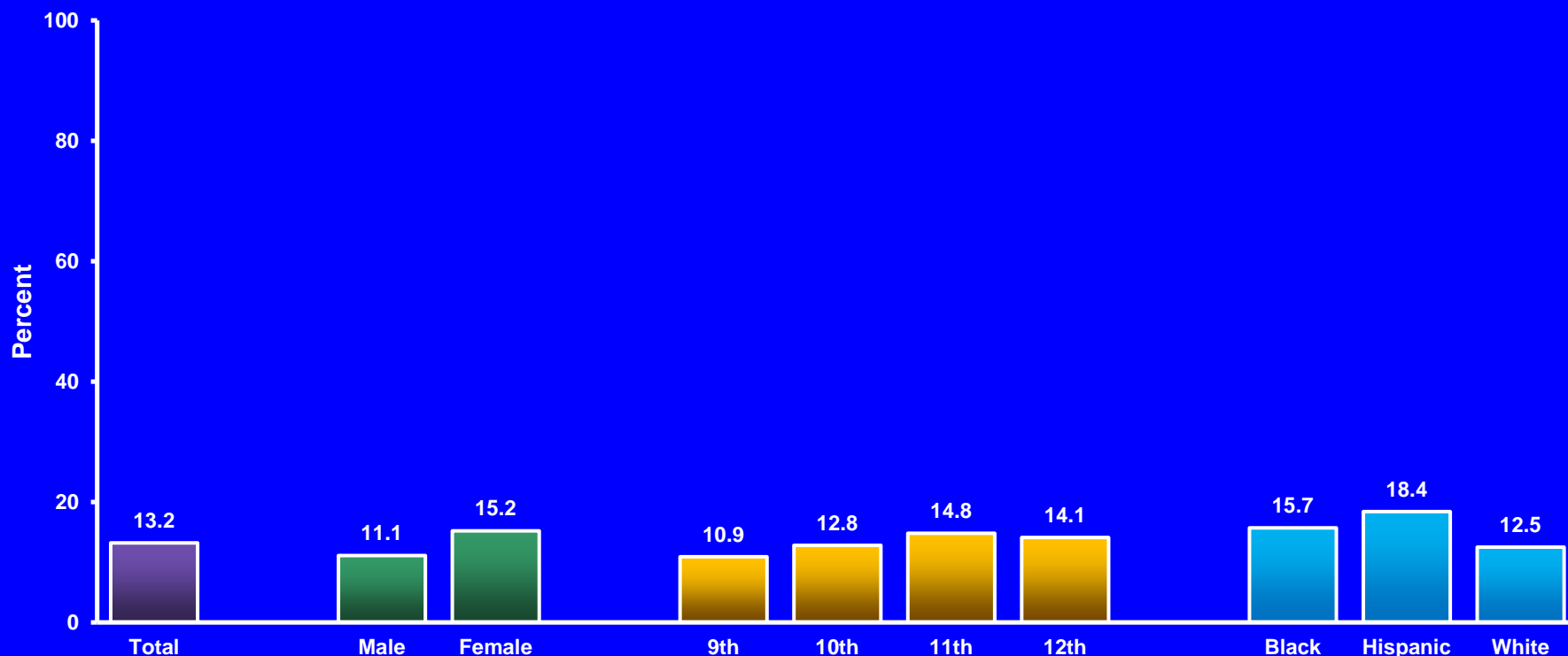

*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey

[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN79

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Participate in at Least 60 Minutes of Physical Activity on at Least 1 Day,* by Sex,[†] Grade,[†] and Race/Ethnicity,[†] 2017

*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey

[†]F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNPA0DAY

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Participate in at Least 60 Minutes of Physical Activity on at Least 1 Day,* 2013-2017[†]
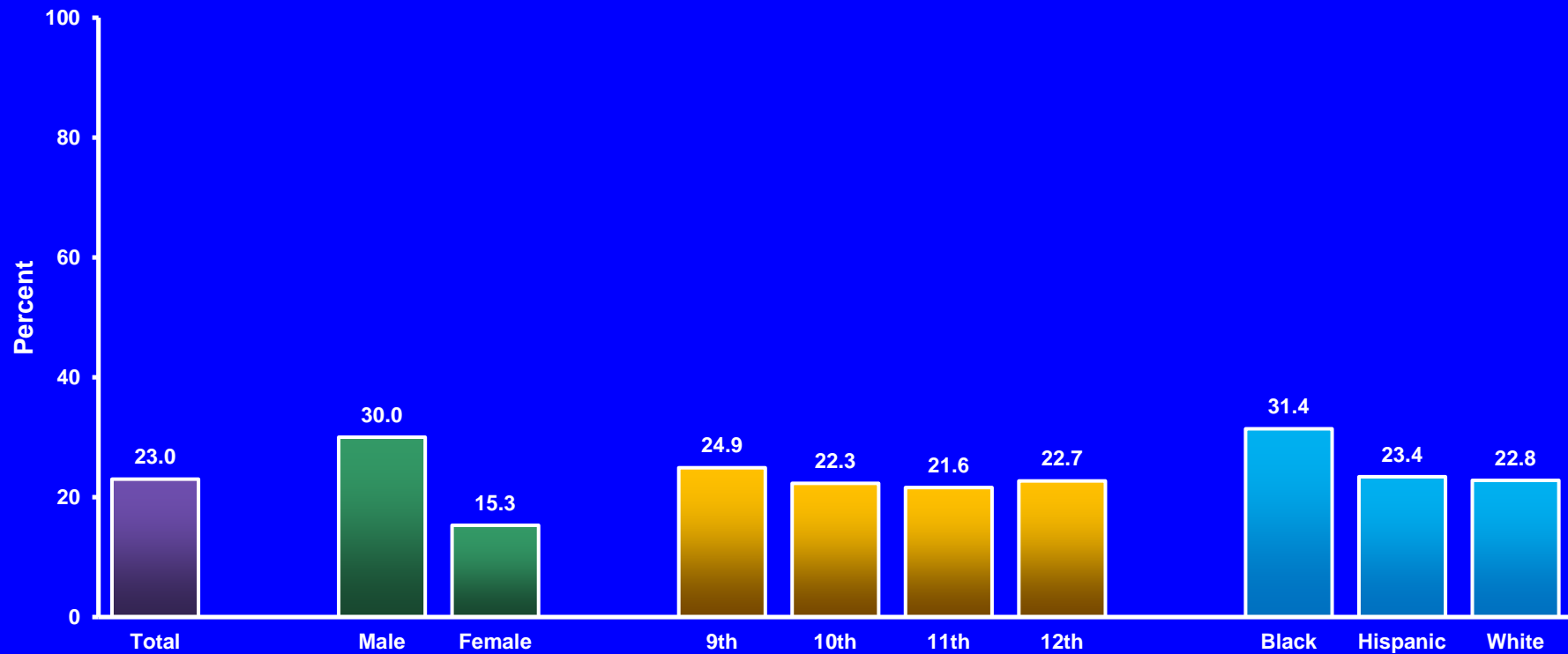

*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey

[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QNPA0DAY

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Physically Active at Least 60 Minutes Per Day on All 7 Days,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey

†M > F; 9th > 11th; B > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNPA7DAY

Percentage of High School Students Who Were Physically Active at Least 60 Minutes Per Day on All 7 Days,* 2013-2017[†]
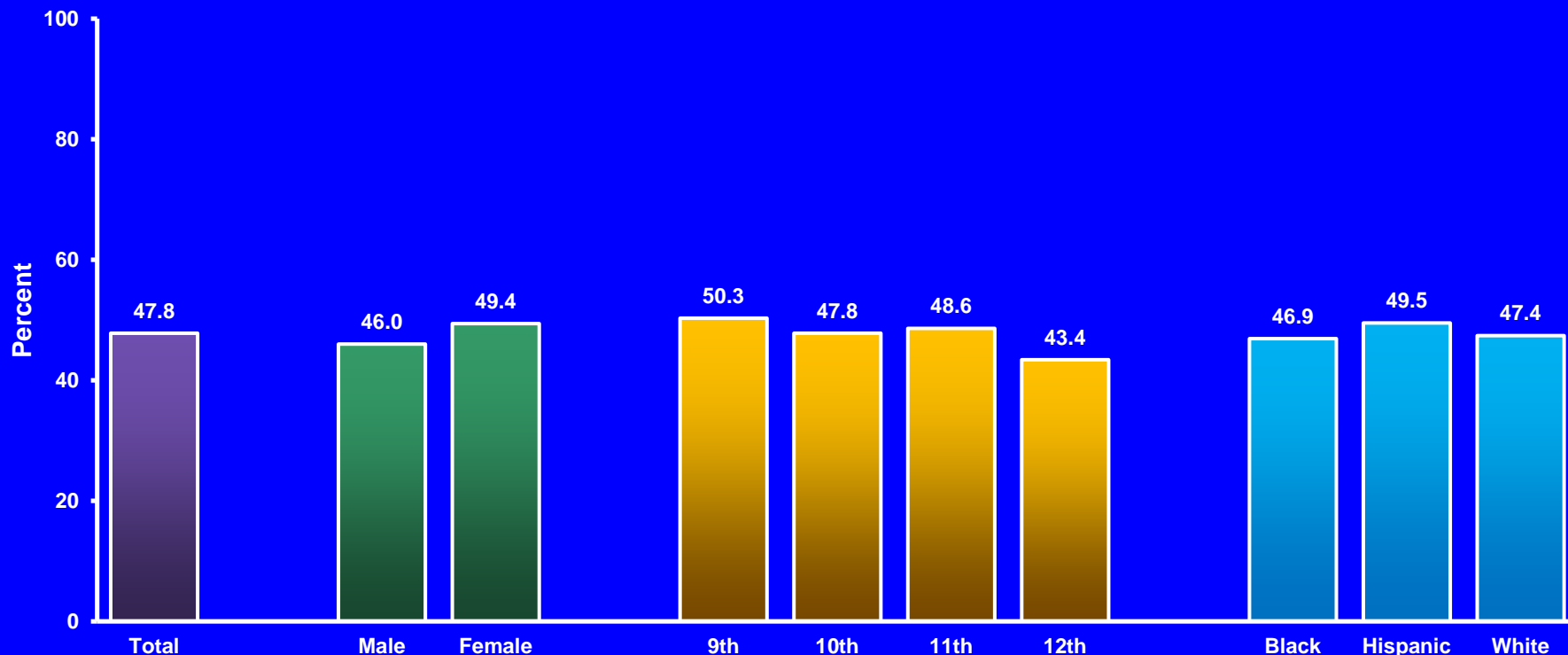

*In any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey

[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QNPA7DAY

Percentage of High School Students Who Played Video or Computer Games or Used a Computer 3 or More Hours Per Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	47.8
Male	46.0
Female	49.4
9th	50.3
10th	47.8
11th	48.6
12th	43.4
Black	46.9
Hispanic	49.5
White	47.4

*Counting time spent on things such as Xbox, PlayStation, an iPad or other tablet, a smartphone, texting, YouTube, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, for something that was not school work, on an average school day
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN81

Percentage of High School Students Who Played Video or Computer Games or Used a Computer 3 or More Hours Per Day,* 2015-2017[†]
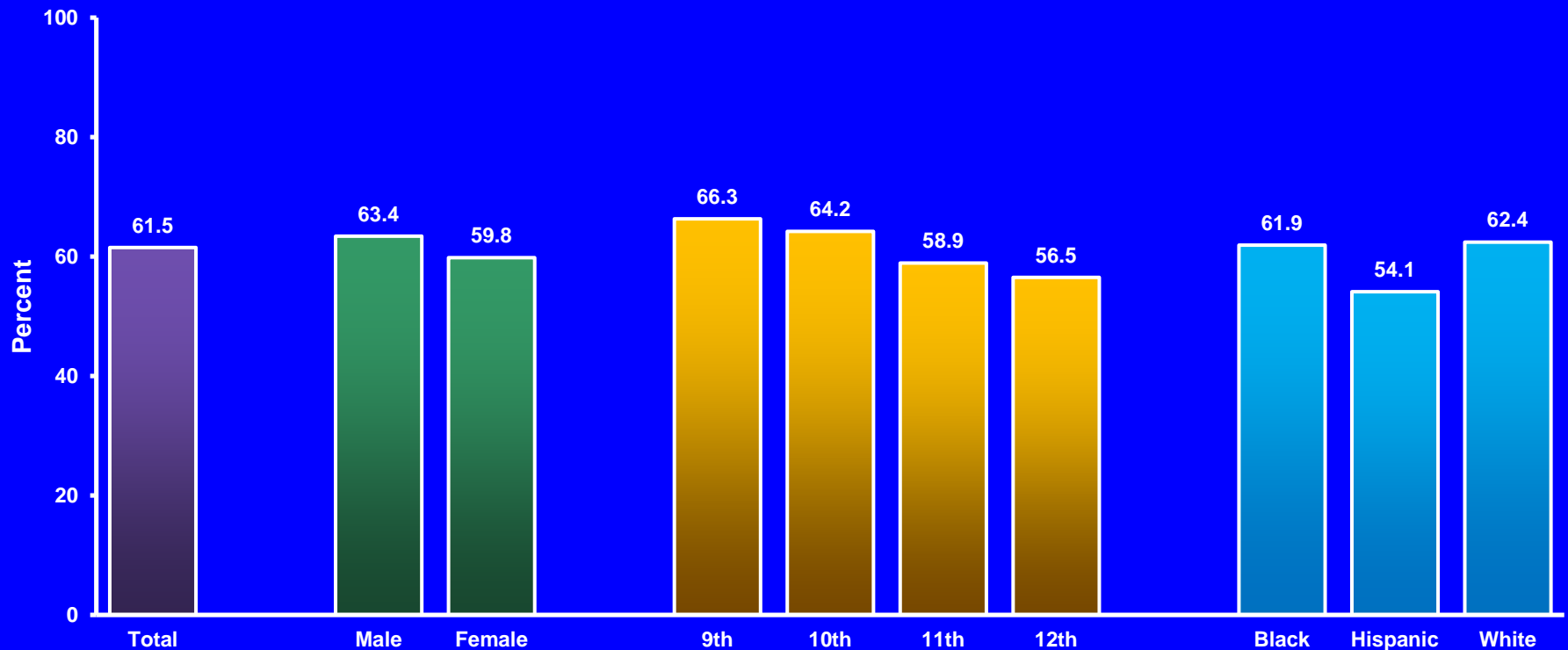

*Counting time spent on things such as Xbox, PlayStation, an iPad or other tablet, a smartphone, texting, YouTube, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, for something that was not school work, on an average school day
[†]Increased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN81

Percentage of High School Students Who Played on at Least One Sports Team,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

| Category	Value
Total	61.5
Male	63.4
Female	59.8
9th	66.3
10th	64.2
11th	58.9
12th	56.5
Black	61.9
Hispanic	54.1
White	62.4

*Counting any teams run by their school or community groups, during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN83

Percentage of High School Students Who Had a Concussion from Playing a Sport or Being Physically Active,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
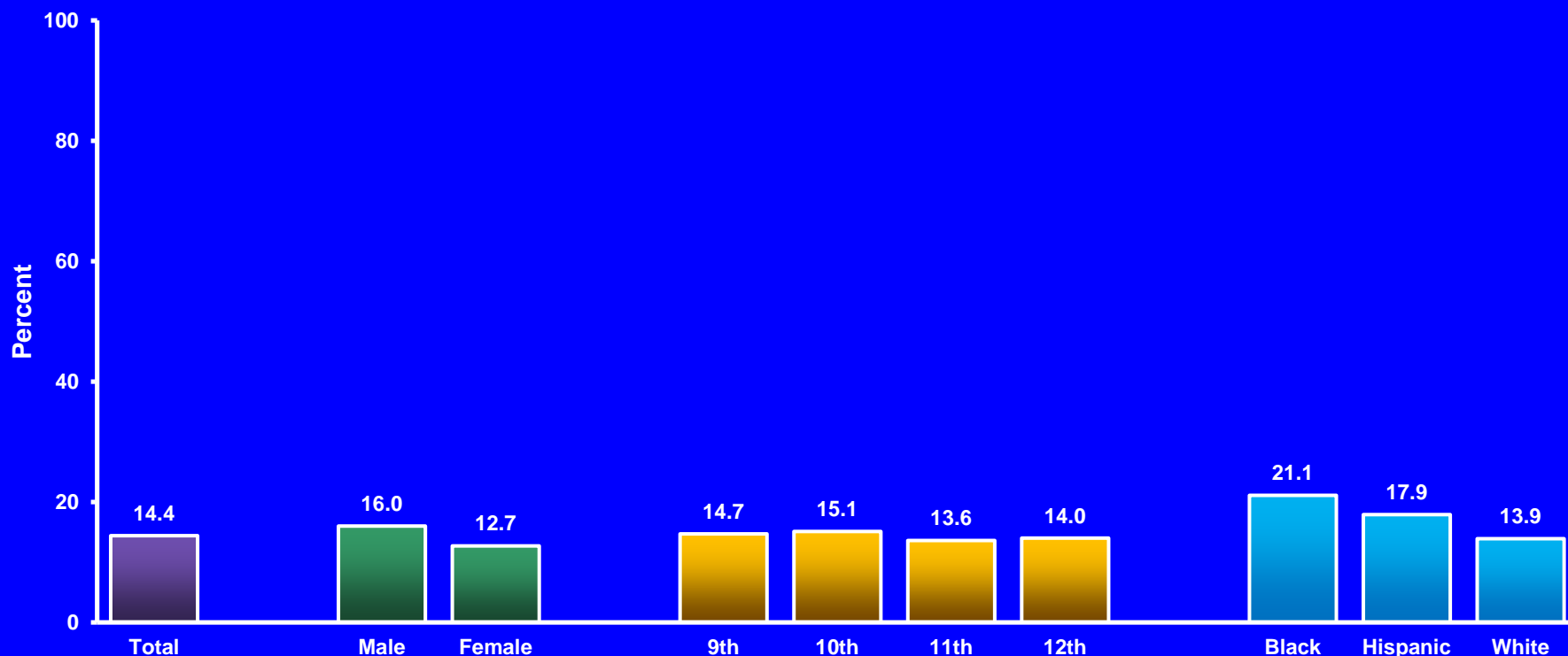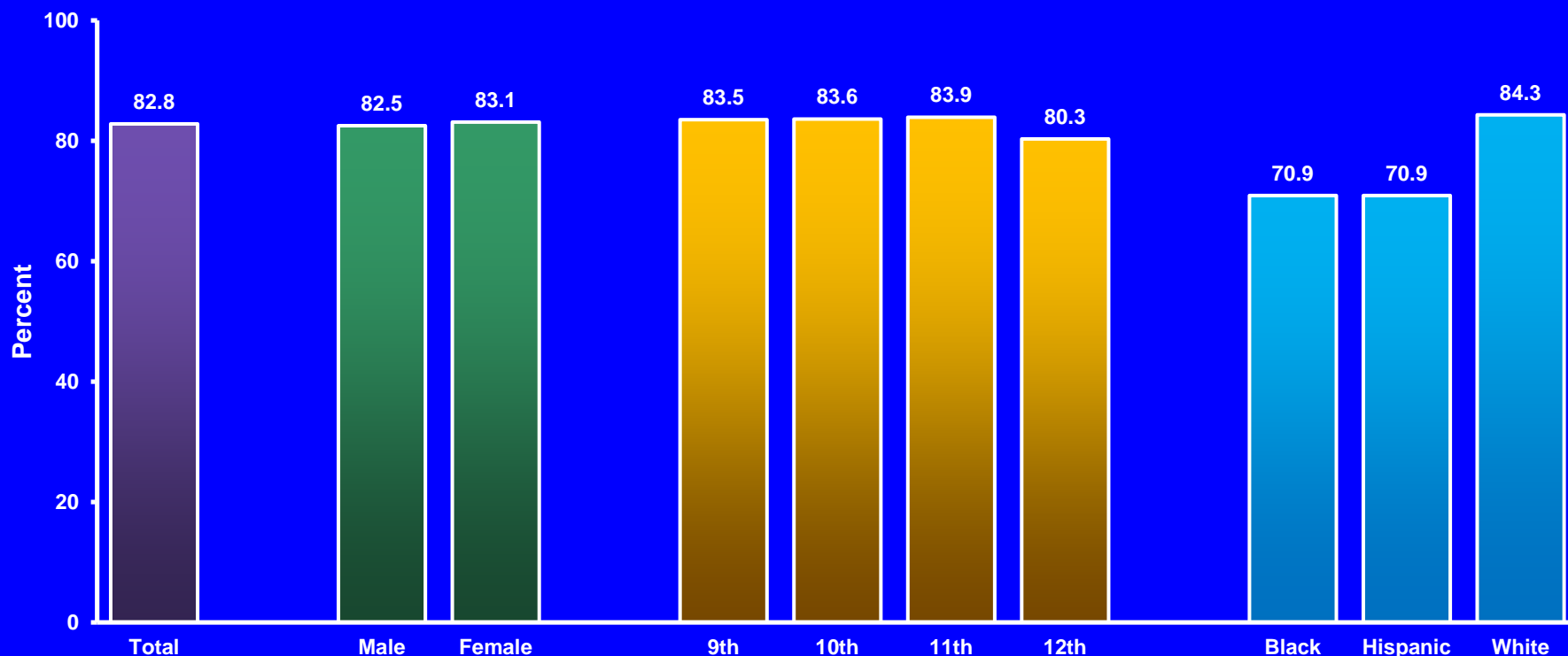

*One or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN84

Percentage of High School Students Who Saw a Dentist,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*For a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey
†9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN86

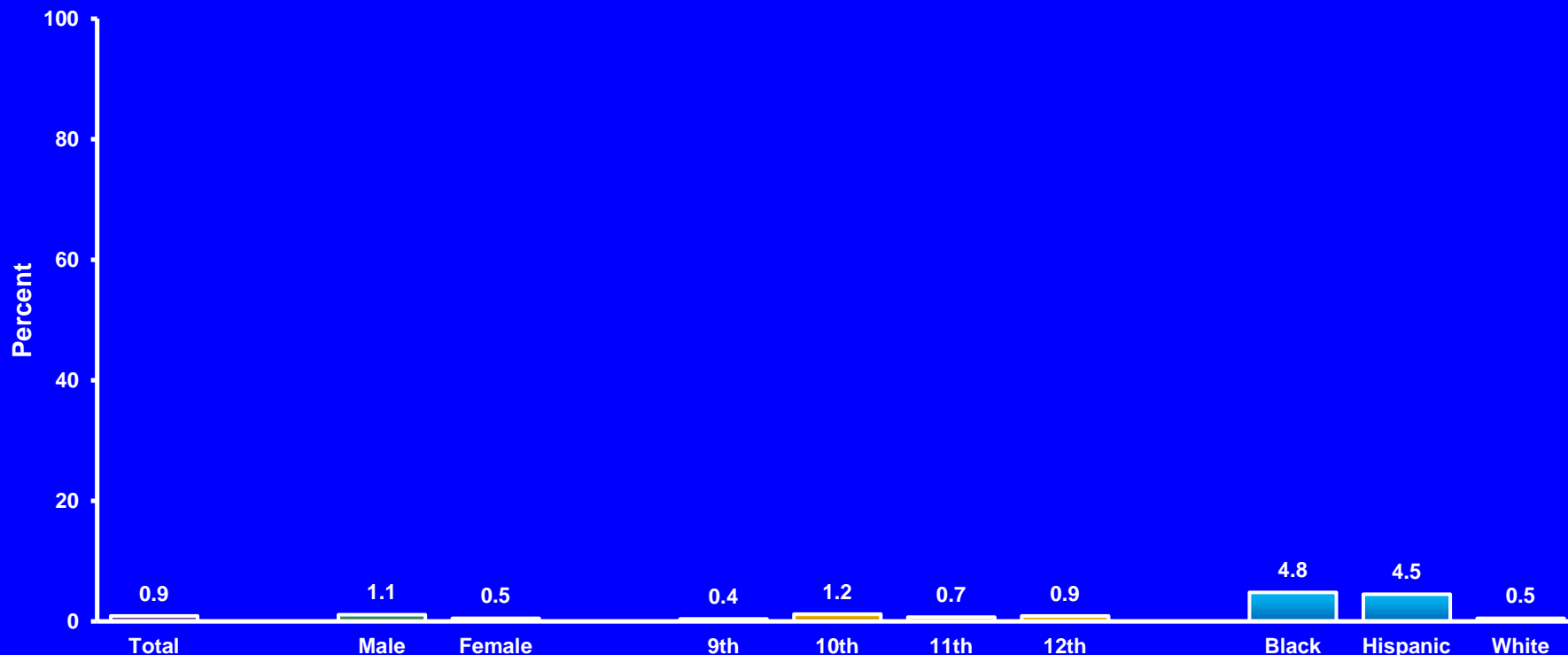# Percentage of High School Students Who Saw a Dentist,* 2015-2017[†]

*For a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey
[†]No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN86

Percentage of High School Students Who Never Saw a Dentist,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
0.9	1.1	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.9	4.8	4.5	0.5

*For a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work
†M > F; 10th > 9th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNNODNT

# Percentage of High School Students Who Never Saw a Dentist,* 2015-2017†

*For a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work
†Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QNNODNT

Percentage of High School Students Who Got 8 or More Hours of Sleep,*
by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017
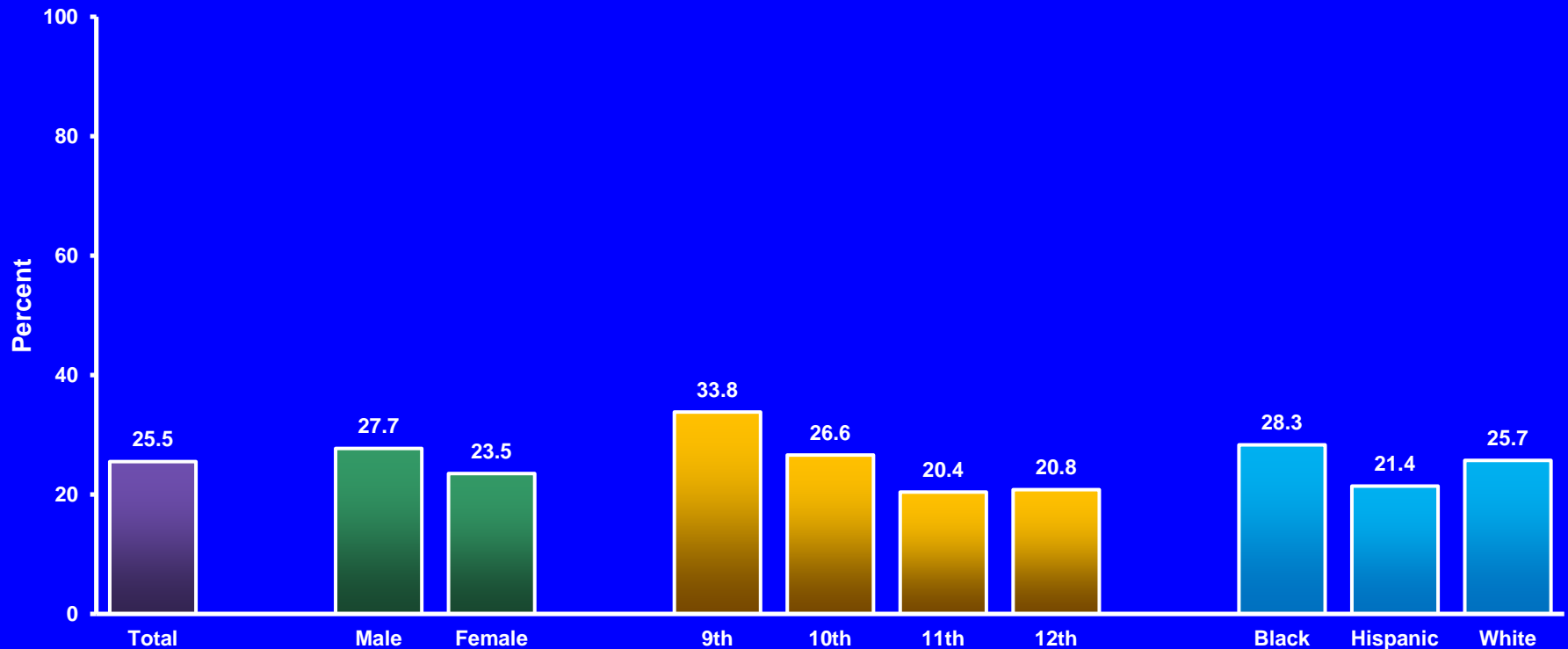
*On an average school night
†M > F; 9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN88

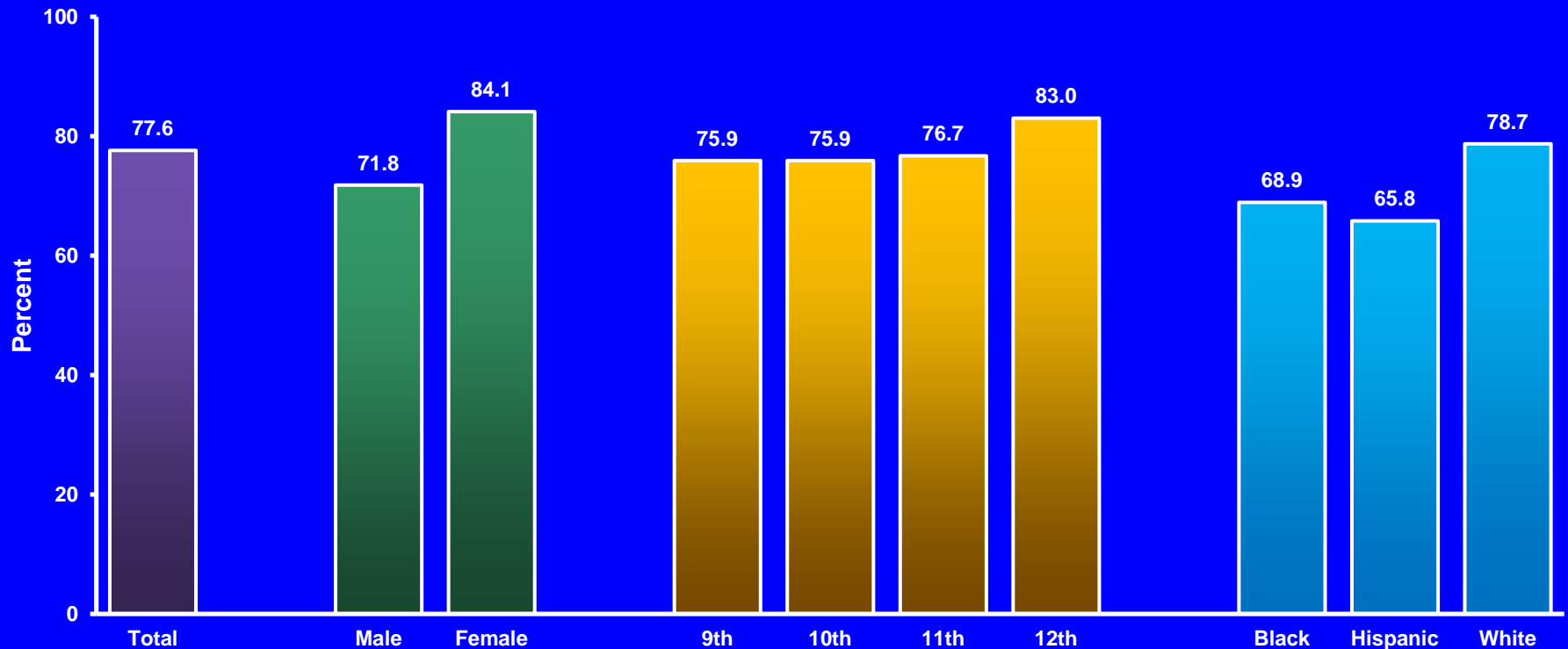# Percentage of High School Students Who Got 8 or More Hours of Sleep,* 2015-2017†

*On an average school night
†Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN88

Percentage of High School Students Who Described Their Grades in School As Mostly A's or B's,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
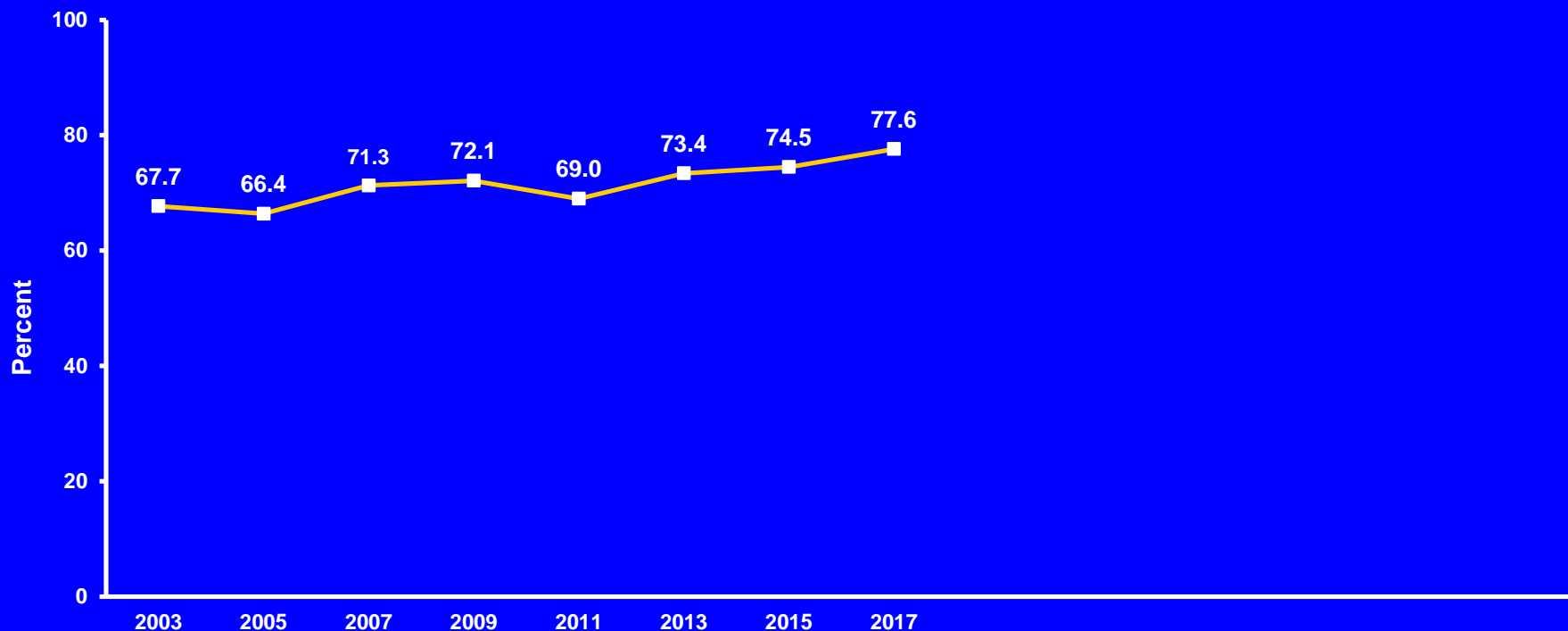
*During the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN89

Percentage of High School Students Who Described Their Grades in School As Mostly A's or B's,* 2003-2017†

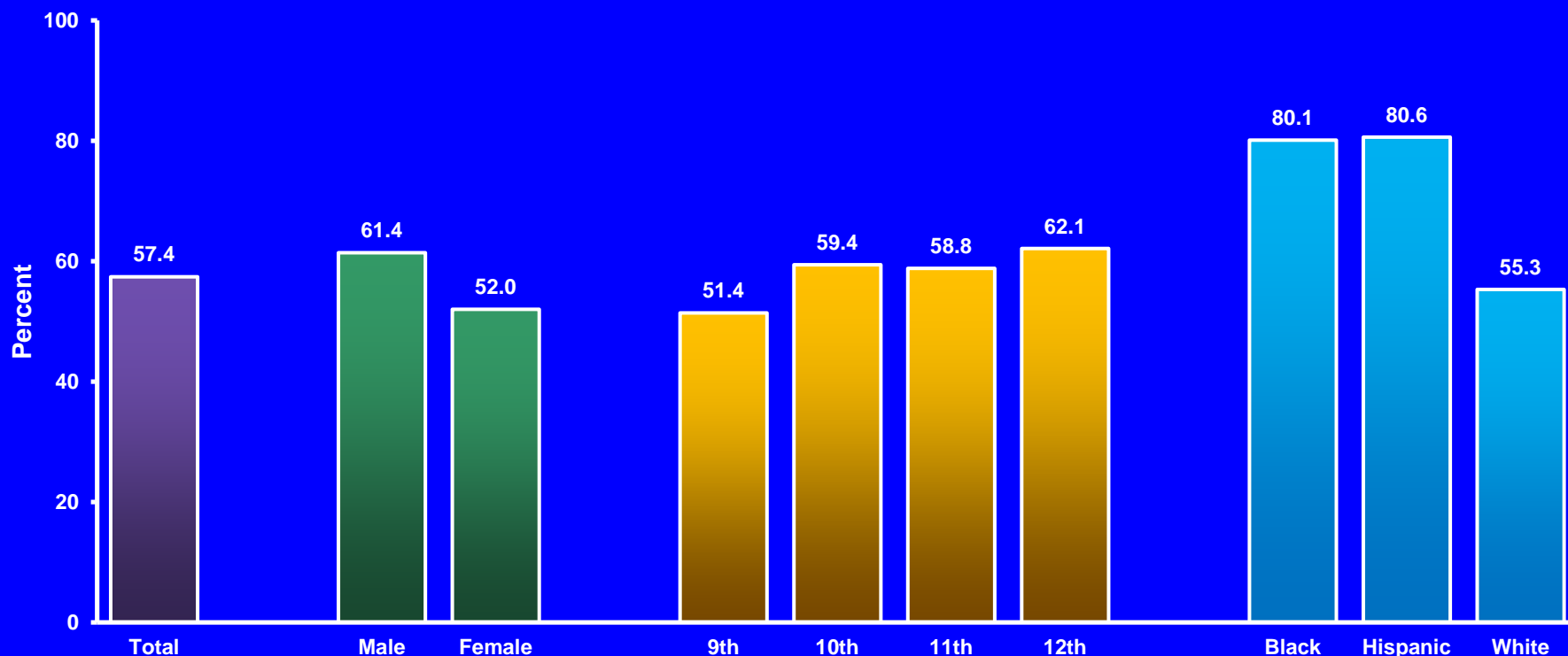*During the 12 months before the survey
†Increased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2003-2017 - QN89

Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wore a Bicycle Helmet,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Bar chart showing Percent (y-axis, 0 to 100):
- Total: 57.4
- Male: 61.4
- Female: 52.0
- 9th: 51.4
- 10th: 59.4
- 11th: 58.8
- 12th: 62.1
- Black: 80.1
- Hispanic: 80.6
- White: 55.3

*During the 12 months before the survey, among students who had ridden a bicycle
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN90

# Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wore a Bicycle Helmet,* 2007-2017†
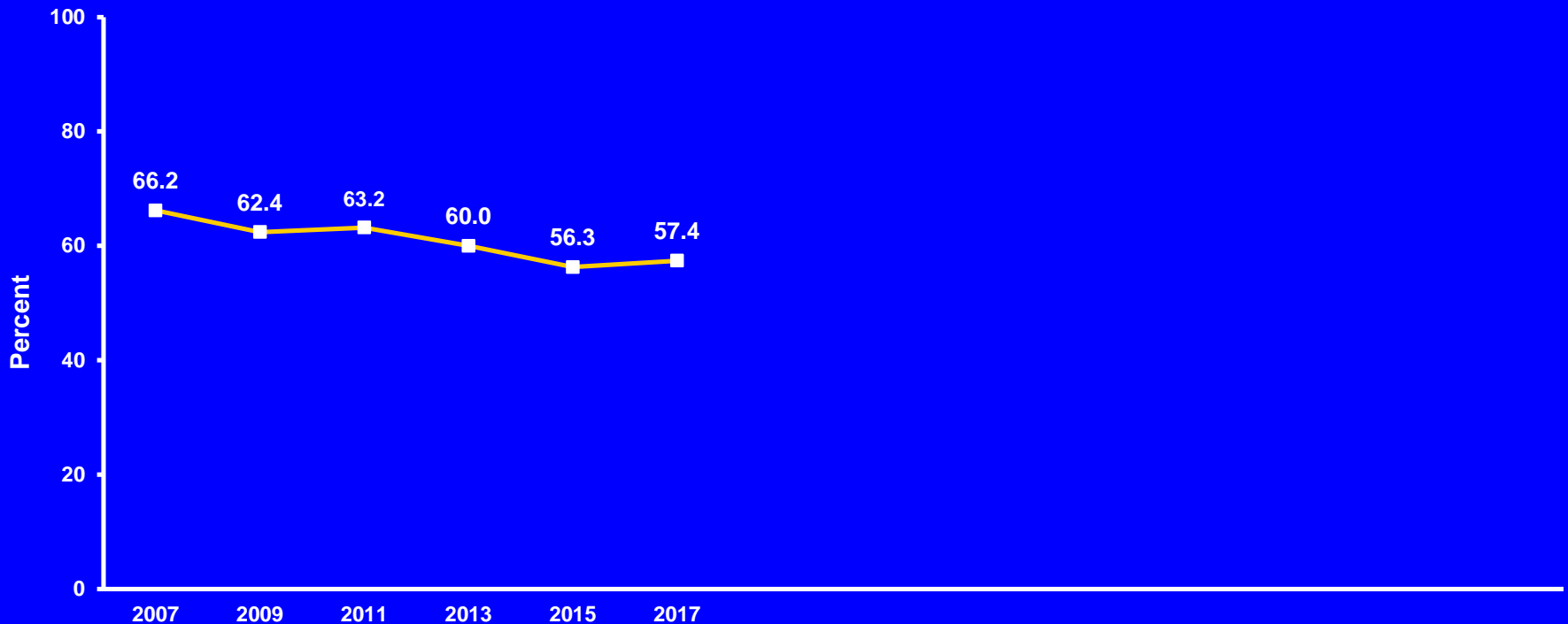
*During the 12 months before the survey, among students who had ridden a bicycle
†Decreased 2007-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2007-2017 - QN90

Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wear a Seat Belt When Driving,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
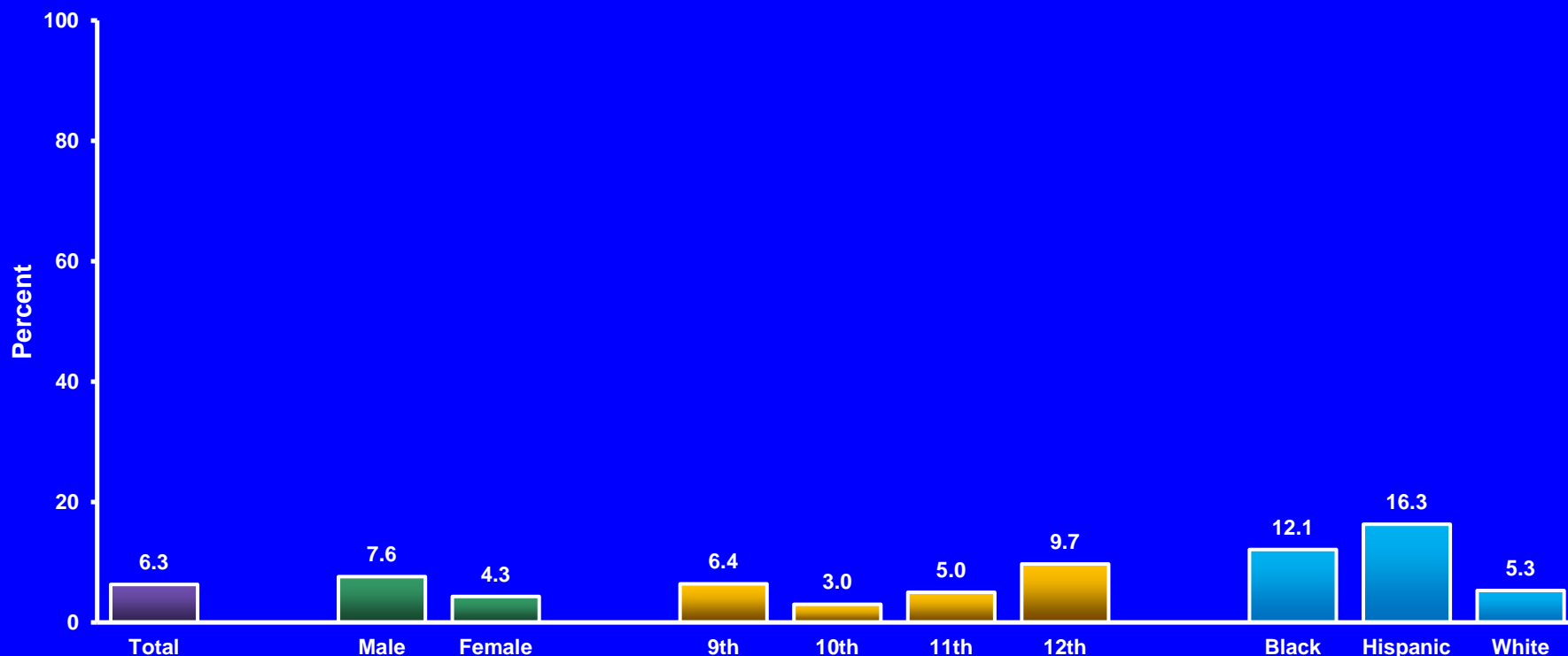
*Among students who drive a car
†M > F; 9th > 10th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN91

Percentage of High School Students Who Rarely or Never Wear a Seat Belt When Driving,* 2013-2017[†]
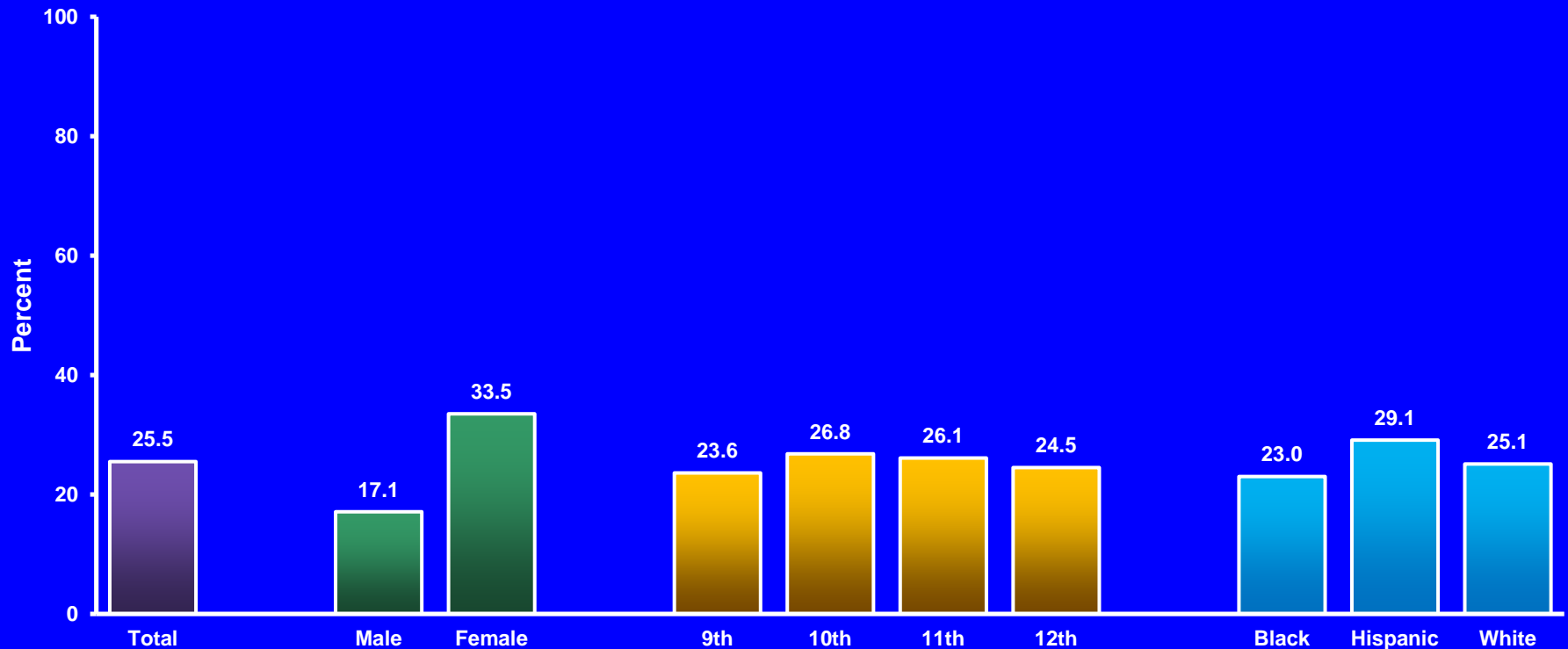

*Among students who drive a car
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN91

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported Someone They Were Dating or Going out with Purposely Tried to Control Them or Emotionally Hurt Them One or More Times,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Percent

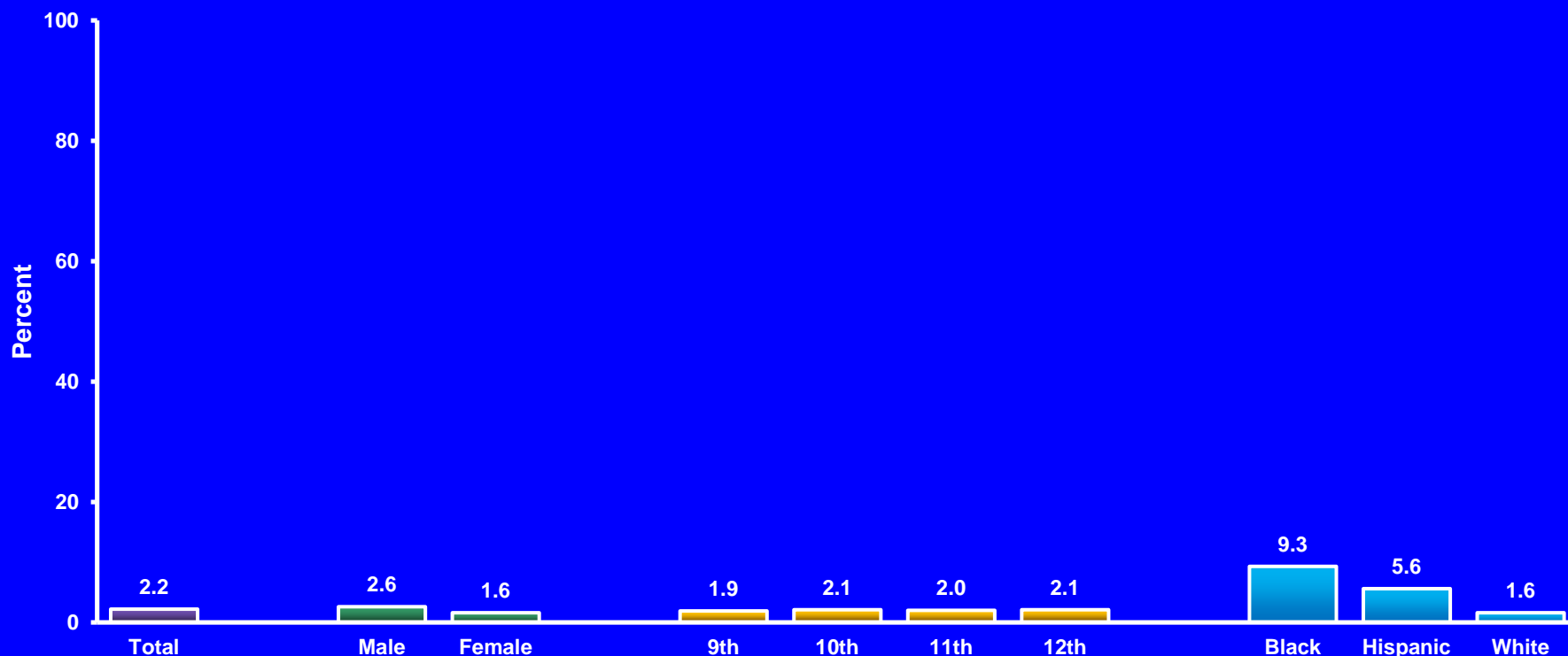|	
Total	25.5
Male	17.1
Female	33.5
9th	23.6
10th	26.8
11th	26.1
12th	24.5
Black	23.0
Hispanic	29.1
White	25.1

*Such things as being told who they could and could not spend time with, being humiliated in front of others, or being threatened if they did not do what they wanted, during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN92

Percentage of High School Students Who Forced Someone They Were Dating or Going out with to Do Sexual Things That They Did Not Want to Do,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Bar chart. Y-axis labeled "Percent" from 0 to 100.

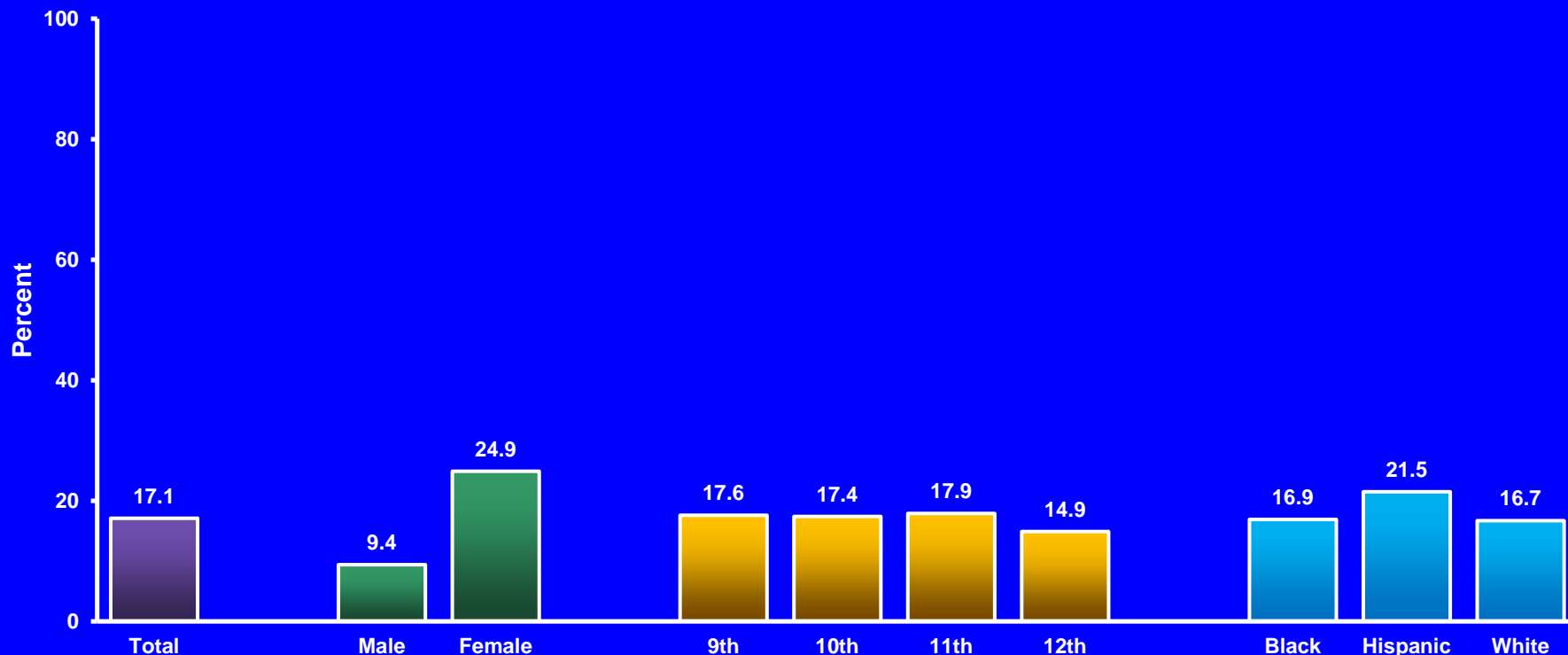| Category	Percent
Total	2.2
Male	2.6
Female	1.6
9th	1.9
10th	2.1
11th	2.0
12th	2.1
Black	9.3
Hispanic	5.6
White	1.6

*Such things as kissing, touching, or physically forcing them to have sexual intercourse, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN93

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Something to Purposely Hurt Themselves Without Wanting to Die,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Value
Total	17.1
Male	9.4
Female	24.9
9th	17.6
10th	17.4
11th	17.9
12th	14.9
Black	16.9
Hispanic	21.5
White	16.7

*Such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 11th > 12th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN94

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Something to Purposely Hurt Themselves Without Wanting to Die,* 2013-2017[†]
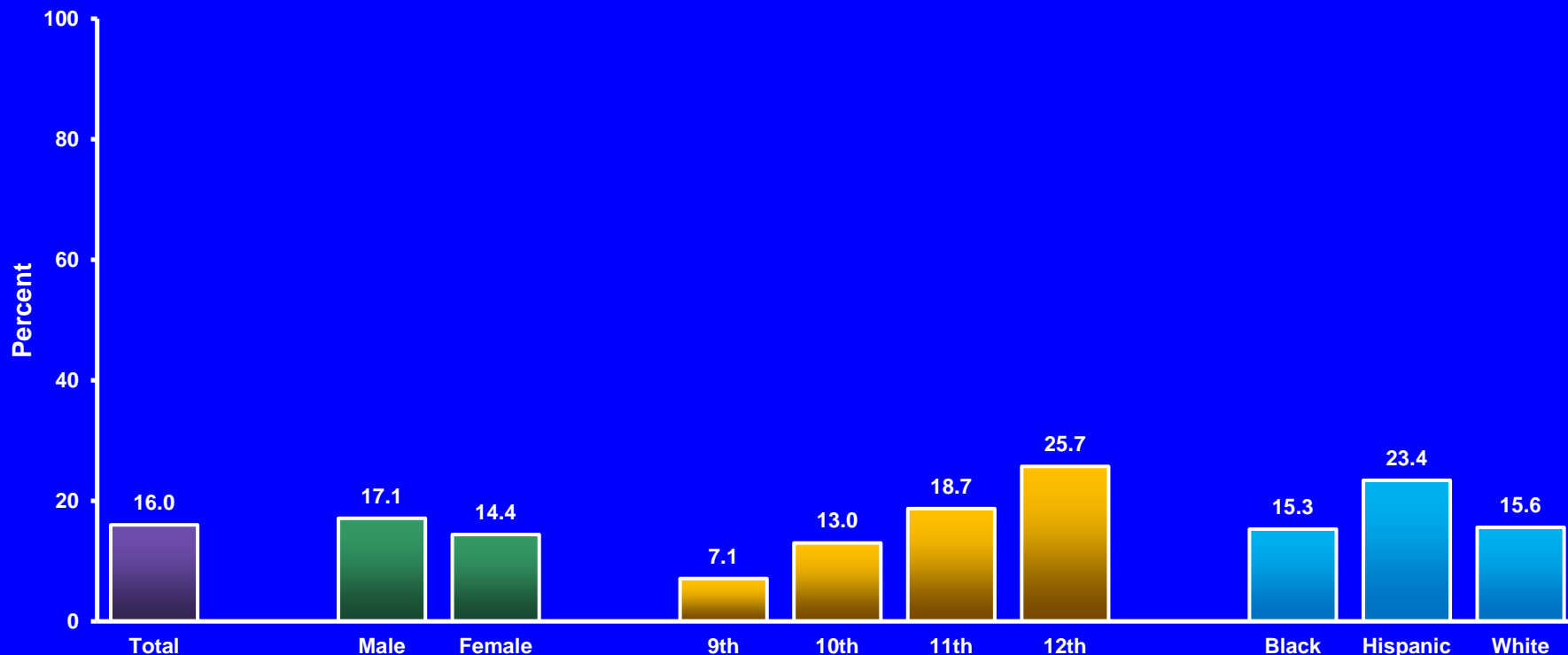

*Such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN94

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Five or More Drinks of Alcohol in a Row,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

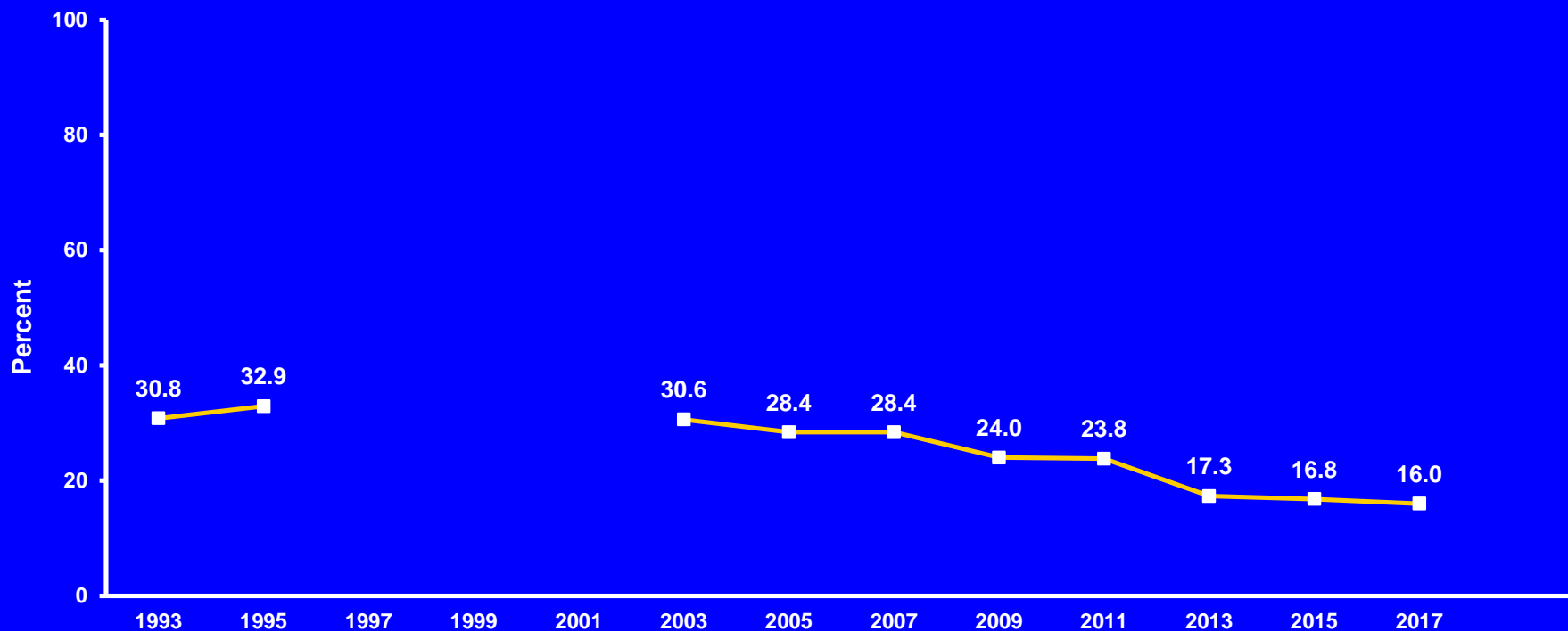| Category	Value
Total	16.0
Male	17.1
Female	14.4
9th	7.1
10th	13.0
11th	18.7
12th	25.7
Black	15.3
Hispanic	23.4
White	15.6

*Within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN95

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Five or More Drinks of Alcohol in a Row,* 1993-2017[†]
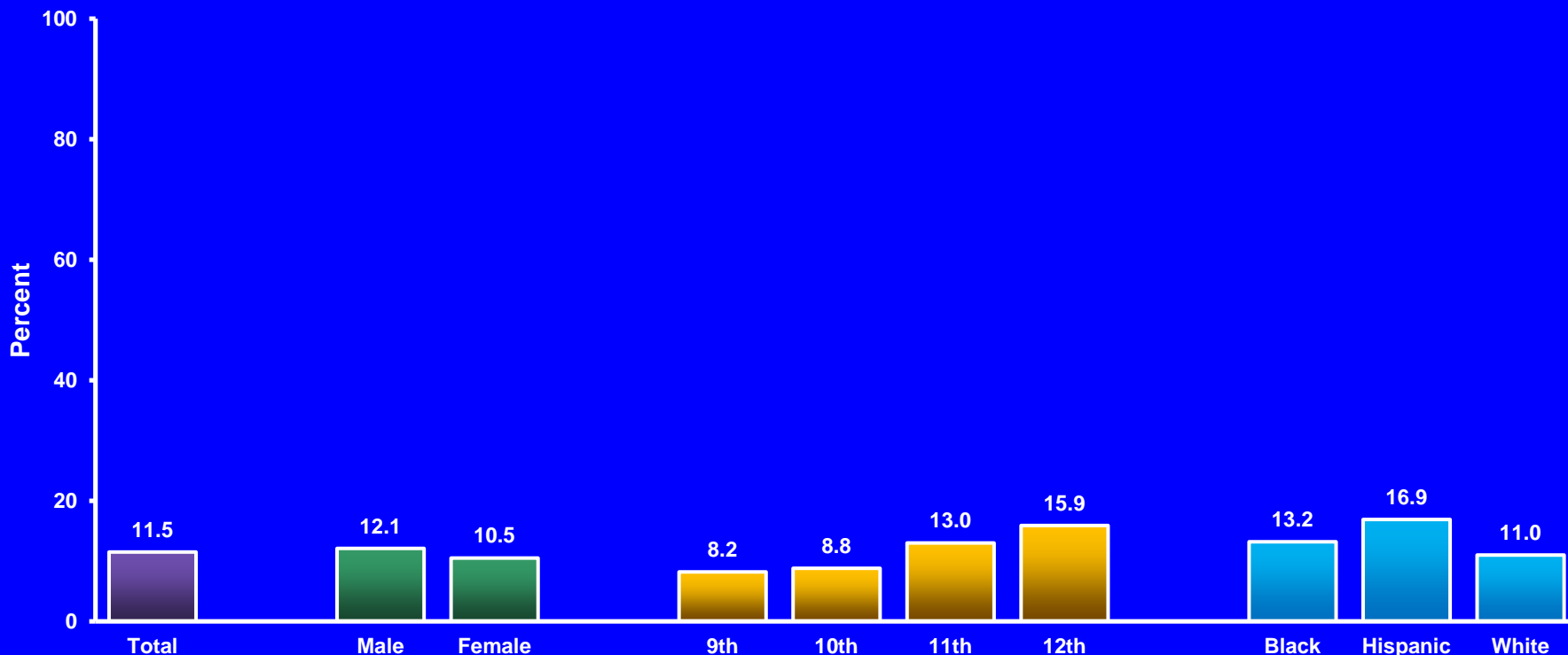

*Within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey
[†]Decreased 1993-2017, no change 1993-2003, decreased 2003-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]
Data not available for 1997, 1999, 2001.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 1993-2017 - QN95

Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Took Prescription Drugs Without a Doctor's Prescription,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life
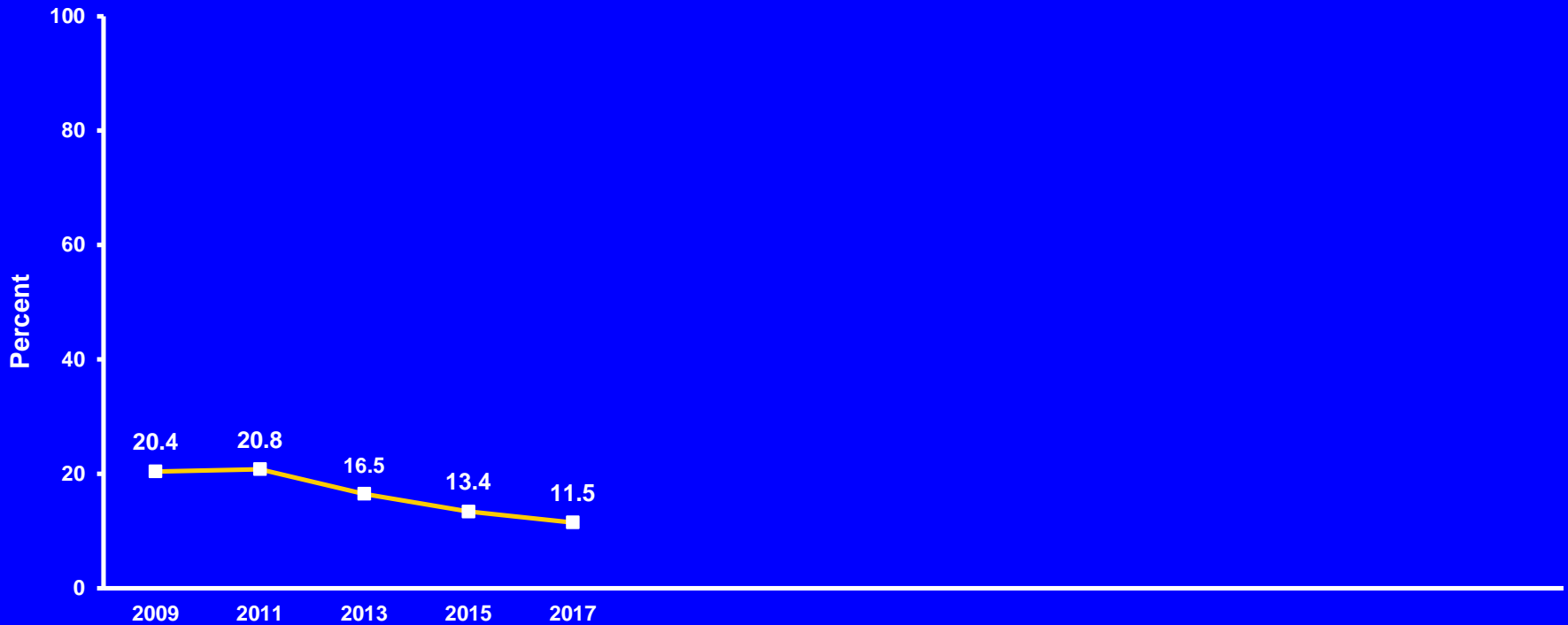†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN96

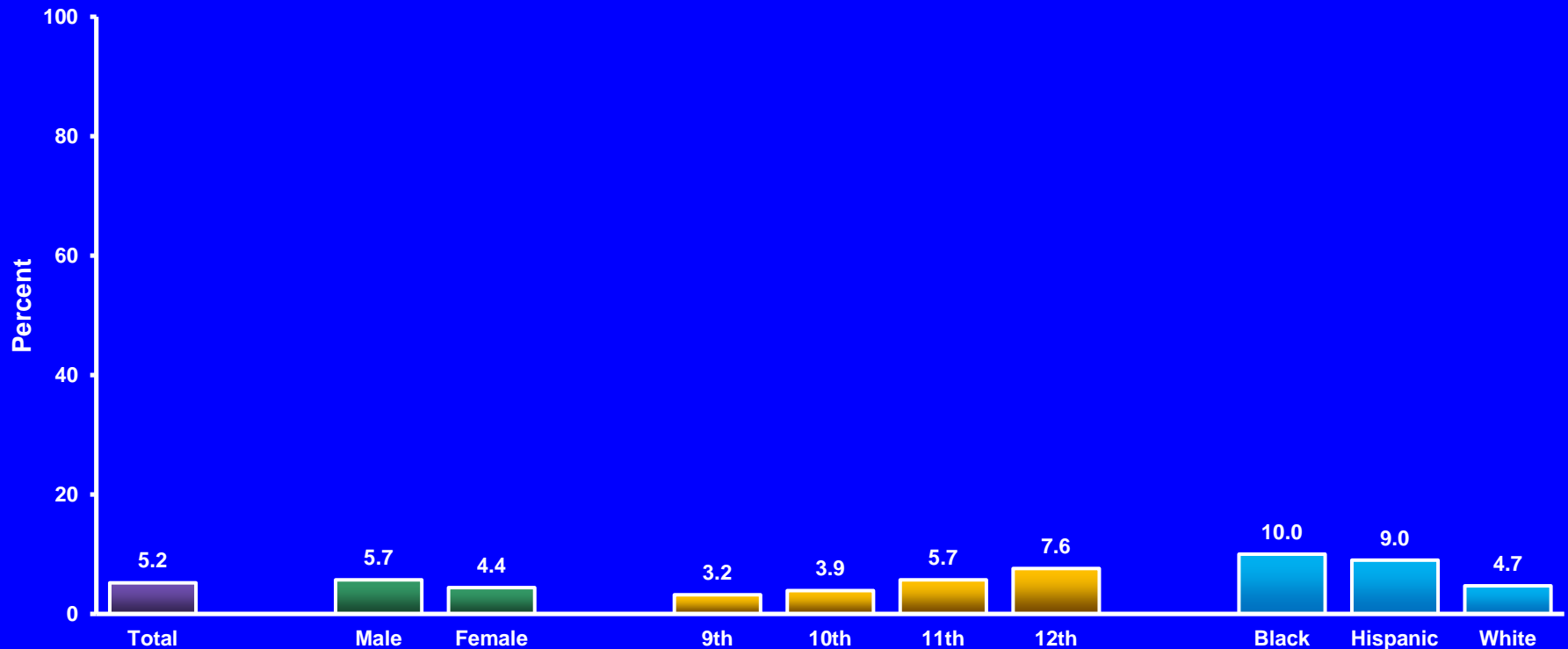**Percentage of High School Students Who Ever Took Prescription Drugs Without a Doctor's Prescription,* 2009-2017†**

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life
†Decreased 2009-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2009-2017 - QN96

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Took a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* by Sex,[†] Grade,[†] and Race/Ethnicity,[†] 2017

Percent

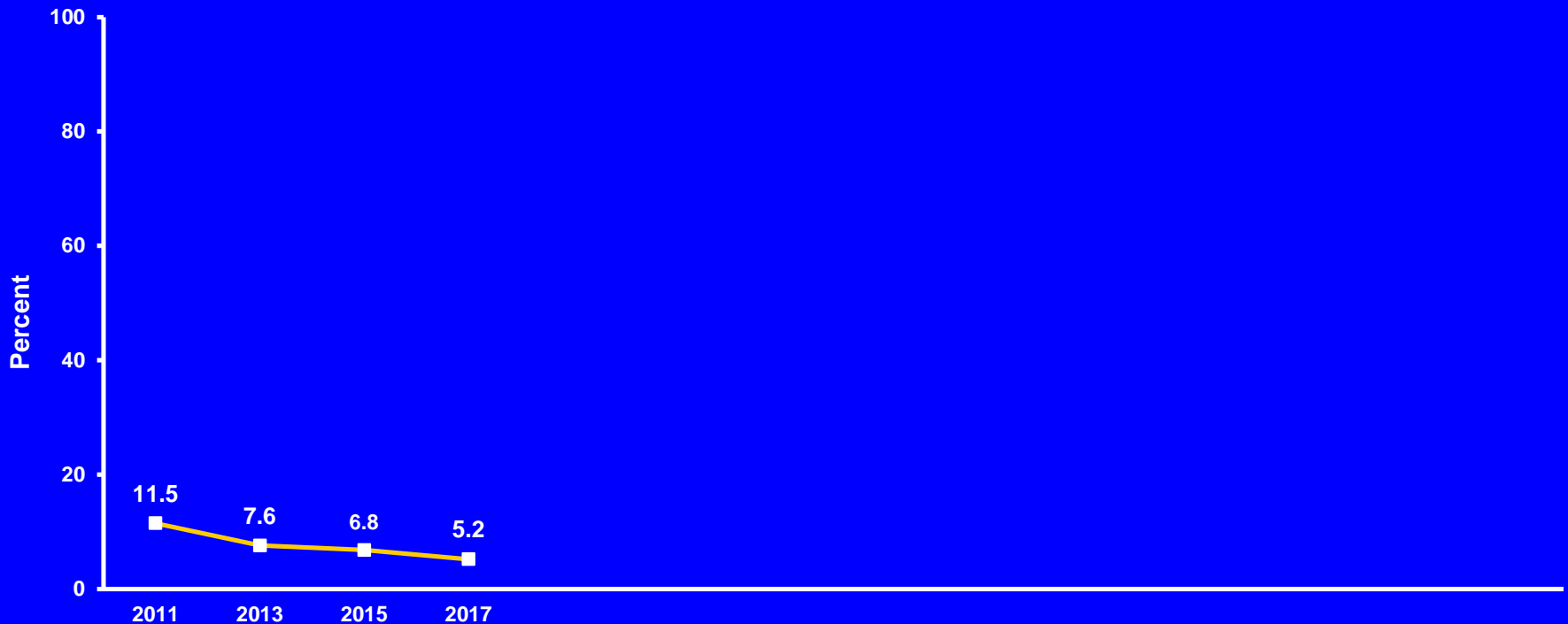| Category	Value
Total	5.2
Male	5.7
Female	4.4
9th	3.2
10th	3.9
11th	5.7
12th	7.6
Black	10.0
Hispanic	9.0
White	4.7

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey
[†]M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN97

Percentage of High School Students Who Currently Took a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* 2011-2017[†]

Percent

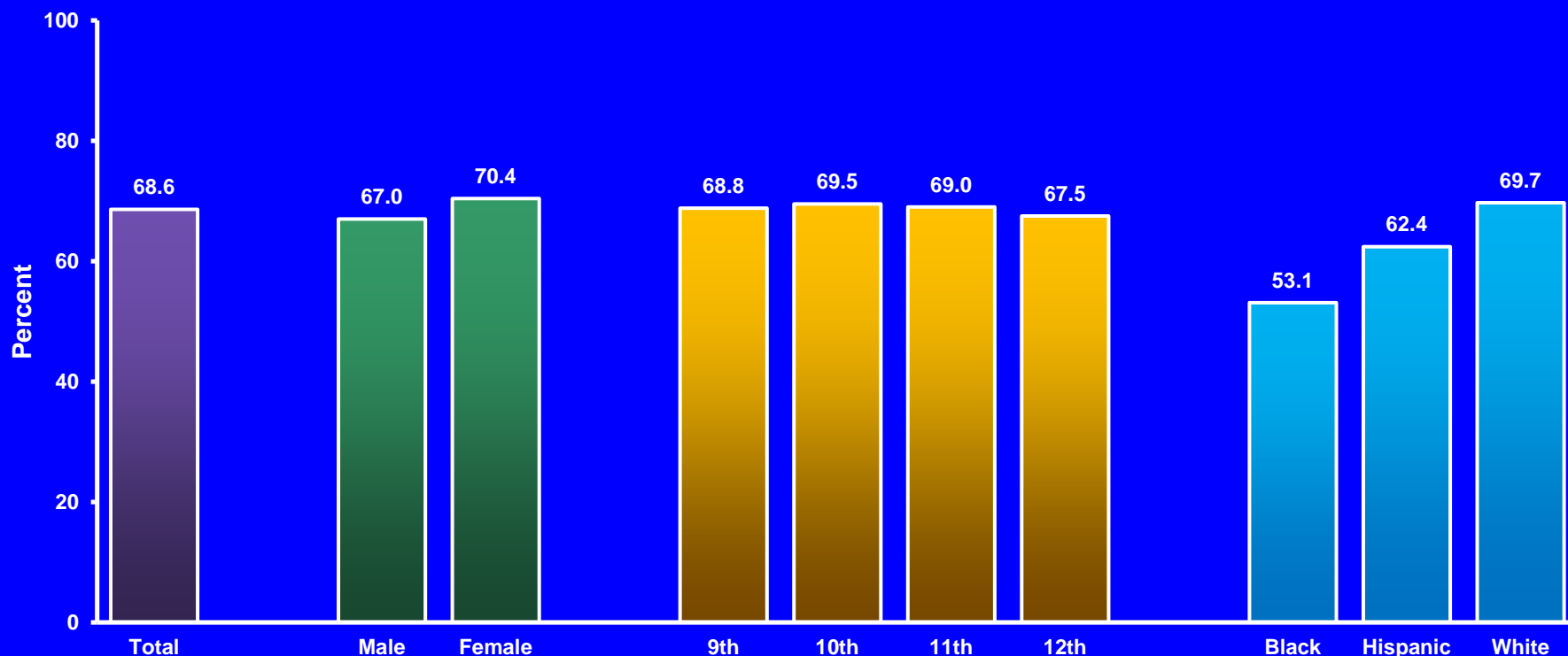| Year	Percent
2011	11.5
2013	7.6
2015	6.8
2017	5.2

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey
[†]Decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2011-2017 - QN97

Percentage of High School Students Who Recall Hearing, Reading, or Seeing a Public Message About Avoiding Alcohol or Other Illegal Drugs,* by Sex,[†] Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,[†] 2017

Category	Percent
Total	68.6
Male	67.0
Female	70.4
9th	68.8
10th	69.5
11th	69.0
12th	67.5
Black	53.1
Hispanic	62.4
White	69.7

Y-axis labeled "Percent" from 0 to 100.

*During the 12 months before the survey
[†]F > M; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN98

Percentage of High School Students Who Recall Hearing, Reading, or Seeing a Public Message About Avoiding Alcohol or Other Illegal Drugs,* 2015-2017[†]

*During the 12 months before the survey
[†]Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN98

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank a Can, Bottle, or Glass of a Sugar-Sweetened Beverage,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
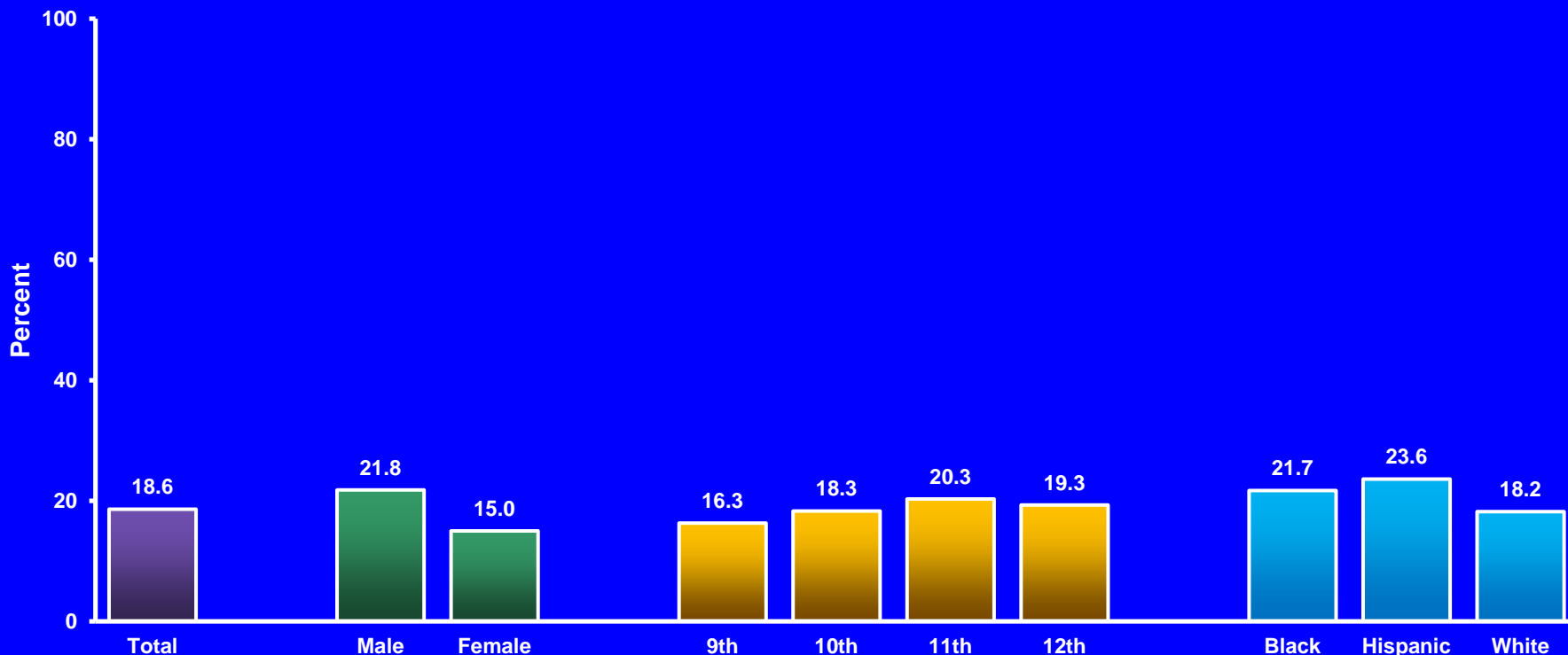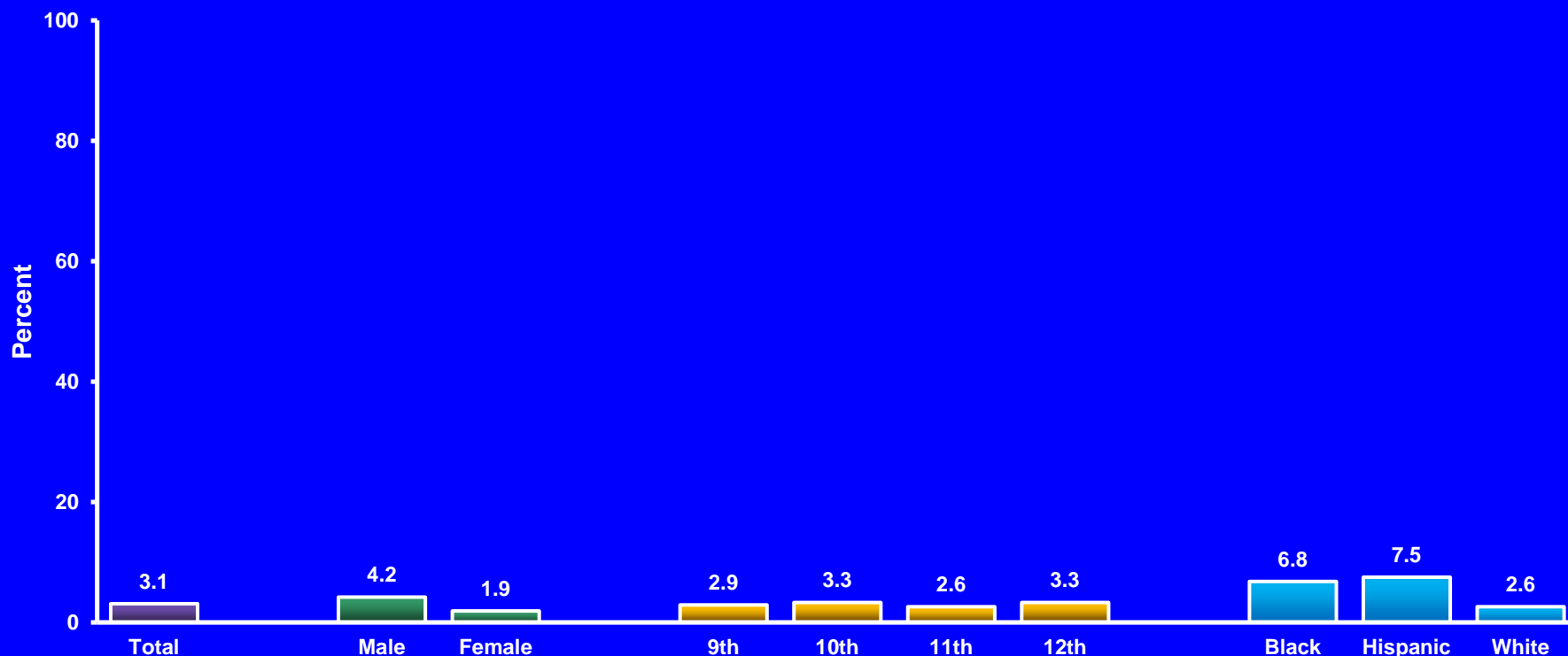

*Such as sports drinks (for example, Gatorade or PowerAde), energy drinks (for example, Red Bull or Jolt), lemonade, sweetened tea or coffee drinks, flavored milk, Snapple, or Sunny Delight, not counting soda or pop or 100% fruit juice, one or more times per day during the 7 days before the survey

†M > F; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)

All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.

Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN99

Percentage of High School Students Who Did Not Drink a Bottle or Glass of Plain Water,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
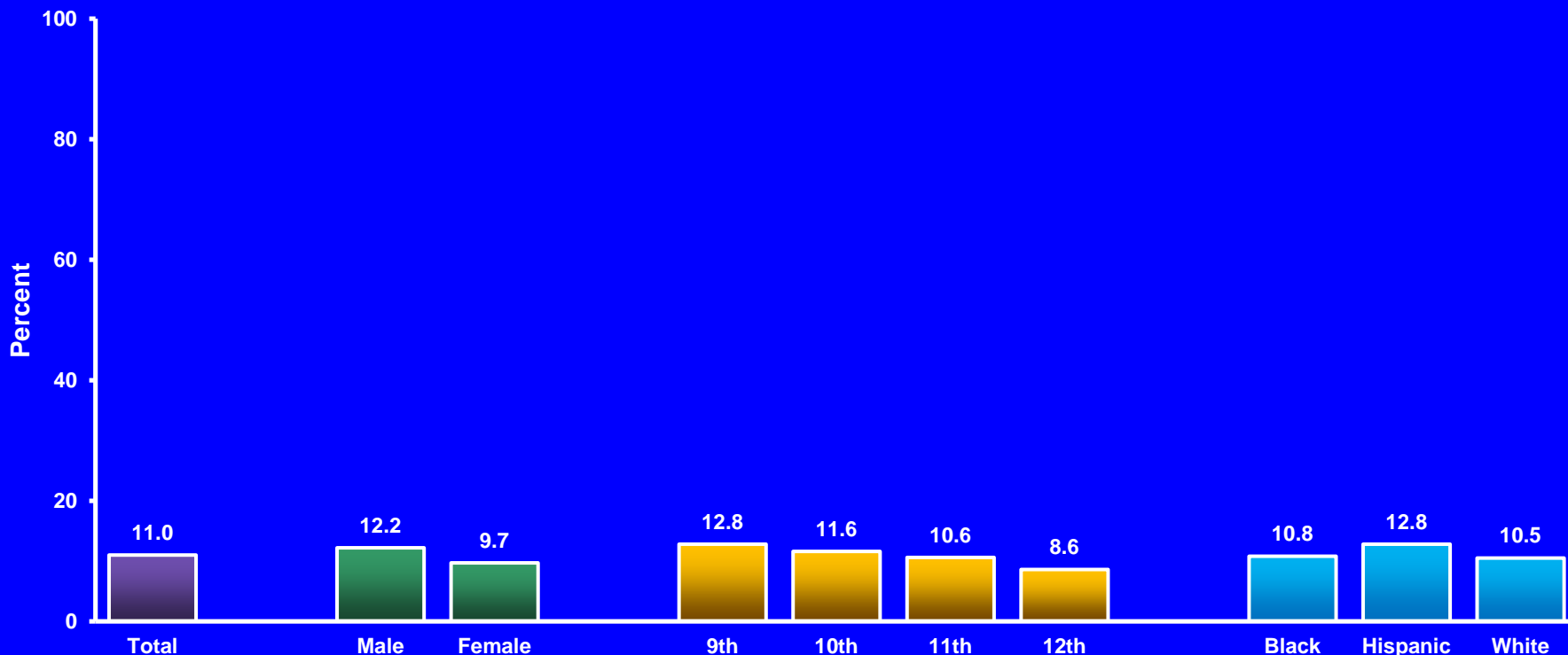
Percent

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
3.1	4.2	1.9	2.9	3.3	2.6	3.3	6.8	7.5	2.6

*Counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey
†M > F; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN100

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Some of Their Classroom Teachers Provide Short Physical Activity Breaks During Regular Class Time,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

Percent

Total	Male	Female	9th	10th	11th	12th	Black	Hispanic	White
11.0	12.2	9.7	12.8	11.6	10.6	8.6	10.8	12.8	10.5

*Not counting their physical education teacher
†M > F; 9th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN101

Percentage of High School Students Who Saw a Doctor or Nurse,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*For a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN102
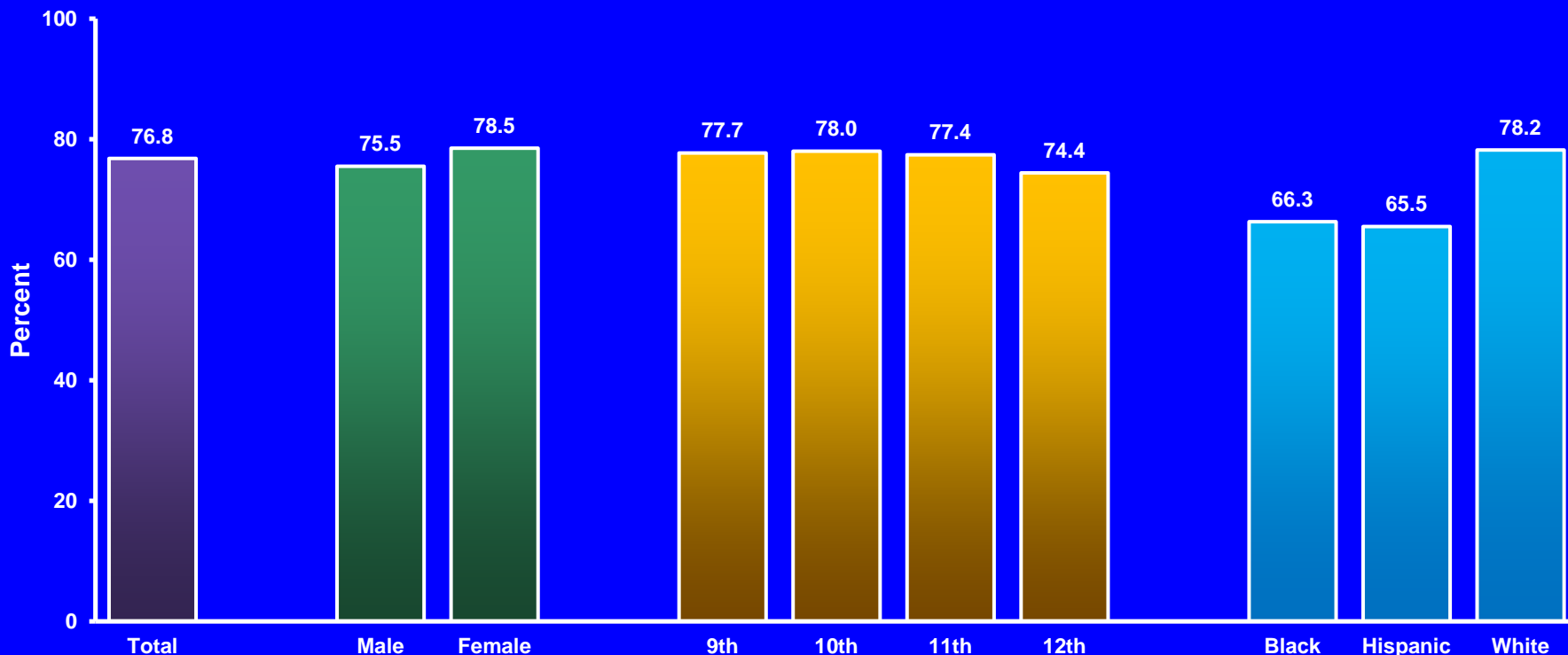
Percentage of High School Students Who Saw a Doctor or Nurse,* 2015-2017†

*For a check-up or physical exam when they were not sick or injured during the 12 months before the survey
†Decreased 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN102

Percentage of High School Students Who Who Reported That Either of Their Parents or Other Adults in Their Family Had Been in Jail or in Prison,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
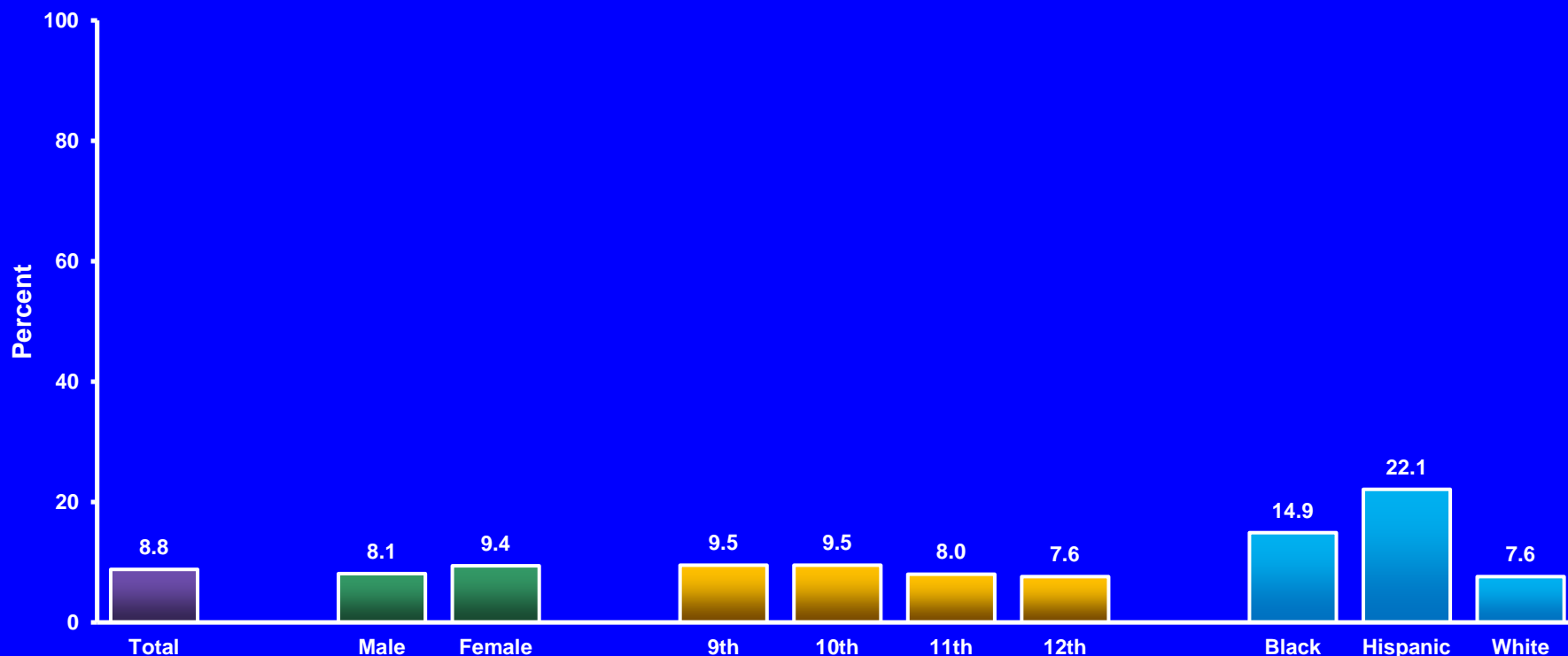
*During the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th; B > W, H > B, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
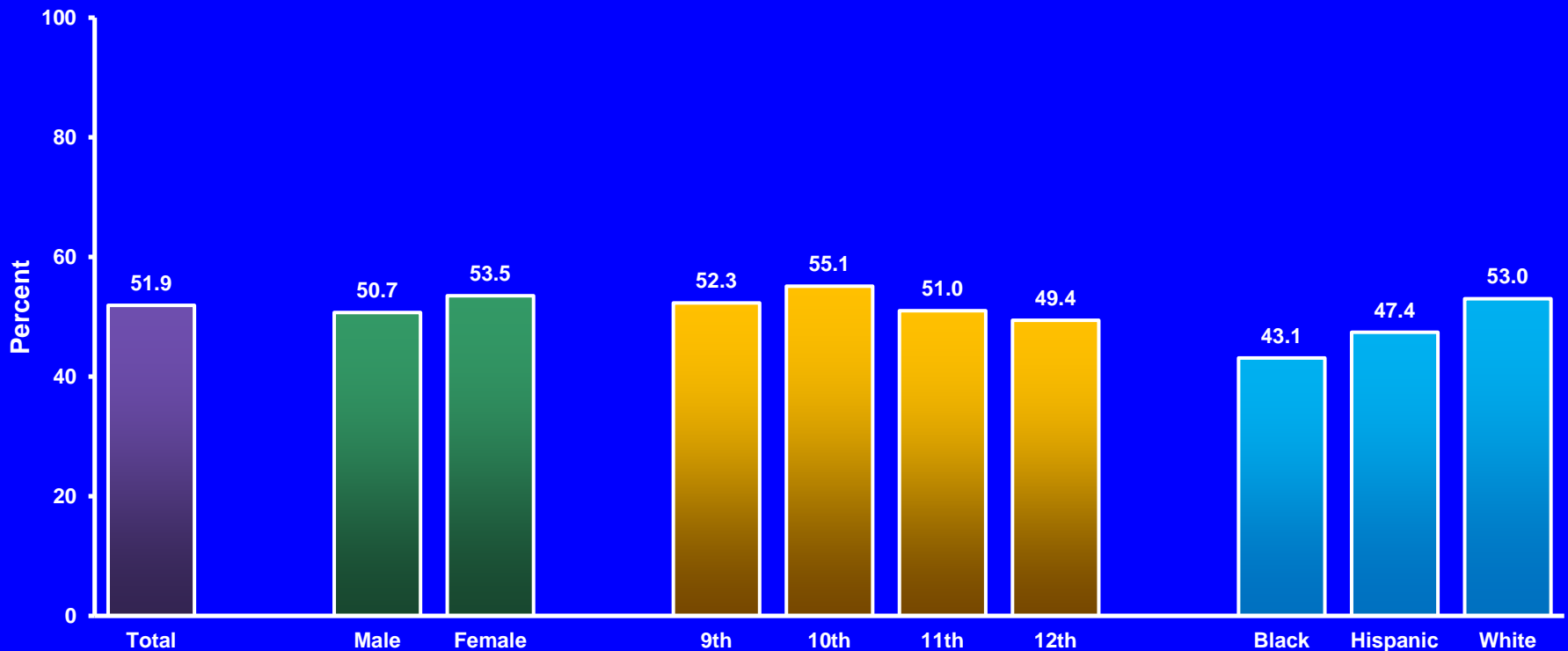Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN103

Percentage of High School Students Who Who Reported That Either of Their Parents or Other Adults in Their Family Had Been in Jail or in Prison,* 2015-2017†

*During the 12 months before the survey
†No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

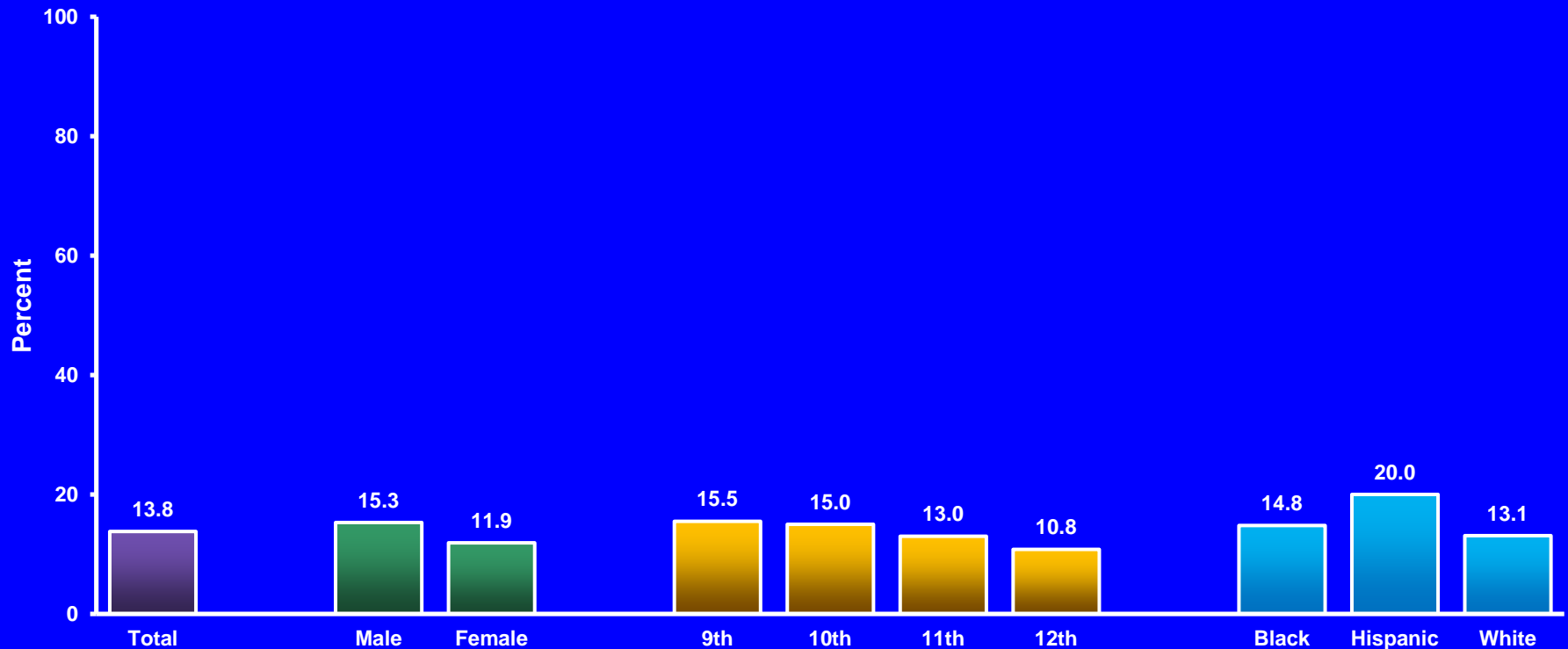*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN103*

Percentage of High School Students Who Have Talked with at Least One of Their Parents or Guardians About the Dangers of Tobacco, Alcohol, or Drug Use,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*During the 12 months before the survey
†F > M; 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN104

Percentage of High School Students Who Have Talked with at Least One of Their Parents or Guardians About the Dangers of Tobacco, Alcohol, or Drug Use,* 2013-2017[†]

*During the 12 months before the survey
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN104

Percentage of High School Students Who Have Someone in Their Family (a Parent, Brother, or Sister) Who Is Currently in the Military,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Chart: Percent (y-axis, 0 to 100)

Category	Percent
Total	13.8
Male	15.3
Female	11.9
9th	15.5
10th	15.0
11th	13.0
12th	10.8
Black	14.8
Hispanic	20.0
White	13.1

*Air Force, Army, Marines, National Guard, Navy, or Reserves
†M > F; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN105

Percentage of High School Students Who Have Someone in Their Family (a Parent, Brother, or Sister) Who Is Currently in the Military,* 2015-2017[†]

Percent

100
80
60
40
20 — 15.0   13.8
0

2015   2017

*Air Force, Army, Marines, National Guard, Navy, or Reserves
[†]No change 2015-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2015-2017 - QN105

Percentage of High School Students Who Worked for Pay,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
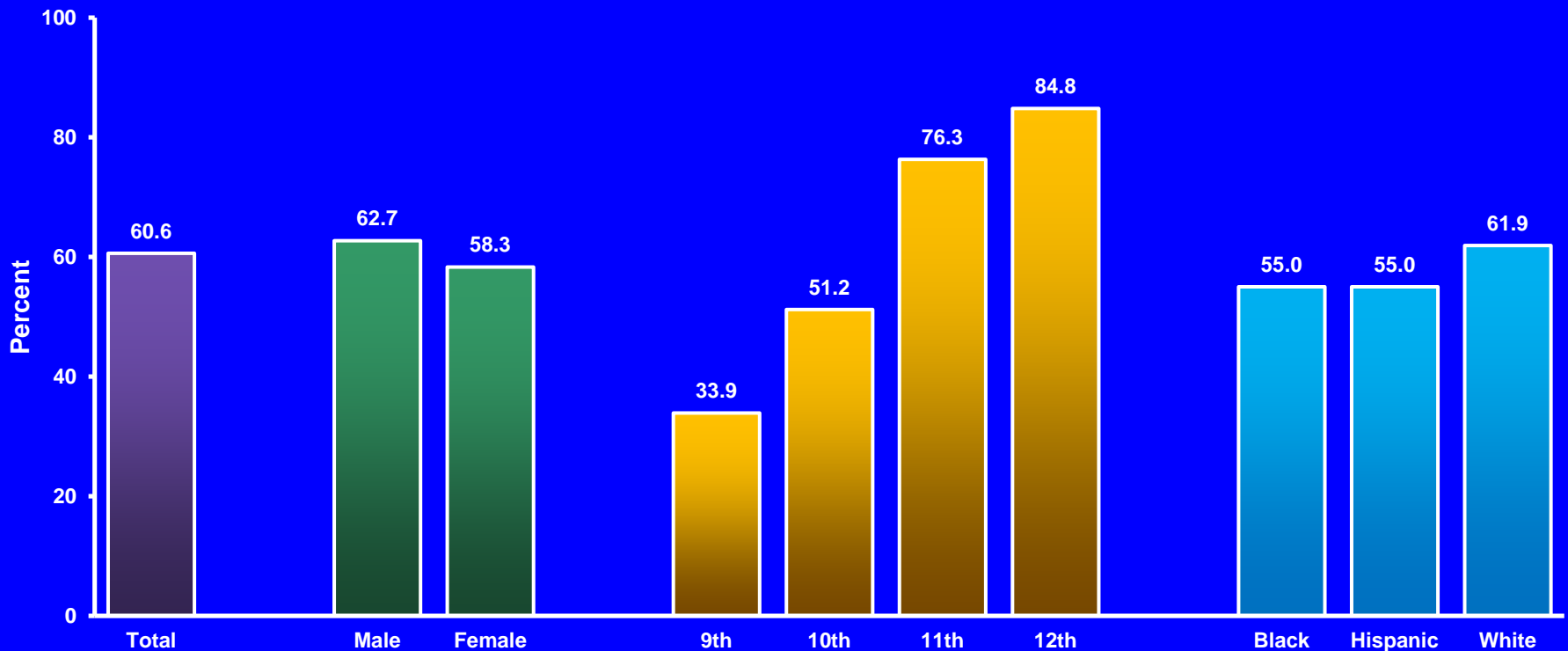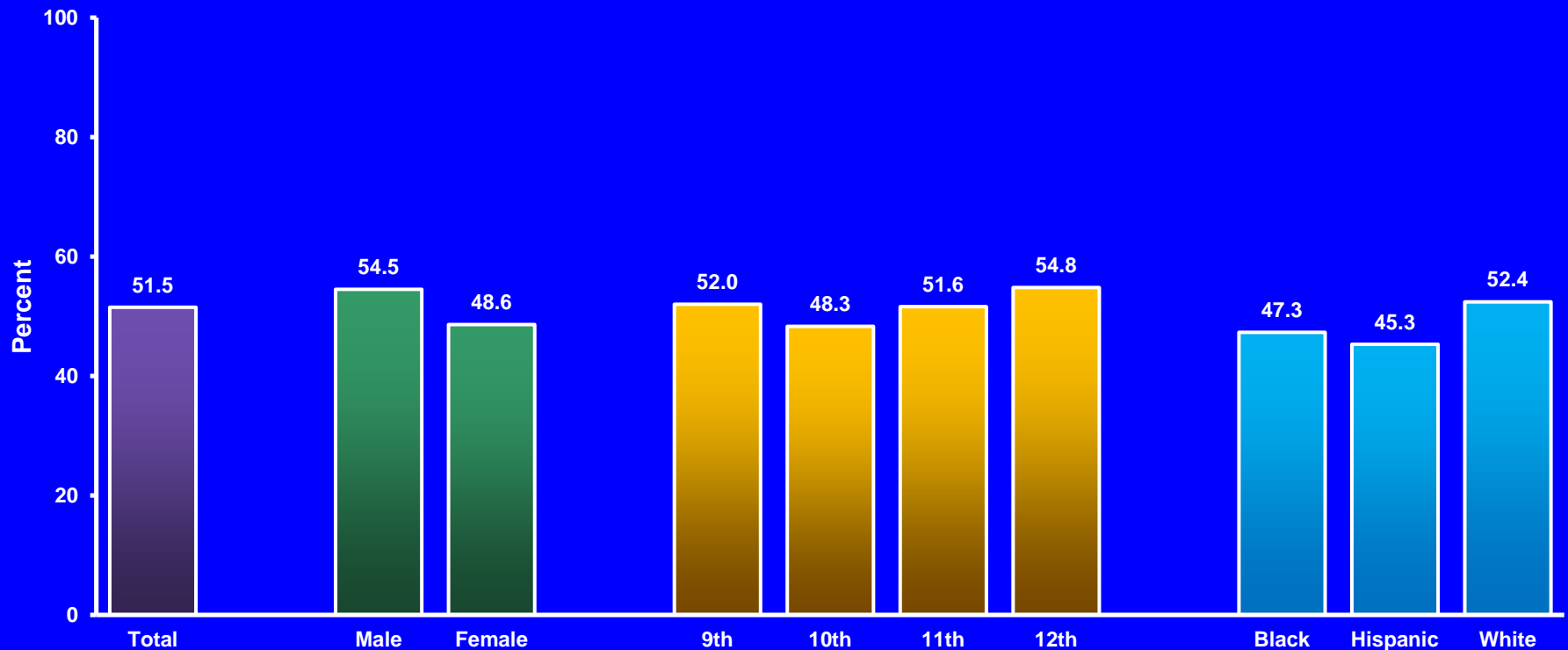

*Not counting chores, babysitting, or yard work such as raking leaves, shoveling snow, or mowing grass, during the 12 months before the survey
†M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN106

Percentage of High School Students Who Strongly Agree or Agree That in Their Community They Feel like They Matter to People, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017
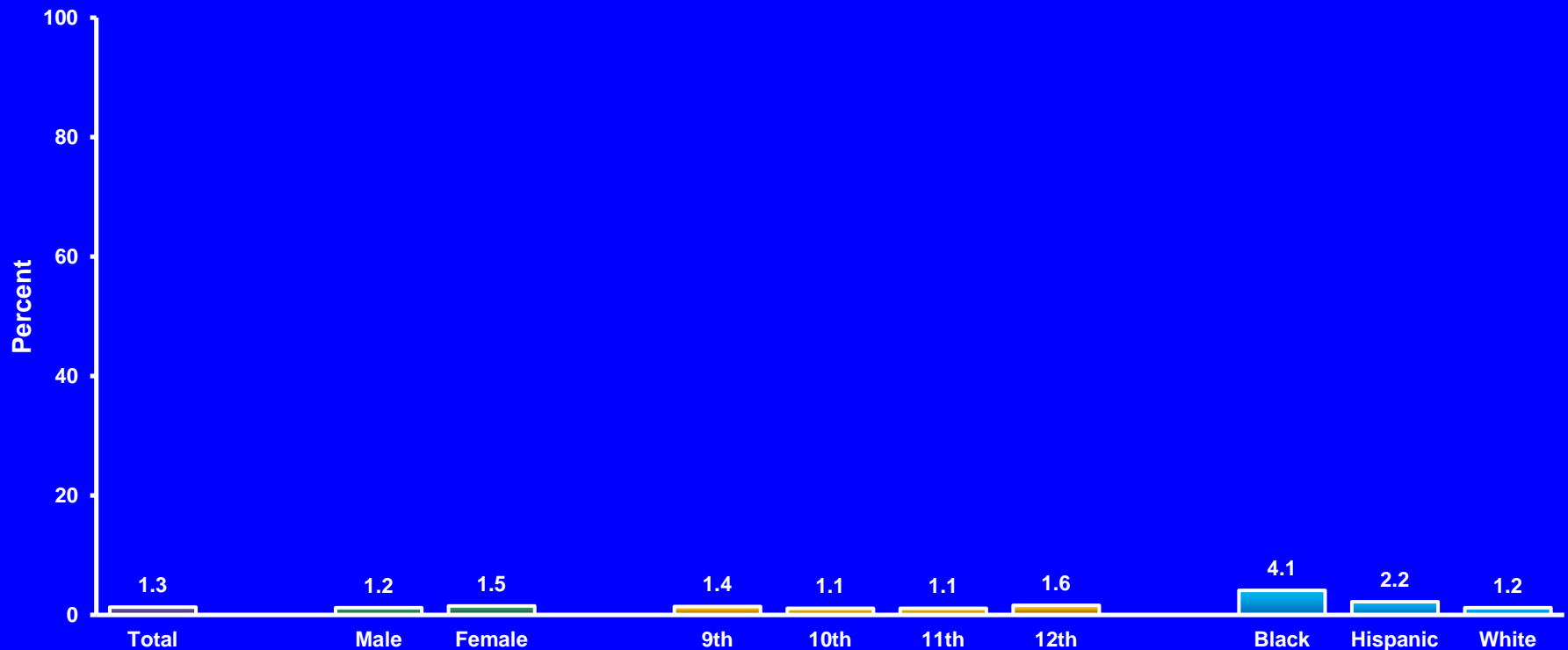
Percent

Category	Value
Total	51.5
Male	54.5
Female	48.6
9th	52.0
10th	48.3
11th	51.6
12th	54.8
Black	47.3
Hispanic	45.3
White	52.4

*M > F; 9th > 10th, 12th > 10th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN107

Percentage of High School Students Who Usually Slept in the Home of a Friend, Family Member, or Other Person Because They Had to Leave Their Home or Their Parent or Guardian Cannot Afford Housing,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity, 2017
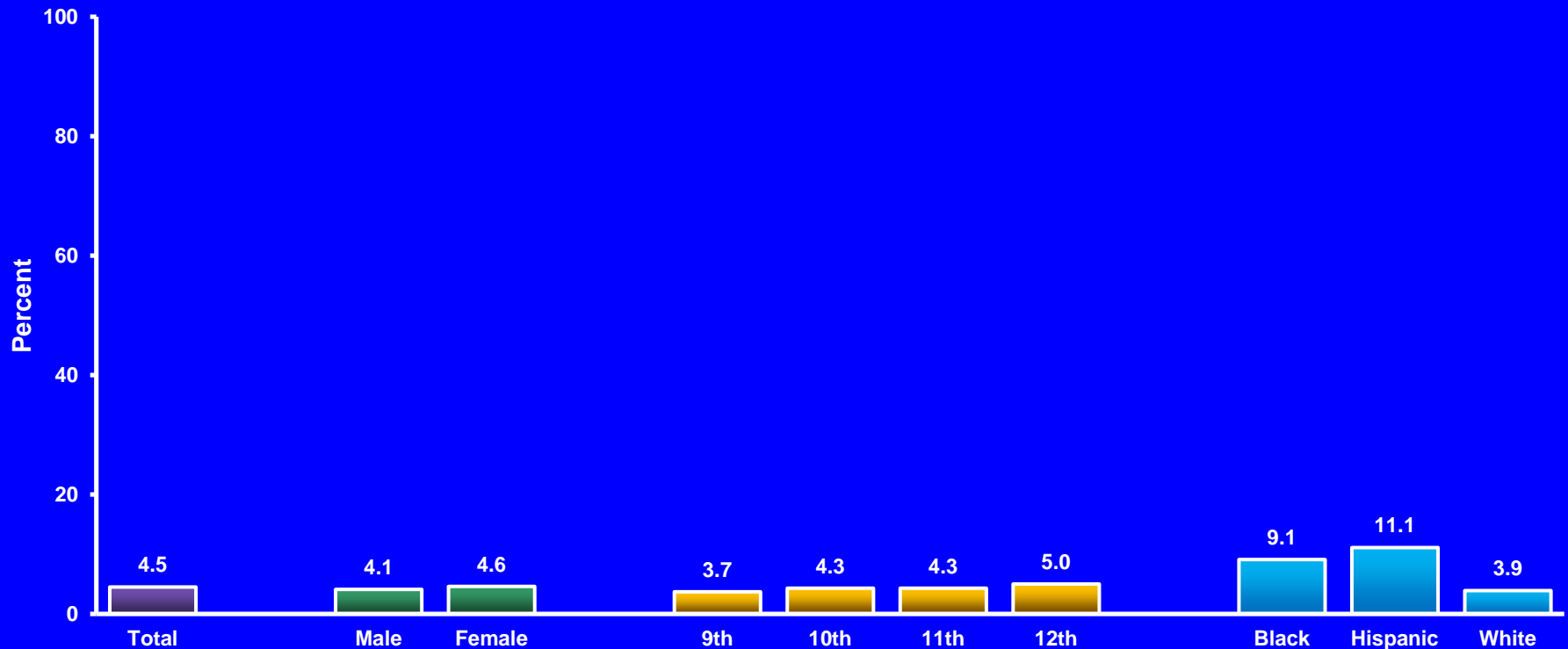

*During the 30 days before the survey
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN108

Percentage of High School Students Who Have Ever Slept Away from Their Parents or Guardians Because They Were Kicked Out, Ran Away, or Were Abandoned,* by Sex, Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
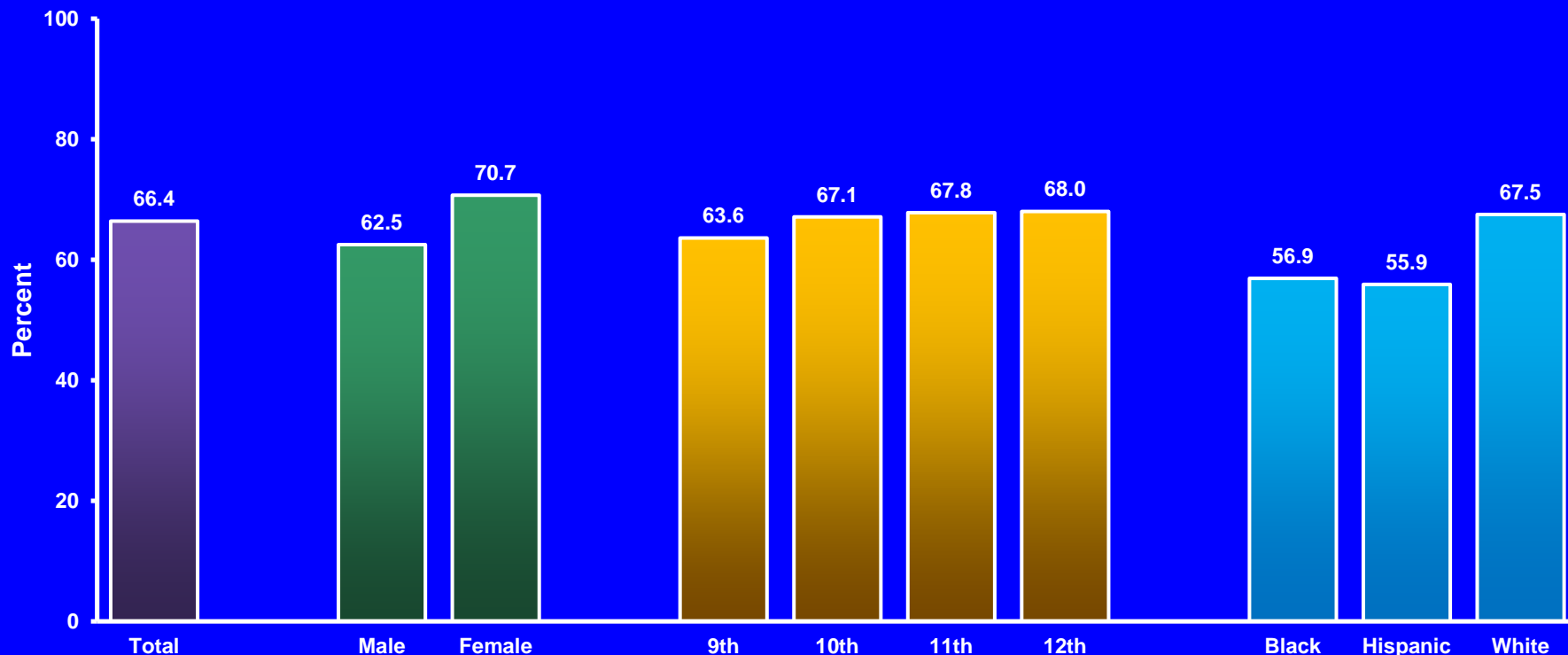
Category	Percent
Total	4.5
Male	4.1
Female	4.6
9th	3.7
10th	4.3
11th	4.3
12th	5.0
Black	9.1
Hispanic	11.1
White	3.9

*During the 30 days before the survey
†B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN109

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Greatly Risk Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Smoke One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

*F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
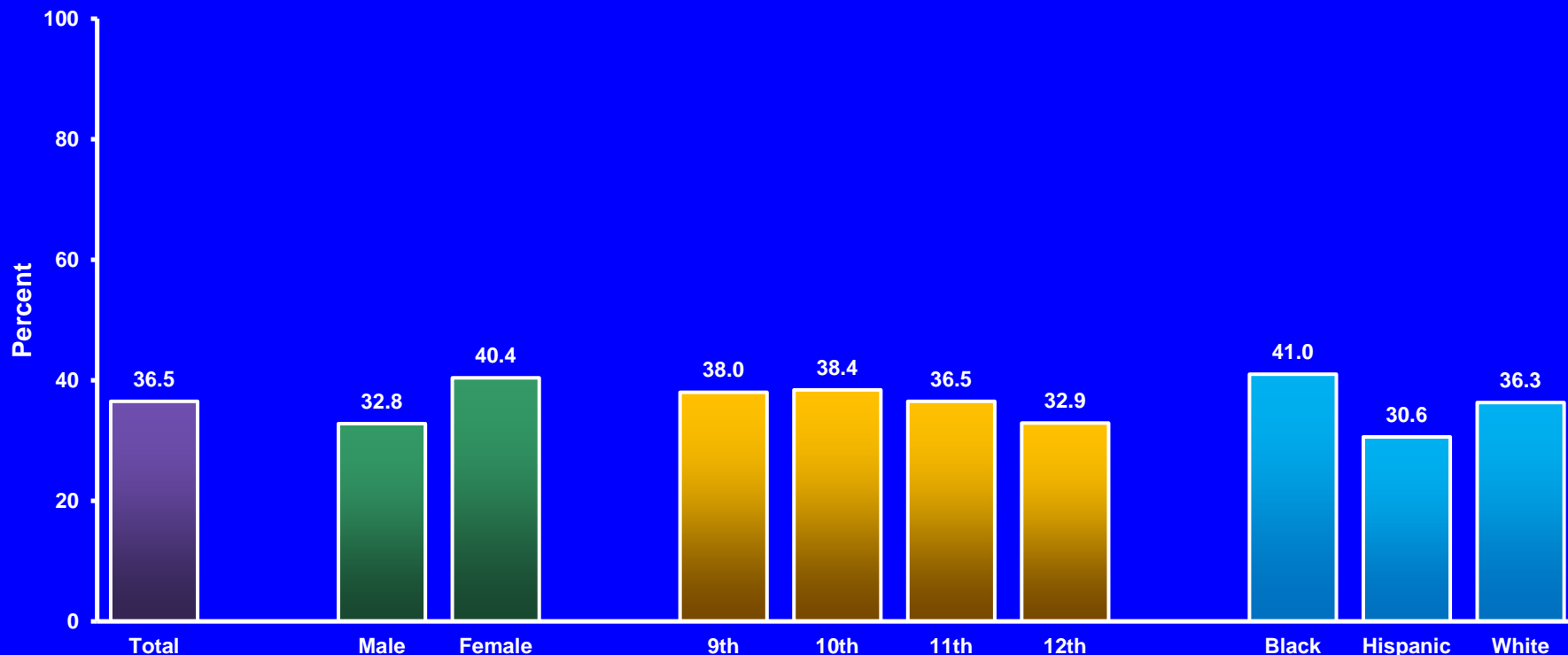All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN110

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Greatly Risk Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Smoke One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day, 2007-2017[*]
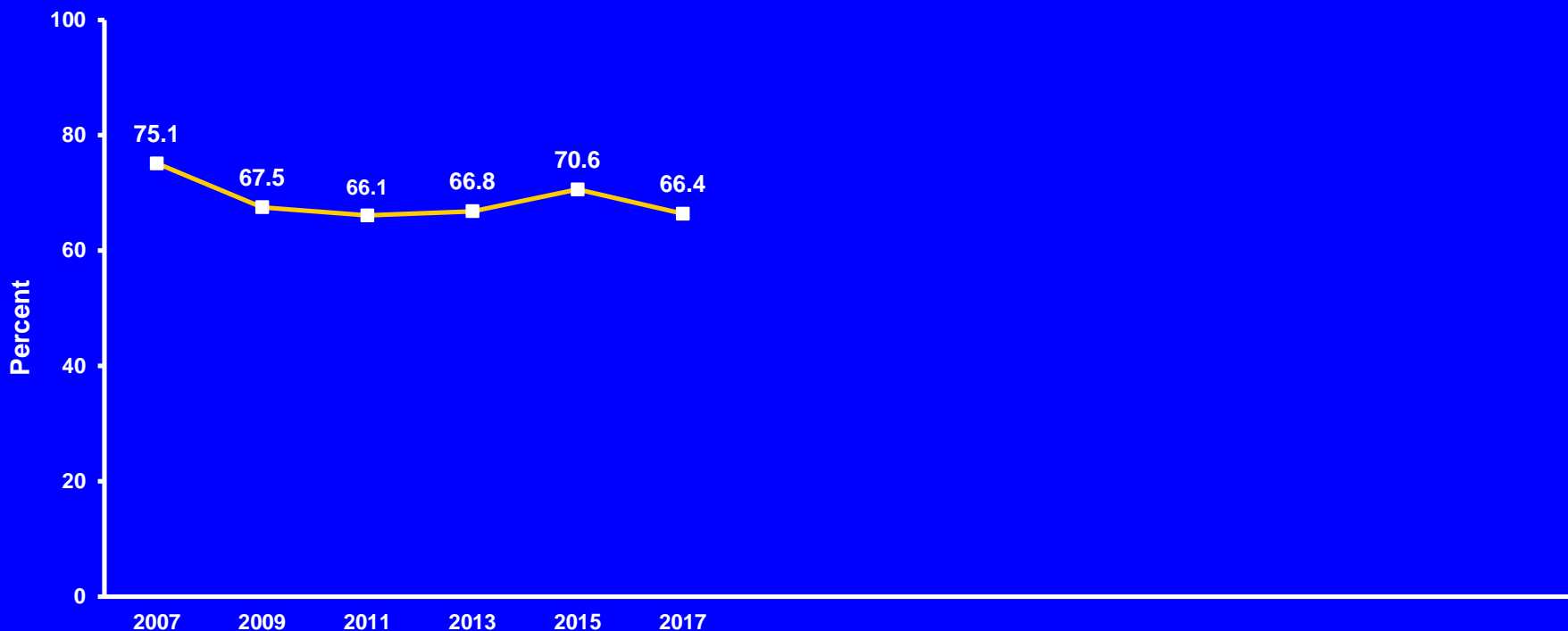
*Decreased 2007-2017, decreased 2007-2011, no change 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

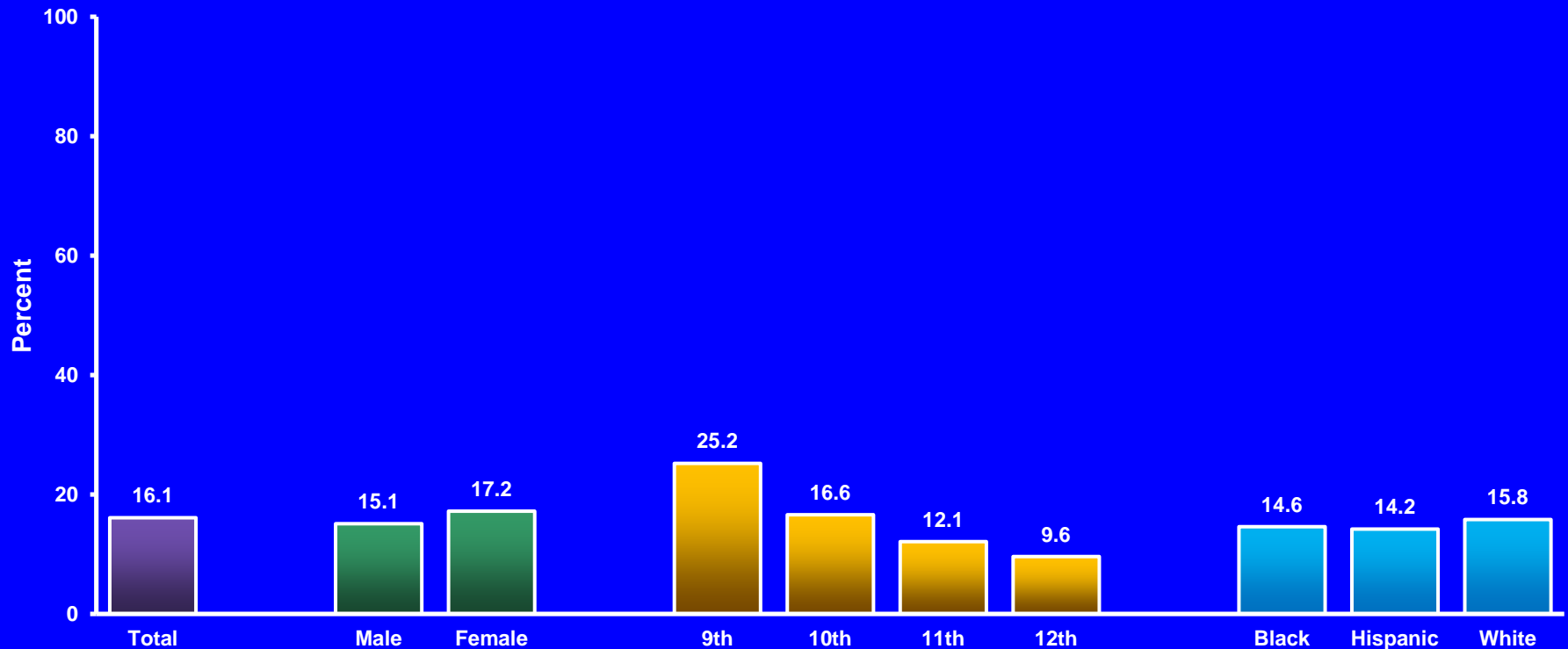*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2007-2017 - QN110*

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Have Five or More Drinks of Alcohol Once or Twice a Week,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent

Category	Percent
Total	36.5
Male	32.8
Female	40.4
9th	38.0
10th	38.4
11th	36.5
12th	32.9
Black	41.0
Hispanic	30.6
White	36.3

*Beer, wine, or liquor
†F > M; 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; B > H, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN111

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Have Five or More Drinks of Alcohol Once or Twice a Week,* 2013-2017†

Percent

100

80

60

40 — 36.5 ... 40.9 ... 36.5

20

0

2013   2015   2017

*Beer, wine, or liquor
†No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN111

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Use Marijuana Once or Twice a Week, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*F > M; 9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
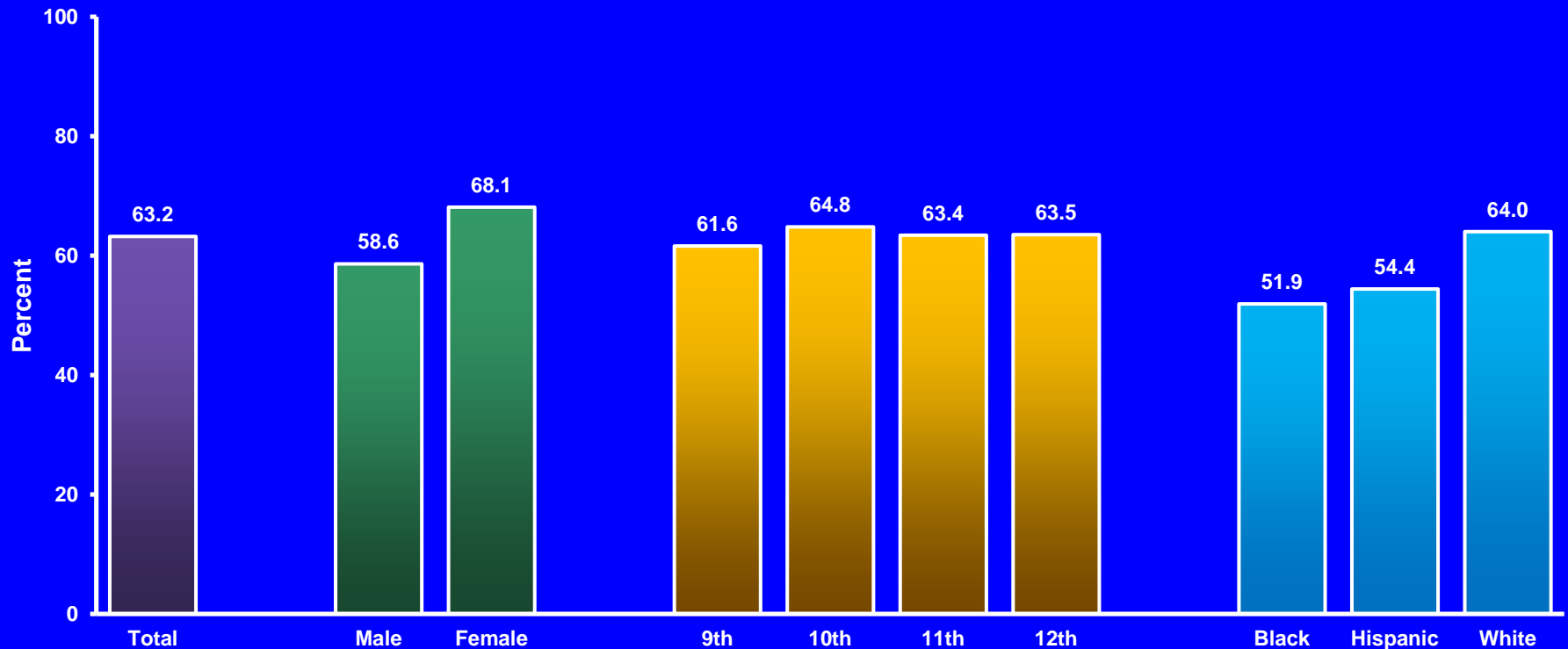All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN112

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Use Marijuana Once or Twice a Week, 2013-2017[*]

*Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN112

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
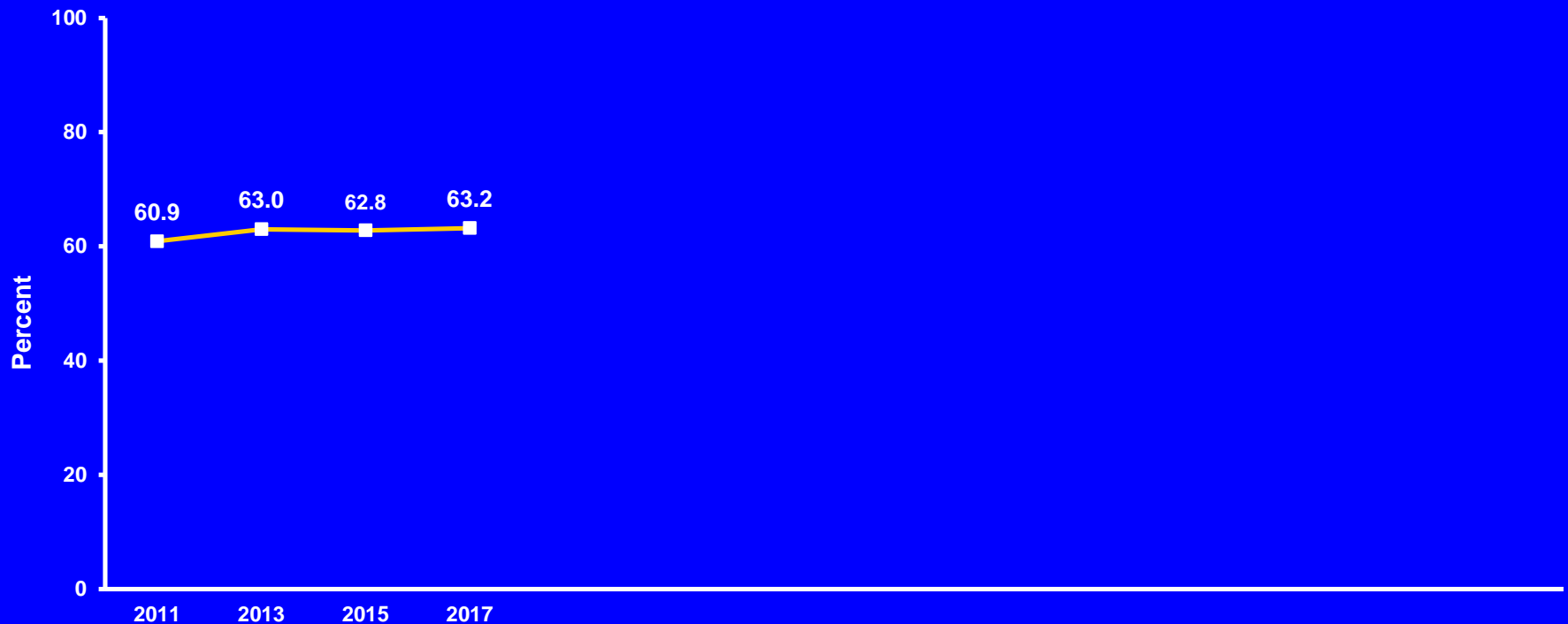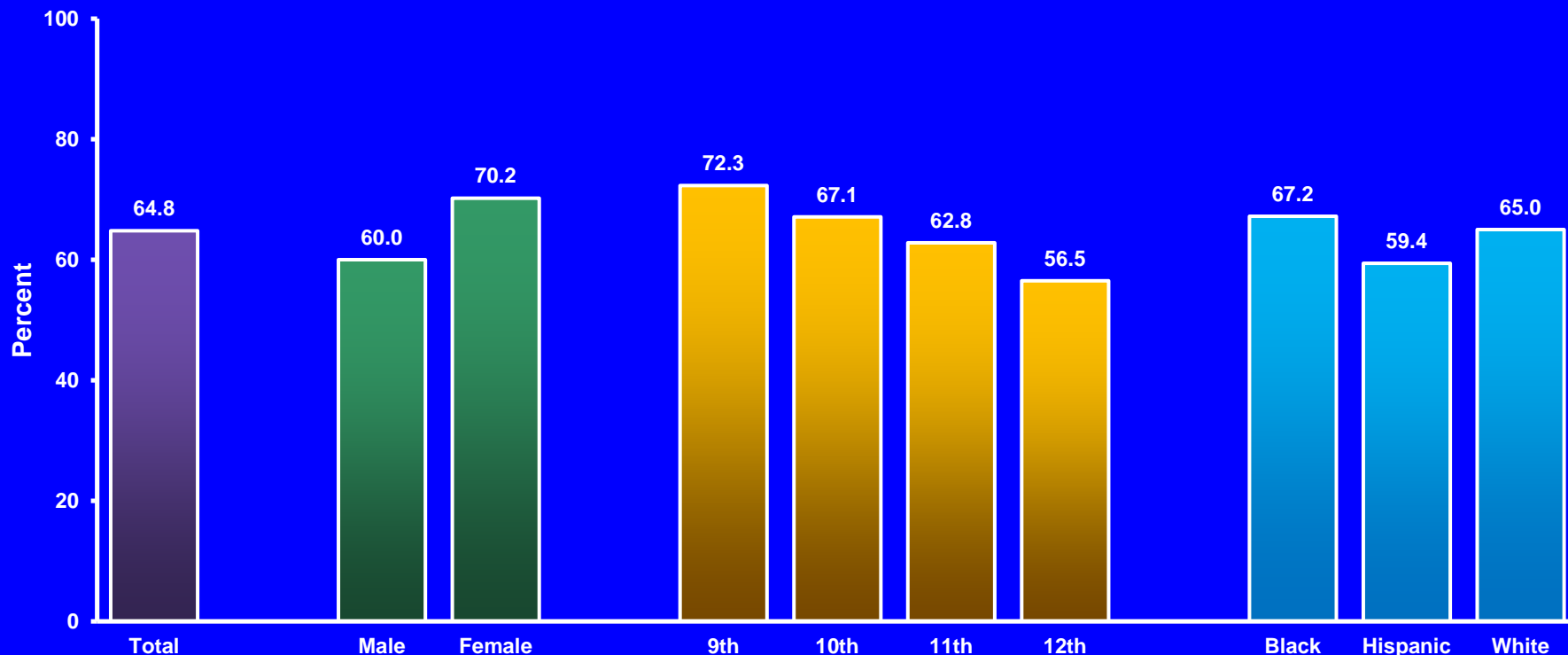

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†F > M; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN113

Percentage of High School Students Who Think People Are at Great Risk of Harming Themselves (Physically or in Other Ways) If They Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* 2011-2017[†]

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
[†]No change 2011-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2011-2017 - QN113

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Tobacco, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

Category	Percent
Total	64.8
Male	60.0
Female	70.2
9th	72.3
10th	67.1
11th	62.8
12th	56.5
Black	67.2
Hispanic	59.4
White	65.0

*F > M; 9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
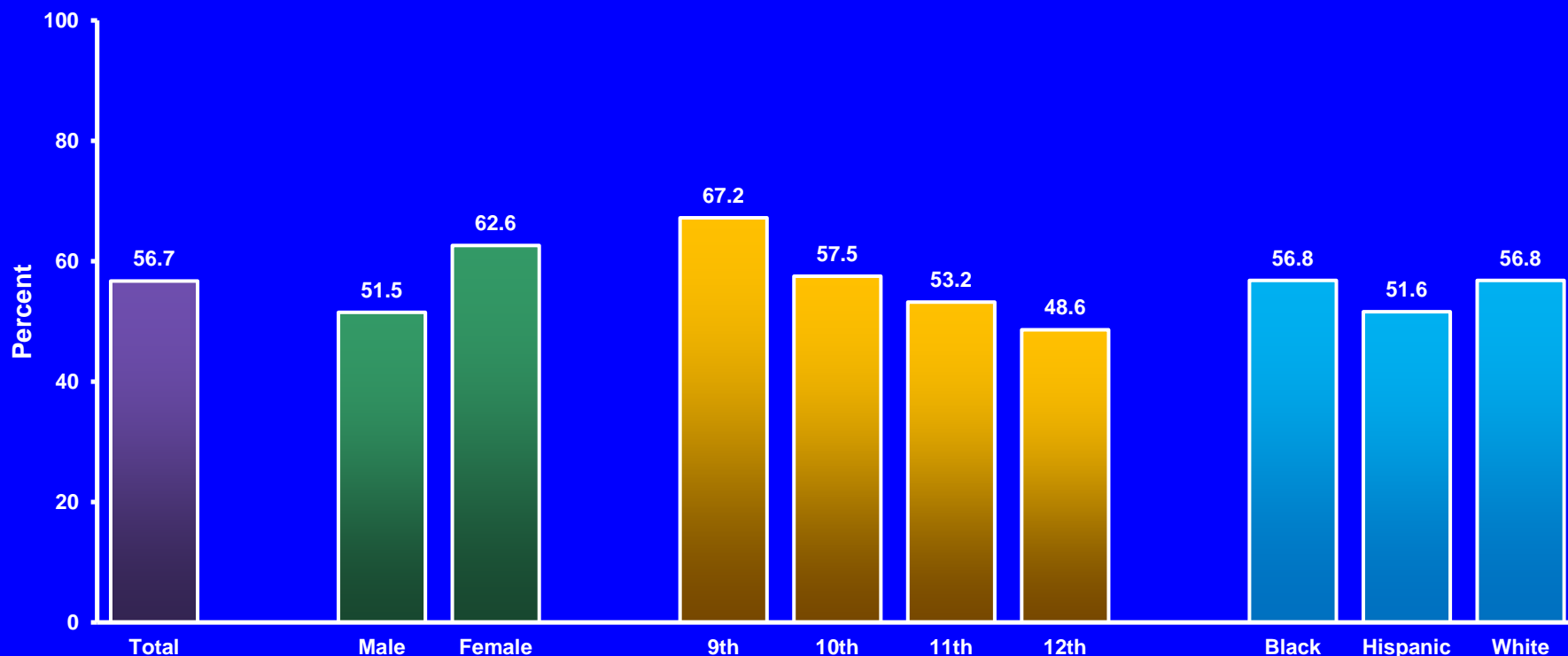All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN114

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Tobacco, 2013-2017[*]

Percent

100

80

58.2

65.6

64.8

60

40

20

0

2013   2015   2017

[*]Increased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

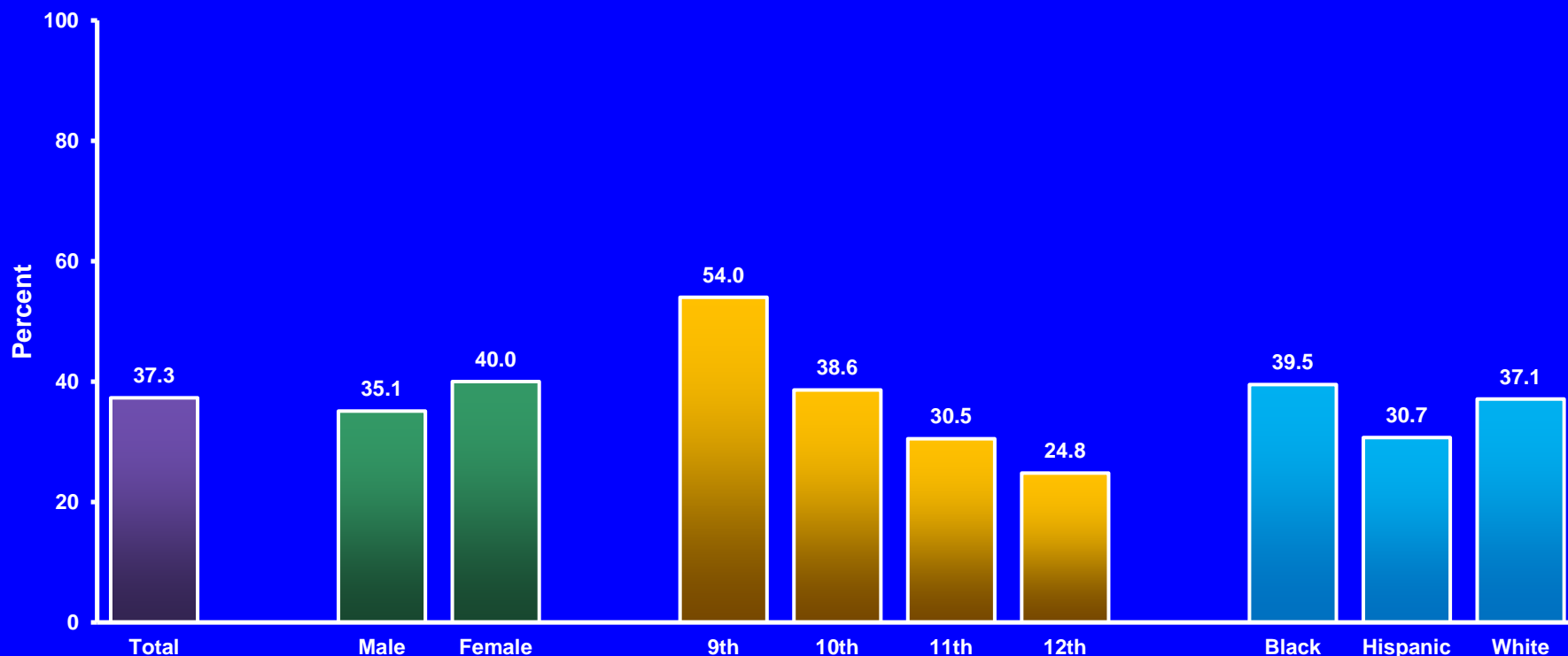*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN114*

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Have One or Two Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Nearly Every Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*Beer, wine, or liquor
†F > M; 9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN115

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Have One or Two Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Nearly Every Day,* 2013-2017[†]

*Beer, wine, or liquor
[†]Increased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN115

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Marijuana, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

*F > M; 9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
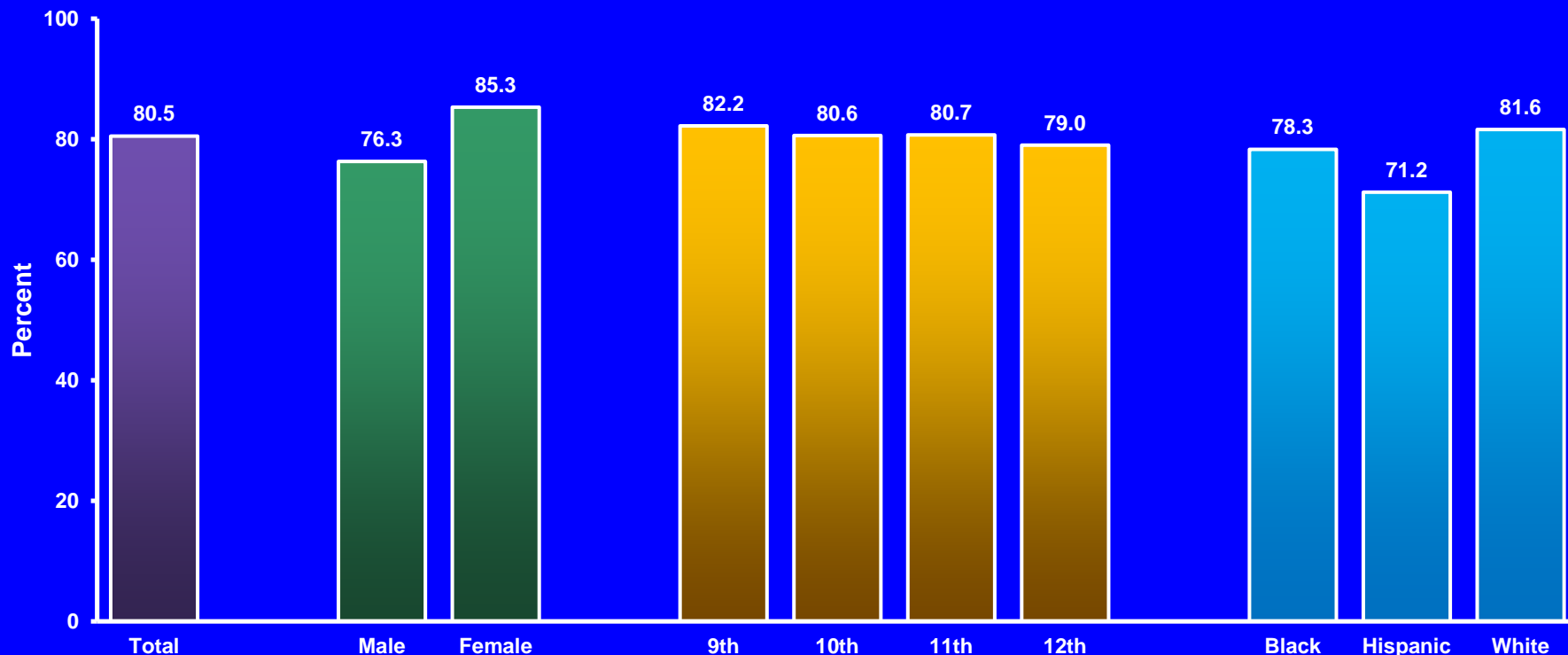All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN116

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Marijuana, 2013-2017[*]

Chart showing Percent on the y-axis (0 to 100) and years 2013, 2015, 2017 on the x-axis:
- 2013: 41.0
- 2015: 42.9
- 2017: 37.3

[*]Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$).]

*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN116*

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†F > M; 9th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, $p < 0.05$.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN117

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Friends Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* 2013-2017[†]

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
[†]Increased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN117

Percentage of High School Students Who Approve or Strongly Approve of Someone Their Age Having One or Two Drinks of Alcohol Nearly Every Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
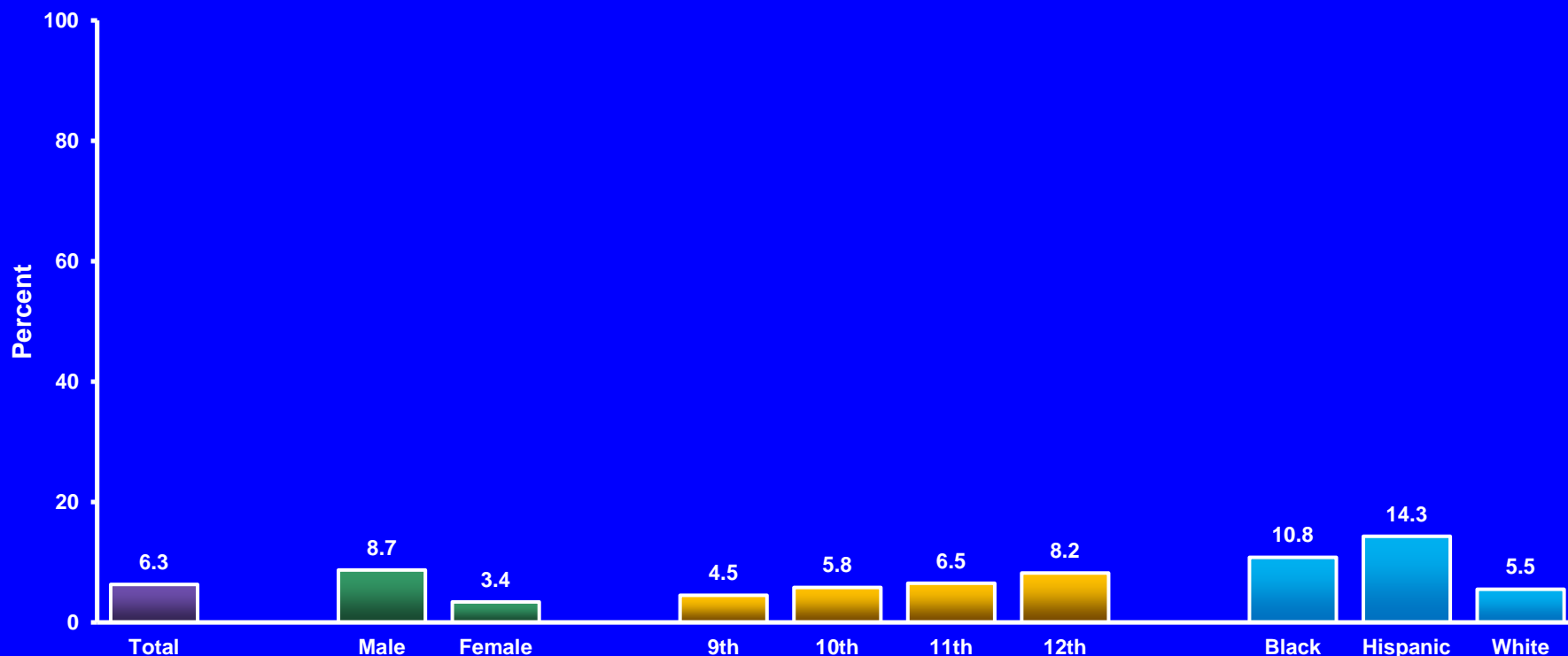
*Beer, wine, or liquor
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
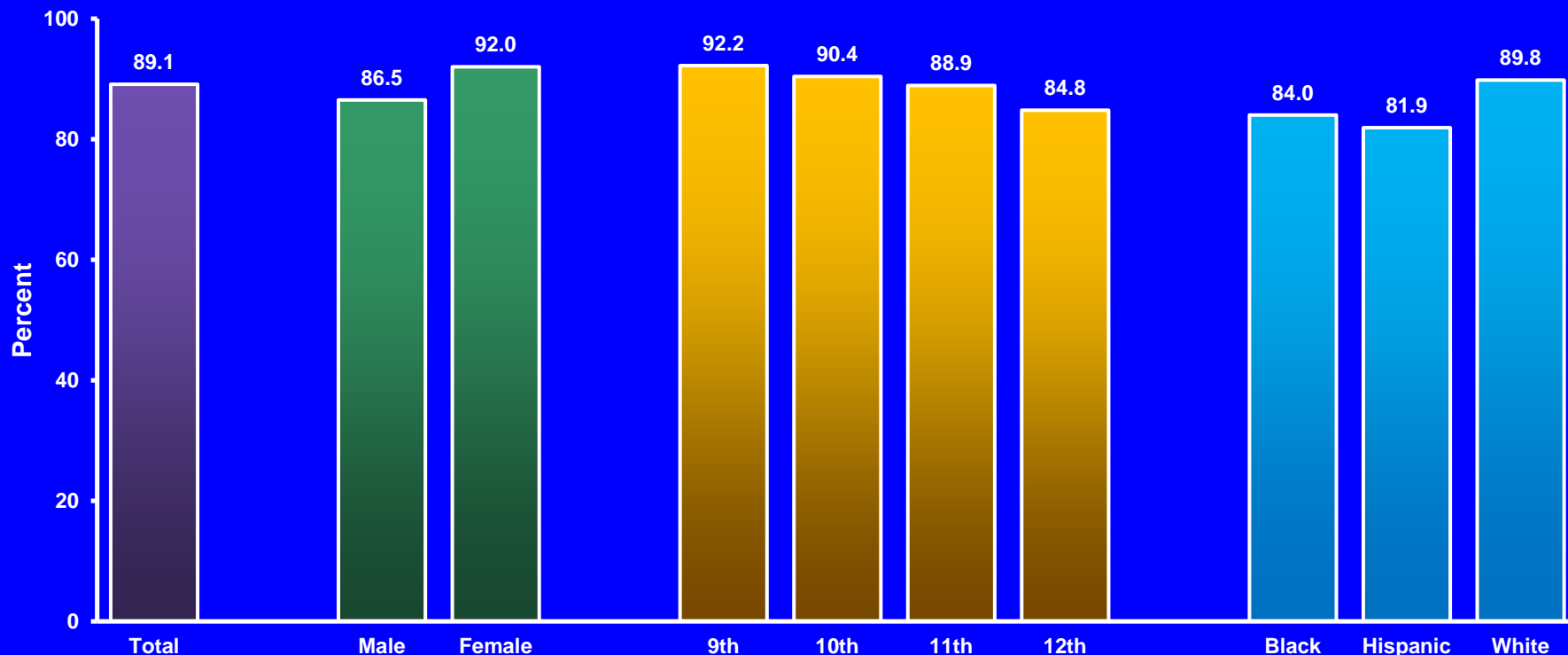Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN118

Percentage of High School Students Who Approve or Strongly Approve of Someone Their Age Having One or Two Drinks of Alcohol Nearly Every Day,* 2013-2017[†]

*Beer, wine, or liquor
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

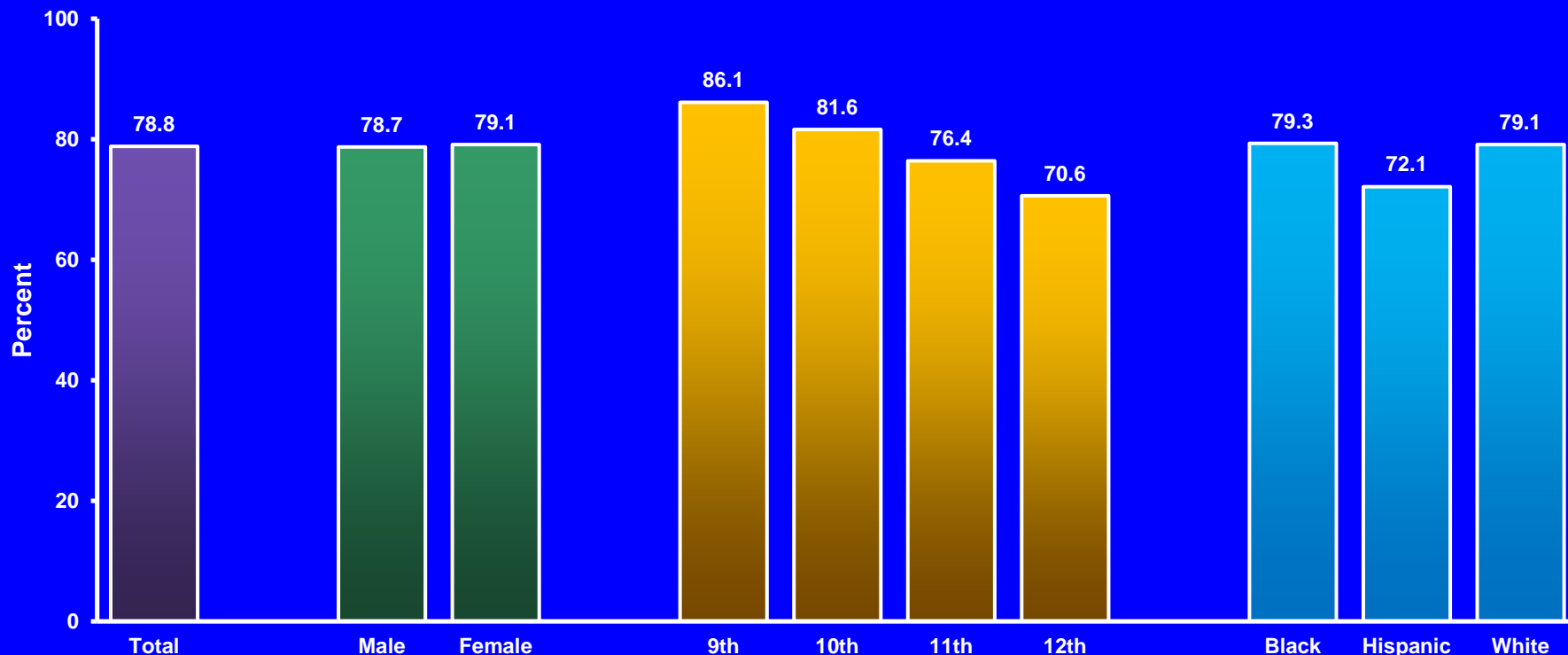*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN118*

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Have One or Two Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Nearly Every Day,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Beer, wine or liquor
†F > M; 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN119

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Have One or Two Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Nearly Every Day,* 2013-2017[†]

*Beer, wine or liquor
[†]No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN119

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Marijuana, by Sex, Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017

*9th > 10th, 9th > 11th, 9th > 12th, 10th > 11th, 10th > 12th, 11th > 12th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
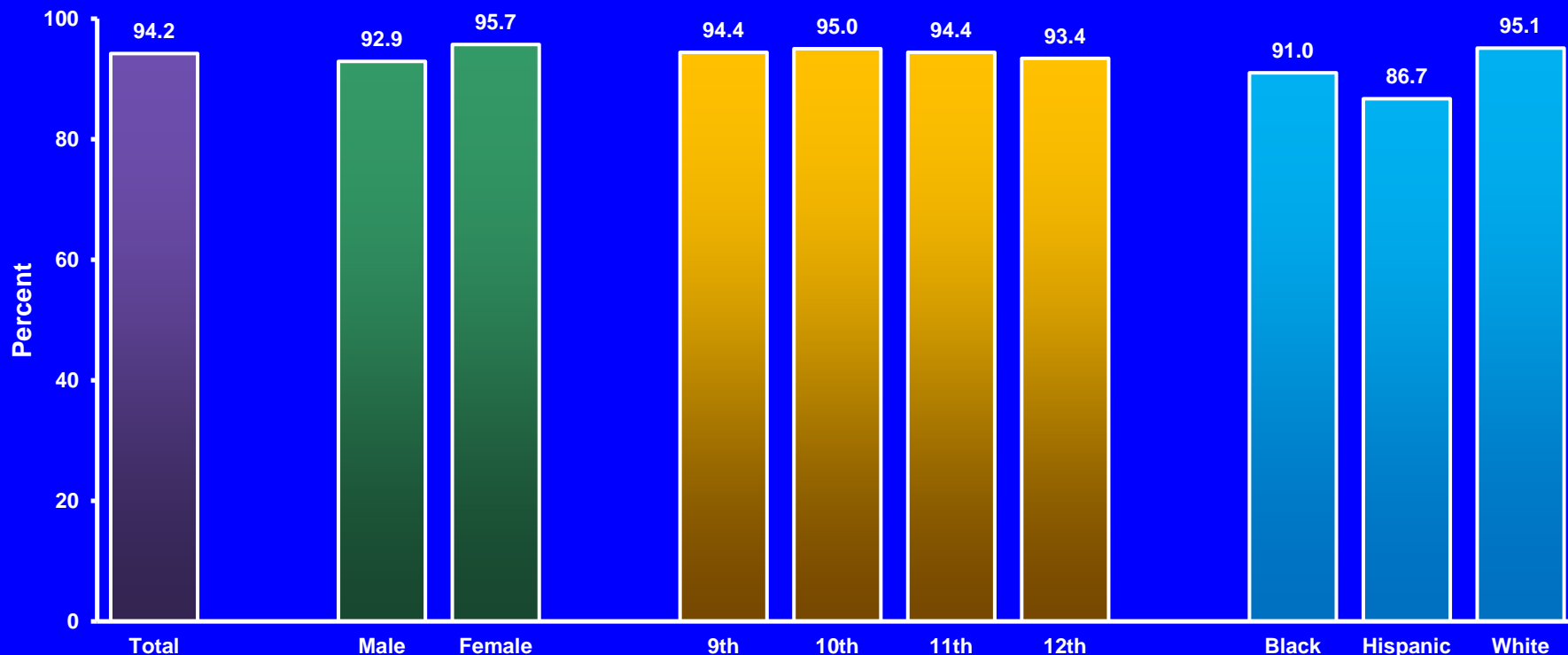All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN120

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Smoke Marijuana, 2013-2017[*]

*Decreased 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

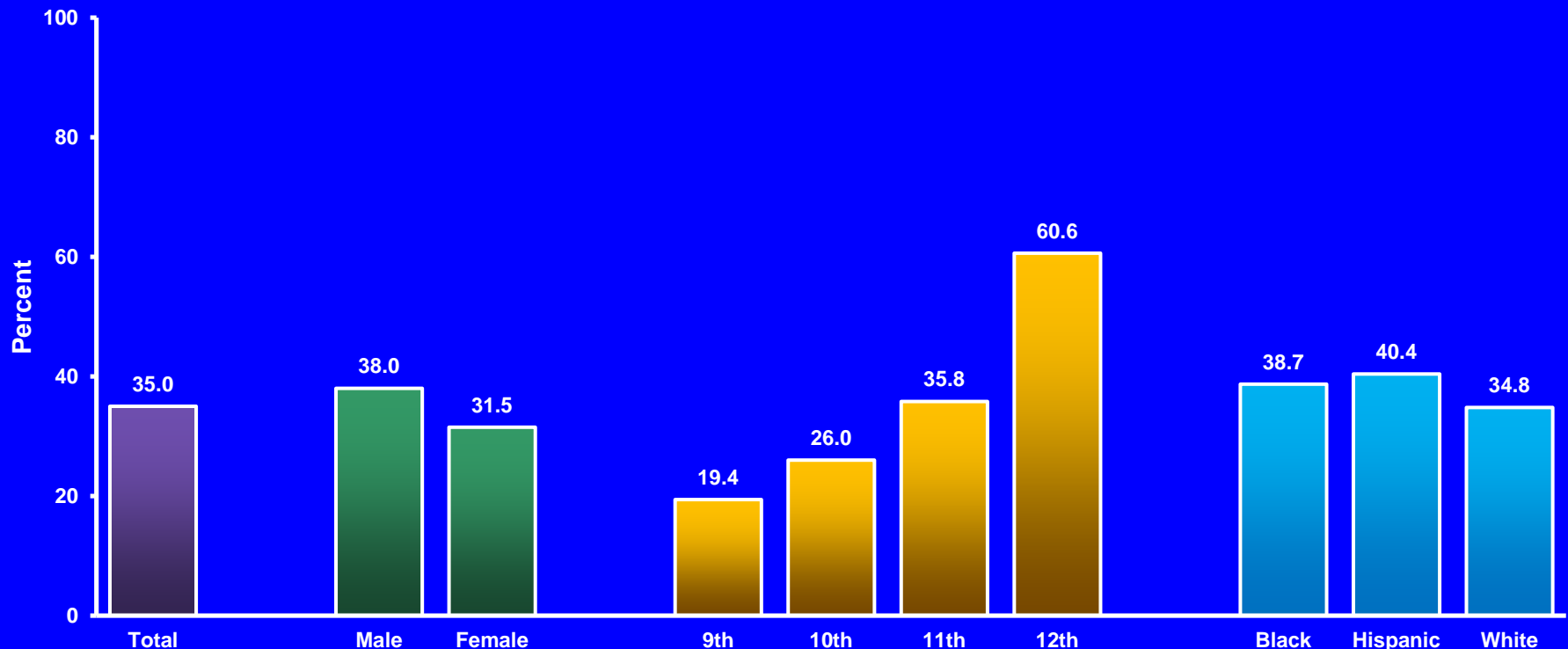*New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN120*

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* by Sex,† Grade, and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

Percent (y-axis)

Category	Percent
Total	94.2
Male	92.9
Female	95.7
9th	94.4
10th	95.0
11th	94.4
12th	93.4
Black	91.0
Hispanic	86.7
White	95.1

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†F > M; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN121

Percentage of High School Students Who Reported That Their Parents Feel It Would Be Wrong or Very Wrong for Them to Take a Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription,* 2013-2017†

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN121

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Cigarettes If They Wanted To, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017
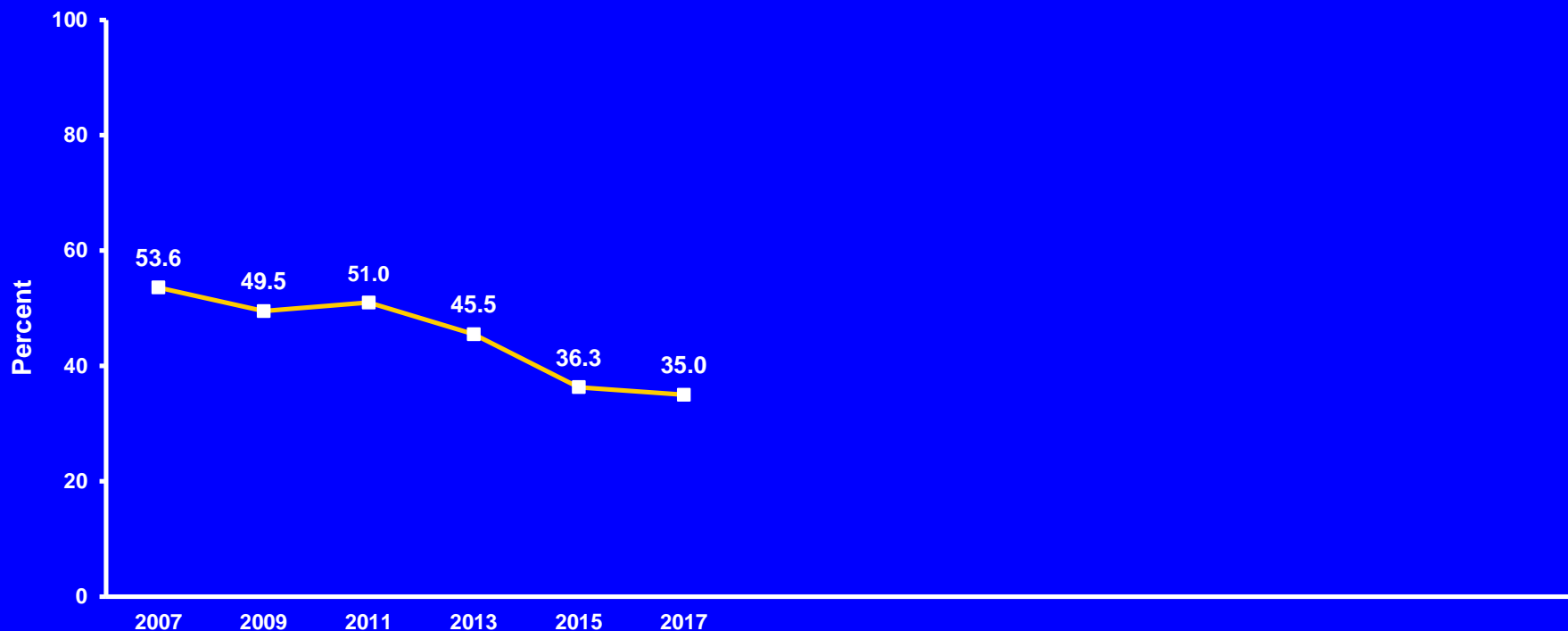
*M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th, 12th > 11th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
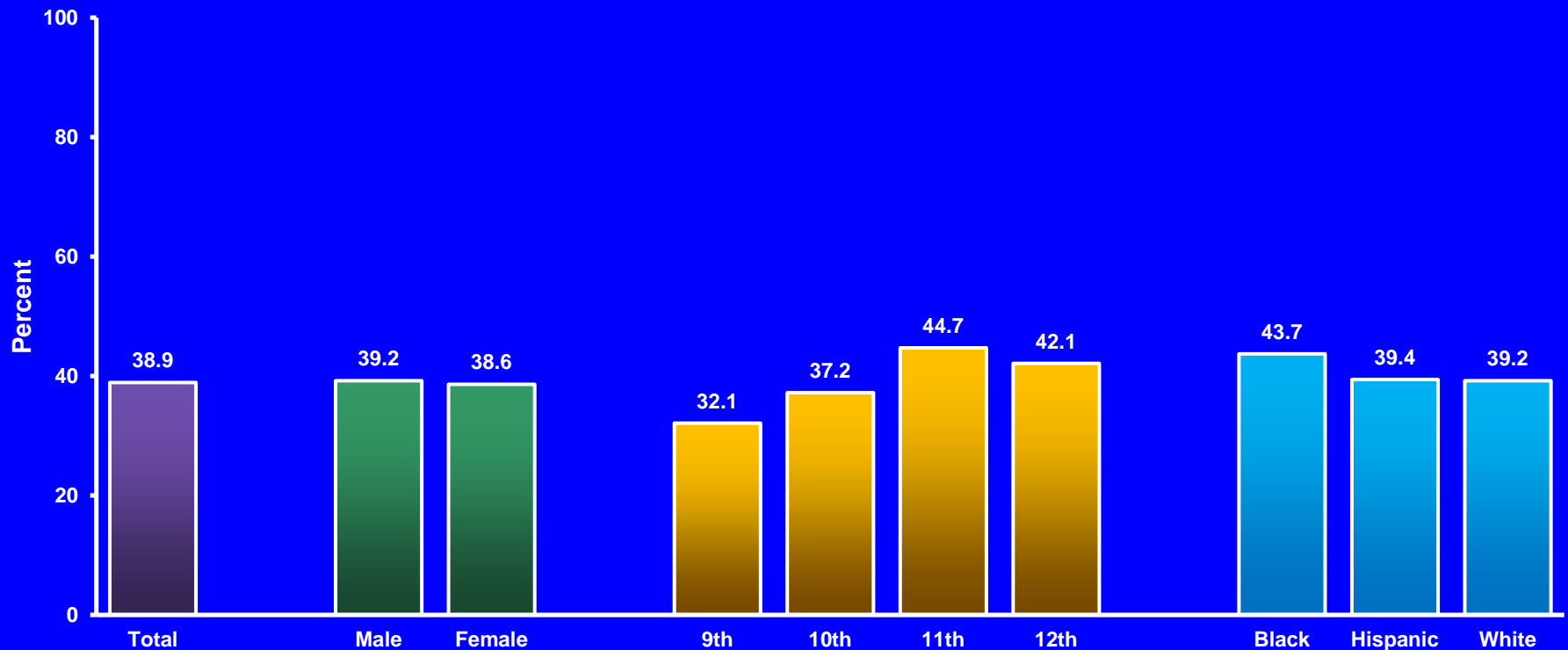All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN122

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Cigarettes If They Wanted To, 2007-2017[*]

[*]Decreased 2007-2017, no change 2007-2011, decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2007-2017 - QN122

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Alcohol If They Wanted To,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*Beer, wine, or liquor
†10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
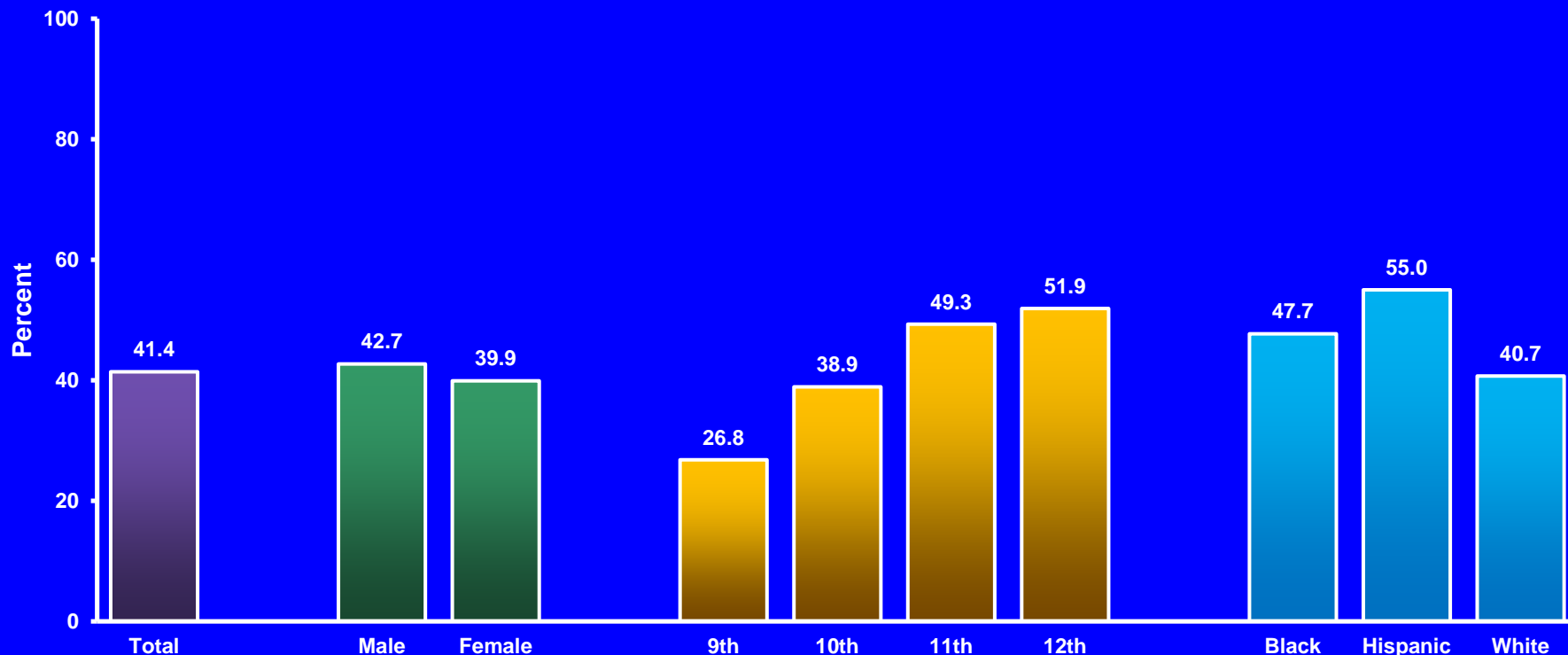Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN123

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Alcohol If They Wanted To,* 2013-2017†

Percent

- 2013: 41.5
- 2015: 37.6
- 2017: 38.9

*Beer, wine, or liquor
†No change 2013-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2013-2017 - QN123

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Marijuana If They Wanted To, by Sex,* Grade,* and Race/Ethnicity,* 2017
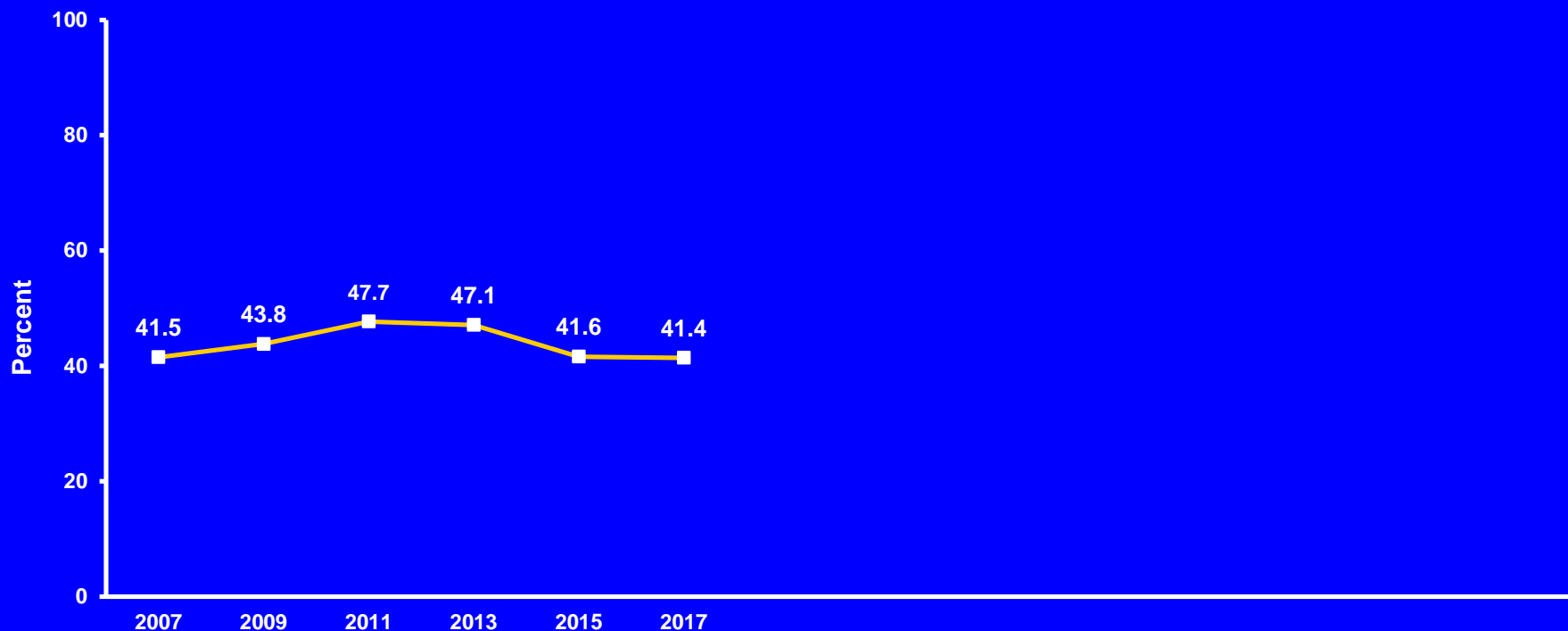
*M > F; 10th > 9th, 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th, 12th > 10th; H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
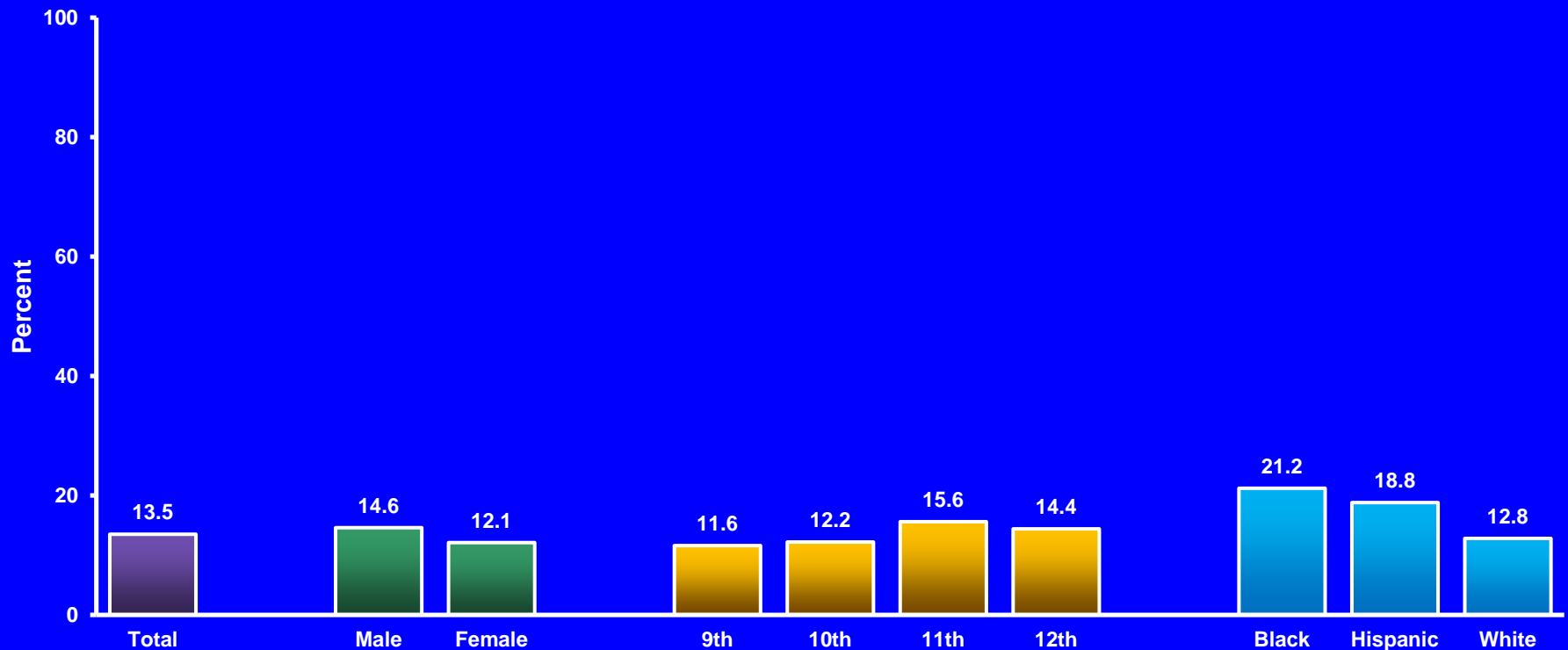All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN124

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Marijuana If They Wanted To, 2007-2017[*]

Percent

100

80

60

41.5   43.8   47.7   47.1   41.6   41.4

40

20

0

2007   2009   2011   2013   2015   2017

[*]Increased, 2007-2011, decreased, 2011-2017 [Based on linear and quadratic trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade ($p < 0.05$). Significant linear trends (if present) across all available years are described first followed by linear changes in each segment of significant quadratic trends (if present).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2007-2017 - QN124

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription If They Wanted To,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†M > F; 11th > 9th, 11th > 10th, 12th > 9th; B > W, H > W (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QN125

Percentage of High School Students Who Think It Would Be Very Easy for Them to Get Some Prescription Drug Without a Doctor's Prescription If They Wanted To,* 2011-2017†

*Such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax
†Decreased 2011-2017 [Based on linear trend analyses using logistic regression models controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade (p < 0.05).]

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2011-2017 - QN125

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank One or More Glasses Per Day of Water,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
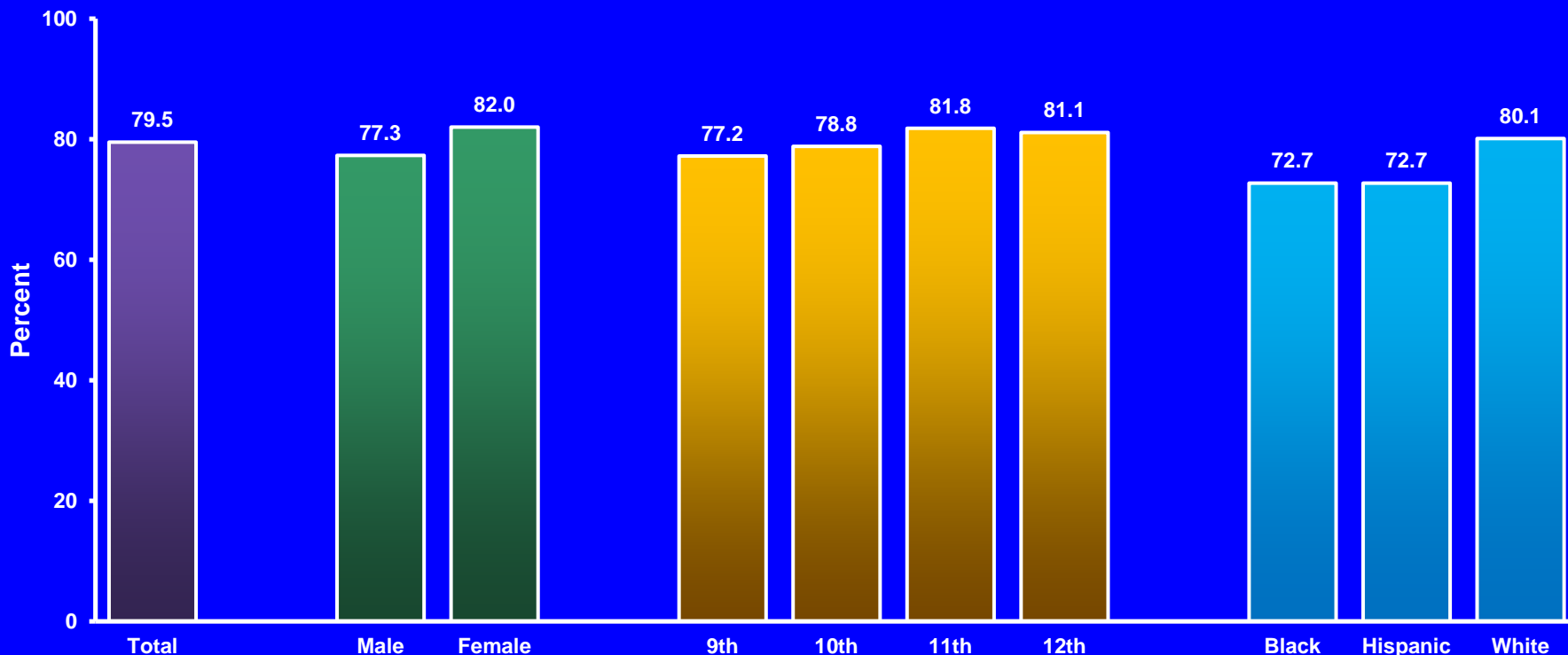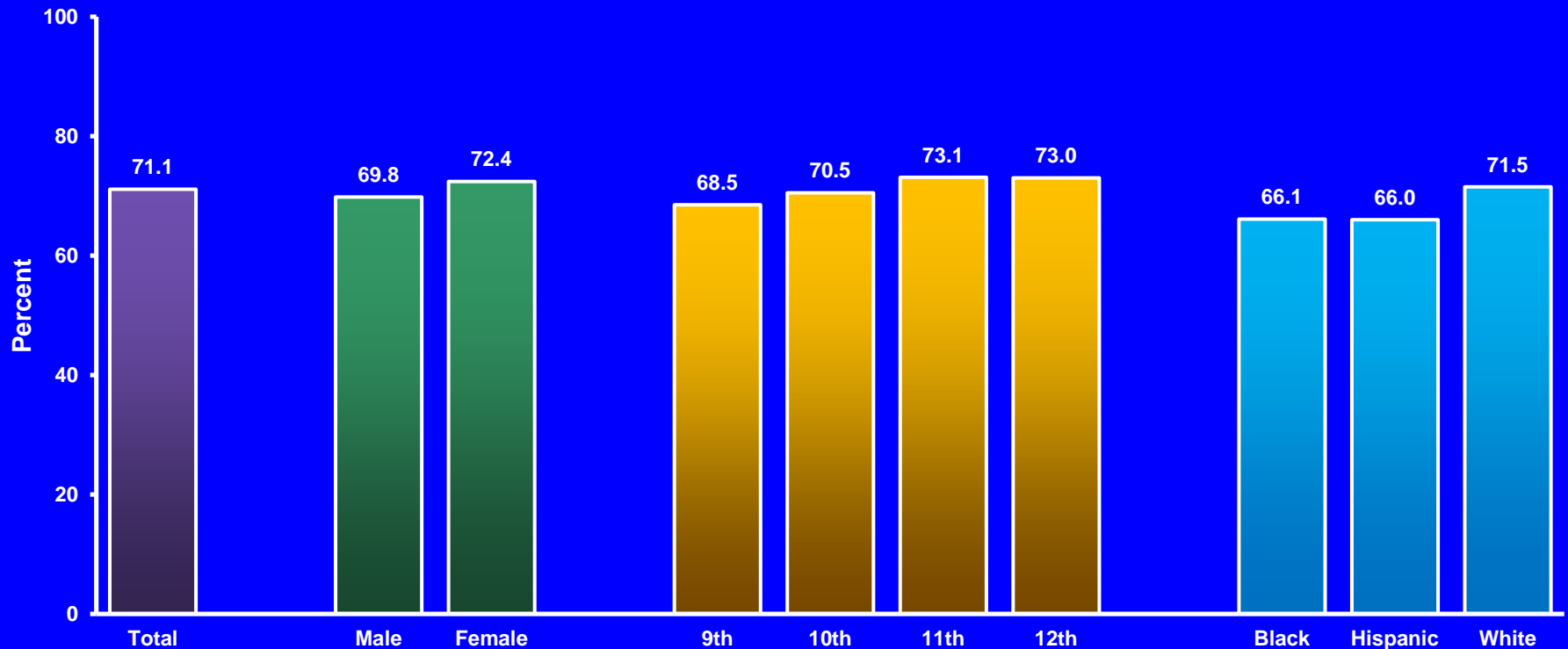
*During the 7 days before the survey
†F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; W > B, W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNWATER1

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Two or More Glasses Per Day of Water,* by Sex,† Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity,† 2017
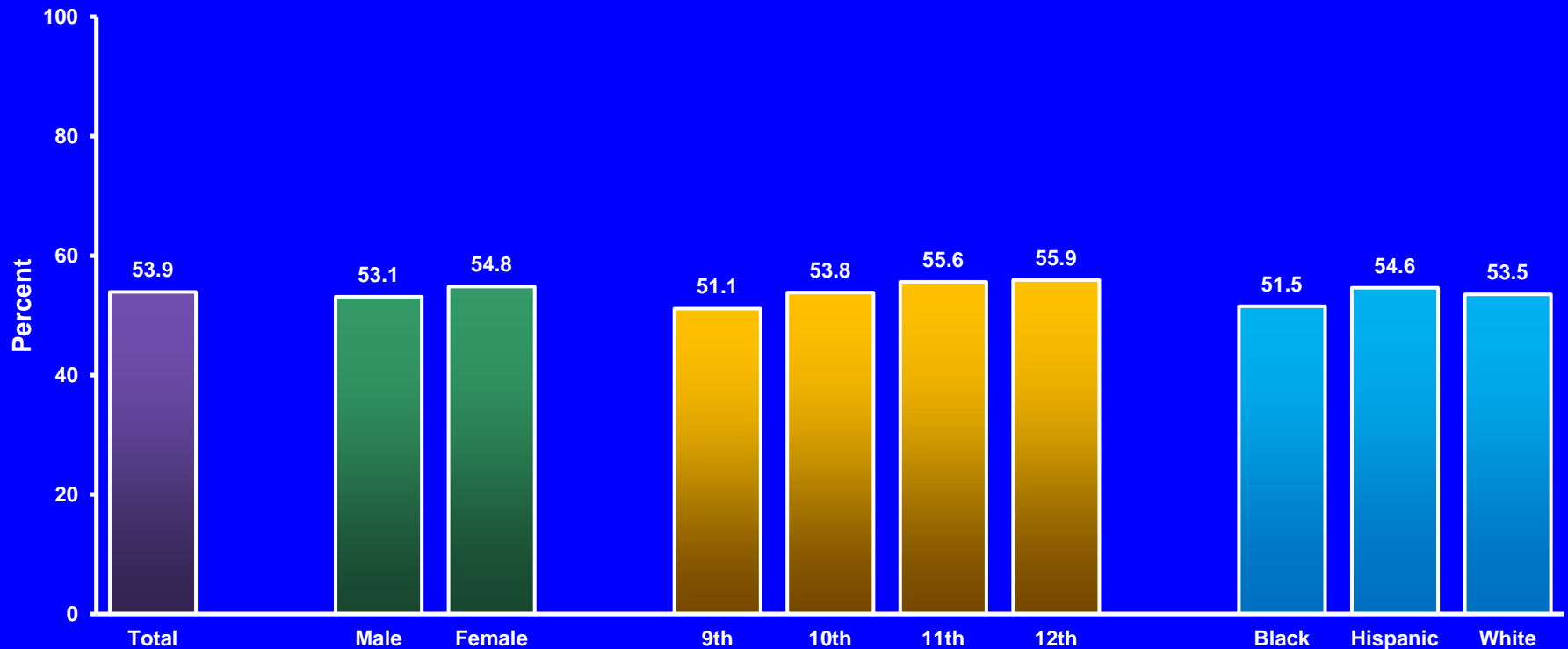
*During the 7 days before the survey
†F > M; 11th > 9th, 12th > 9th; W > H (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNWATER2

Percentage of High School Students Who Drank Three or More Glasses Per Day of Water,* by Sex, Grade,† and Race/Ethnicity, 2017

*During the 7 days before the survey
†11th > 9th, 12th > 9th (Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.)
All Hispanic students are included in the Hispanic category. All other races are non-Hispanic.
Note: This graph contains weighted results.

New Hampshire - YRBS, 2017 - QNWATER3